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The Bee.

Pinkertonism is Doomed to Go.

Startling stories told by the men Who were induced to leave their homes under false pretenses, And then told to shoot down their fellow workingmen.
Latest news from the Battle of Fort Carnegie.

VOL XVII. NO. 64. TOLEDO, OHIO, THURSDAY JULY 7, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

THE BEE TO-DAY

U. S. Department of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Toledo, O., July 7, 1892.

The area of high pressure still covers the entire eastern half of the country and has increased in magnitude. It has and will continue to cause fair weather over the eastern portion of the country except over the southern states where local thunder storms have been reported and will occur to-day.

The depression is central over Manitoba extending in a narrow trough as far south as Nebraska, and has caused light local showers over Montana and North Dakota, and over the country north of the United States.

There is an area of high pressure advancing from the north Pacific coast, which will probably force this "low" to the northeastward, and cause it to move north of the lakes.

The temperature has risen or remained stationary in all districts except over the extreme northwest, where it has fallen from 5 to 10 degrees. Generally fair weather prevails over the entire country, and will continue so over the east and will be the same almost over the entire west with the exception of the country around the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys.

Forecast for Toledo and vicinity—On Thursday, fair, warmer. On Friday, fair, continued warm.

E. A. HANNER, Observer.

Forecast for Ohio—Fair; easterly, shifting to southerly winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair; winds shifting to southerly; cooler in northwestern Illinois.

Lower Michigan—Fair; southwestrely winds; slightly cooler in western portion.

Upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair; southwesterly winds; cooler.

LOCAL.

The M. H. P. A. banquet.
Personal and social mention.
Police commissioners' meeting.
Sixteenth regiment camp orders.
Western base ball league gossip.
Russian phenomena brought to light.
The councilmen's business session.
C. A. King & Co.'s crop summary.
Toledo Grand Army visitors to Washington encampment.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture at lowest prices; Wooden and Willow Ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, Etc., Etc.

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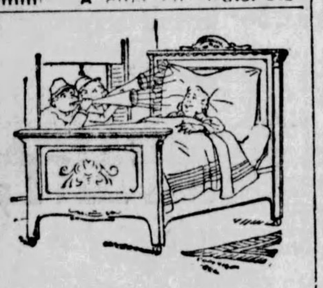

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BABY CABS, ETC.,
...Of the old Reliable Dealers...

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Their prices are always the lowest and their terms the most liberal.
318 Monroe Street.

THE CARNAGE OF CARNEGIE.

There Were Twenty Human Lives Taken at Homestead.

Many Honorable Men Were Lured by False Pretenses

Into a Protective Trap That Did Not Protect.

The Workingmen at the Great Carnegie Steel Mills

Are Fighting for Their Wives and Their Children,

And Would Rather Die Than Give Up the Battle at This Stage.

Latest Reports from the Scene of Battle—Workmen Capture the Pinkerton Guns—More Pinkertons on the Road—Cool Headed Gov. Pattison.

Homestead, Pa., July 7.—9 a. m.—Homestead at this hour is one of the quietest places in the United States.

The locked-out men, many of whom had not closed their eyes in sleep for 48 hours, retired early last night and few of them have put in an appearance this morning. Fearing that perhaps another effort would be made to land workmen and deputies at the works last night the workmen detailed a strong armed squad to guard every approach to the immense plant.

None of the leaders have put in an appearance this morning and just what action they have decided on cannot, at this hour, be ascertained.

The complete routing of the Pinkertons yesterday evening puts the men in high spirits and the more radical boldly declare that should another attempt be made by the company to obtain possession of its property, the enemy will receive even worse treatment than that given the detectives brought here on the barges.

Mr. O'Donnell and other conservative leaders denounce the action of the mob after the surrender of the deputies as having been brutal and cowardly.

To the credit of the great majority of the men who are locked out it can be said that they had no hand in the assault upon the defenseless men.

They did all in their power to protect the men who had thrown themselves upon their mercy. But they were powerless to control the angry mob of foreigners, especially the female portion of it.

Had it not been for the wild demonstrations indulged in by the women, who called upon their husbands and sons to avenge the killing of the workmen who were shot by the Pinkertons, it is probable that the latter would not have been so roughly handled.

When the second squad of deputies, many of them weak from loss of blood, neared the entrance to the rink, the angry crowd, urged on by women of foreign birth, closed in.

One man, evidently a Pole, grasped one of the prisoners by the throat and struck him a terrible blow in the face with his fist, while a stout-built woman began belaboring the unfortunate wretch with a club.

One of the guards succeeded in raising his gun to his shoulder and with a look indicating that he meant business, shouted "stand back and let these men pass by, or by —— I'll shoot the next man or woman that raises a hand against them. We have promised to protect them and will do it even if we have to use our guns."

This declaration was greeted by a howl of derision and cries of "kill the murderers."

Instantly half a dozen guns were brought to bear upon the mob and had not the ringleaders fallen back, the men who had pledged themselves to protect the vanquished enemies from violence would have done so at the cost of human life.

The situation was becoming very serious when Burgess McGluckie appeared in the doorway of the rink. After commanding the crowd to fall back he said: "Fellow citizens: I call on you, and each one of you to act in an orderly manner. We will not permit any further unlawful demonstrations. All the men will be locked up and not one of them will be allowed to escape.

Each one of these bums and beats who came here to shoot down honest workingmen will be charged with murder.

"We will see if the poor people have not equal rights with monopolists who employ and send to their place a gang of murderers and cut-throats.

"As well may be imagined this address was greeted with cheers. But it had the desired effect and it became orderly.

You're through with Catarrh, finally and completely,—or you have $500 in cash. That's what is promised you, no matter how bad your case or of how long standing, by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Catarrh can be cured. Not with the poisonous, irritating snuffs and strong, caustic solutions, that simply palliate for a time, or perhaps, drive the disease to the lungs—but with Dr. Sage's Remedy.

The worst cases yield to its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties. "Cold in the Head," needs but a few applications. Catarrhal Headache, and all the effects of Catarrh in the Head—such as offensive breath, loss or impairment of the senses of taste, smell and hearing, watering or weak eyes—are at once relieved and cured.

In thousands of cases, where everything else has failed, Dr. Sage's Remedy has produced perfect and permanent cures. That gives its proprietors faith to make the offer. It's $500, or a cure. They mean to pay you, if they can't cure you.

JOHN F. BARBER,
DENTIST,
315 Superior Street.
Phone 804.

Going Away for the Summer?

Better take one of our Writing Paper Cabinets with you.

87 Sheets of Paper, 50 Envelopes, 50c.

Real Irish Linen or High Plate Finish Papers, put up in a neat, compact box.

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To see you in our

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Will let you know about the New Goods and Prices later on.

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WE!!!
SHOUT!!!

The praise of honest work and pure goods in all branches of our calling, in house painting, wall paper and frescoing.

ALLEN & PARKHURST.

MICHAEL HICKEY.

He Says the Men Will Die Before They Will Submit.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 7.—Michael Hickey, president of the western branch of the Amalgamated association, who has recently returned from Pittsburg, was seen regarding the Homestead troubles. He talked earnestly but quietly, evidently weighing his words carefully. "That there would be trouble at Homestead we feared for some time," he said. "In this very room in May was sketched for me a picture of the scenes that are now occurring. There was no necessity for them. It is all due to Frick, who took Abbott's place as chairman a year ago. He is a hard, cruel man who cares for no one. When the conference waited on him he asked them what they wanted.

"When told that they had come to discuss the scale he said there was nothing to discuss. The scale presented by the company could be adopted or the men could quit work. Of course there was nothing more for the committee to do and they left. The men will die in their tracks before they will submit either to work for the Carnegie scale or to allow non-union men to come in.

"I know many of them personally and I know they will die rather than submit. "There was no necessity for sending those Pinkerton men there," continued Mr. Hickey, with the only heat he showed during the interview. "They have always shown themselves to be murderers and they cannot be trusted. There was no necessity for any one coming in."

"What will they do if the militia is called in?"

"They will be shot down. They will never yield, I thoroughly believe."

"What will be the effect of the Homestead trouble on the general situation?"

"It will have little if any. I know all the members of the conference committee. They are cool, collected men and will not be carried away. I believe the scale will be signed within a very short time by all the manufacturers but the Carnegies."

MORE PINKERTONS.

One Hundred and Fifty Men to Go from Chicago.

Chicago, July 7.—To-morrow the contingent of Pinkerton men at Homestead will be reinforced to the number of 150 members of the Chicago force. The detail from this city will leave for the east this afternoon at 3 o'clock under the command of Charles Nordrum, late chief of the world's fair police.

The utmost secrecy is preserved both by authorities and men of the Pinkerton force, and Wm. Pinkerton last night refused to answer any questions. Nevertheless it is an assured fact that the men are going, and last night numbers of them were imbibing courage and boasting of their achievements to come in down-town saloons.

The fact that Charles Nordrum, the discredited police officer and the chief bully in many an outrage, is the leaders of the Chicago Pinkerton emphasizes the type of men who are employed to carry out Mr. Carnegie's ukase on his former employes.

Failing all other employment, he has found a position to his taste as a lieutenant in the Pinkerton force. Leading a body of armed men to an attack upon a labor union he will prove himself of inestimable value.

KANSAS DEMOCRATS.

They Send Their Sympathy and Denounce Pinkertonism.

Topeka, Ks., July 7.—The democratic state convention unanimously adopted a resolution denouncing the employment of Pinkerton detectives by capitalists as a heinous crime for the purpose of destroying organized labor, and expressing sympathy with the widows and orphans of the laborers who fell at Homestead.

RETURN OF THE DETECTIVES.

They Were a Very Badly Used Up Set of Men.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 7.—The train bearing the wounded Pinkerton men arrived at the Union Station at 2:40 this morning. A large crowd had assembled, and it was rumored that all the detectives were to arrive. The injured men were: Thos. Connors, New York struck by dynamite bomb in the back and right arm crushed; will die. John McGowen, of Philadelphia, bullet in calf of left leg; Thos. O'Reilly, New York, bullet in back, seriously injured; Chas. Northtop, Chicago, badly bruised about body by the crowd; Joan Speer, Chicago, bullet in leg; Chas. Crittelen, New York, bullet in hand, one in heel, and another in head, none serious; he was able to walk to the hospital; John Carlin, rib broken by falling timbers. The wounded were all removed to the West Penn hospital.

PLEADING FOR PEACE.

Amalgamated Officers Argue With the Mill Men.

Homestead, Pa., July 7.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon a meeting at which were 1,000 men, many of whom carried muskets, was held. The national officers of the Amalgamated association made a passionate appeal to the men, while the cannons roared outside. The big form of President Weyhe loomed up and heavy as his voice was, he was almost unable to be heard. He pleaded with the men to withdraw, and assured them that the barges containing the deputies would be immediately removed.

Assistant President Garland then took a position on the top of a furnace, and at the top of his voice said: "Men, for God's sake and your families' sake, and for your own sake, listen to the pleadings of cool-headed men. We have positive assurance that these deputies will be sent away, and all we want is the statement that you will not do any more firing."

P. H. McEvoy, vice-president of the Mahoning and Shenango valley district, said: "There has been an awful slaughter of human life here to-day, and by all means further sacrifice should be avoided. I am a stranger in the town, but from to-day's action I know full well that if you continue doing as you are the state militia will be ordered out before dark and you will be defeated. In case the militia comes you will lose ten men in every instance where you have so far lost but one. You have gained just achievements over Frick, and now aren't you willing to allow these boats to return?"

"Yes, we will if they show the white flag," was the reply of the excited men. At this juncture President Weyhe again attempted to address the crowd, but instantly there was a loud report and with one shout the men rushed to the scene. It was useless to continue the meeting and it was adjourned.

AN OLD PINKERTON

Who Says the Strikers are Justified in Their Action.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 7.—The Ledger publishes an interview with a man who it says was formerly in the service of the Pinkertons, who has had charge of men at all the great strikes at which Pinkerton detectives have seen service, and who knows the "ins" and "outs" of the trouble now going on.

'In my opinion," he said, "the only way out of this trouble now, except the Homestead proprietors sign the Amalgamated scale, is to board up the works and stop everything. I have been there before, and I know what I am talking about when I say that the strikers are determined to leave nothing undone to secure a victory—that is, over Andrew Carnegie and his partners; and, if I may add my own opinion, the strikers' cause is a just one.

"The members of the Amalgamated association are an intelligent body of men, and they are splendidly organized. I do not believe any talk of dissensions among them, and in the struggle they will stand shoulder to shoulder.

"They have their homes and families and their bread and butter to fight for, and it is a desperate case. I am still loyal to the Pinkertons; but my conviction is that, no matter how large the force of Pinkertons they bring against the strikers, or how large a body of deputy sheriffs, they will only be a marker for them, and besides that, the strikers are in possession of every vantage point, and the sympathy of the entire country around them is with them.

"Thousands of iron workmen will support them, and there is no telling where it will end if something is not done before the strikers become thoroughly desperate. These men have never known their strength before as they do now.

"They are going to fight the Pinkerton forces with the same tactics that the Pinkertons have heretofore used against them. There are men now in the Amalgamated association who know every move the opposing forces can make, and they have organized the strikers so that their positions are practically impregnable. The Carnegie people are not now dealing with an ignorant mob of Huns and Poles, but with hundreds of intelligent workmen who are American citizens."

CAPTURED THEIR GUNS.

Strikers Now in Control of the Pinkerton Rifles.

Pittsburg, July 7.—Just how the strikers were so well armed in so short a time was a puzzle. One of the men last evening said that there were scattered around among the mill workers about 180 fine Winchester rifles as relics of the strike in 1889, and at the first shot being fired a rush was made for these. At the same time messengers were dispatched to Braddock, returning with 250 guns.

The Hibernian Rifles, he said, also contributed quite a number of rifles.

The cannon was one of the two owned by the local Grand Army post. This was the one on the north side of the river. The one stationed on the Homestead side burst with the first discharge, though but one was injured. For fear the Homestead merchants' stock should not suffice the strikers sent men to Pittsburg for ammunition, and by 11 o'clock the Homestead men were abundantly supplied.

When the Pinkertons surrendered 272 Winchesters were surrendered also. Last night there were no fewer than 900 repeating rifles in the hands of the Homestead people, together with a large supply of ammunition.

The majority of the spoils from the Pinkerton armory were of the 44 caliber, but many 52 caliber guns were also found.

THE CASUALTIES.

Nine Pinkertons and Eleven Workmen Shot Dead.

Pittsburg, July 7.—A complete list of the killed and wounded is not obtainable. As far as could be ascertained 11 workmen and 9 detectives were killed, and 18 workmen and 21 detectives injured in the battle. In addition to this at least 100 detectives were seriously injured by the strikers on their way to the jail last evening.

The Killed.

The list of killed as near as can be ascertained is as follows:

Martin Foy, John Morris, Jules Markowsky, Henry Streigel, Peter Heise, David Davis, Robert Foster, Wm. Johnston, J. H. Klein, Joseph Suffer, two unknown Hungarians. Nine Pinkerton detectives. Their names have not been learned, as most of them were known by numbers.

The Wounded.

David Lester, shot in the head and ankle sprained, not serious.

Fred H. Hind, chief of detectives, shot in the leg.

J. G. Hoffman, detective, shot in the knee.

George W. Rutter, Homestead steel worker, shot in the hip and dangerously wounded.

Lawrence Laughlin, steel worker, thigh broken.

An unknown Pole, shot in the knee, unconscious.

John McCurry, watchman on the Little Bill, shot in the groin; dangerous.

Andrew Sutler, Capt. Haney, Joseph Zsido, W. Wallace, Michael Murray, John Kane, Harry Hughes, an unknown man, Miles Laughlin, seriously injured.

John Cain, shot through the leg. Andrew Scuyler, shot through knee cap.

The imprisoned Pinkertons say that seven of their men were killed outright and 11 wounded. They believe several dead men were thrown off the Little Bill into the river. The number of Pinkertons now in lock-up is 234.

The homes of the detectives are: Chicago, 120; New York, 75; Philadelphia, 25; remainder, neighborhood of Brooklyn.

GOVERNOR PATTISON.

He Thinks the Crisis Has Been Passed—No Troops.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 7.—Gov. Pattison expressed the opinion last night that the crisis had been passed and that the trouble at Homestead would be adjusted much earlier than if the militia had been ordered out.

He apprehended no destruction of property at Homestead, as many of the workmen owned their homes and would do nothing to endanger them.

The governor did not say that he agreed with the sentiment of one of the men who telegraphed him that the Pinkerton men precipitated the conflict yesterday, but he appeared to be of the opinion that the employment of armed men, with no particular responsibility, was a grievous mistake.

Legislation, he thought, would be enacted to do away with the practice.

It is reported that General Wylie will be in Pittsburg to-day as the representative of the governor.

GEN. WEAVER.

The People's Party Candidate Talks on the Riots.

Des Moines, Ia., July 7.—General Weaver, the nominee of the people's party for president, said yesterday regarding the Homestead troubles:

"I regard the situation throughout the country as very grave, and I have believed for some time that we are nearing a serious crisis.

"If the present strained relations between the corporations and their employes, between wealth owners and wealth producers, continue much longer they will ripen into frightful disaster.

"The Pinkertons are an armed body of cruel mercenaries and a menace to the peace of society and the lives of the people.

"At their bidding bloodshed follows close upon the heels of corporate tyranny. They must be suppressed, and the terrible economic conditions which have spawned this cruel army of thugs upon the country must be changed at once, or the republic must give way to corporate despotism.

A CARNEGIE STORY.

Nephew T. M. Thinks His Uncle Will Win the Fight.

Chicago, July 7.—T. M. Carnegie, a nephew of Andrew Carnegie, has been in Chicago for the last few days, as he is one of the members of the Pittsburg Cricket association eleven which played the Chicago eleven Monday and Tuesday last.

In speaking about the trouble at his uncle's plant at Homestead, Pa., he said that as far as he understood the trouble he was convinced that his uncle and the steel works company would stand by their original statement.

In his opinion the lockout would terminate in the company's favor, as he maintained that violence on the part of the employes would only result in their ultimate defeat. Referring to the hiring of the Pinkerton men by the company, he said it had only been done as a protective and not as an aggressive measure.

VIEWING THE DEAD.

Captain Kline Was Shot in the Top of the Head.

Pittsburg, July 7.—Several hundred people visited the morgue last evening to view the remains of Capt. J. W. Kline, the Pinkerton guard, the first man shot on the barges. The hole in Kline's head was almost in the center of the top of the skull, and the person who fired the shot must have stood almost directly over him. This is the guard who was shot from the water tower. Kline died in the Homeopathic hospital yesterday afternoon. A telegram was received from Superintendent Pinkerton at Chicago, ordering that the body be coffined. He will give final directions to-day for the disposition of the remains.

PINKERTON TALKS.

He Claims He Is Unfairly Treated by the Press.

Chicago, July 7.—Wm. Pinkerton, manager of the Chicago branch of the Pinkerton detective agency, said regarding the Homestead riots: "Ours is always the unpopular side and because we are so unfairly treated by the press I have resolved to say absolutely nothing, to answer no questions whatsoever, and to let the papers print anything they please."

Mr. Pinkerton was asked as to the truth of the report that a call had been issued for 500 additional men and that he was recruiting to fill the order.

"You can say that there is no truth in it. We are not recruiting men and don't expect to. We have enough in service to answer the calls and are not contemplating such a move. Another thing the newspapers have wrong, none of our men were killed. My dispatches are exhaustive. Only five of our men were injured, some shot in the leg, thigh, arm, etc., but not one was seriously injured. Capt. Hind, who has command of the men, was shot in the leg. The injured, whom we will take care of, are now in the Presbyterian hospital in Pittsburg."

"Will you give their names?"

"No, sir. It is a matter of little concern to the public and would only alarm the friends of the wounded men. Several are western men. Let me say that these men were engaged by Carnegie as private night watchmen to protect the company's property from fire and depredation. At the time they were attacked our men were unarmed. They had no way of defending themselves. Had they been armed I think they would have resented the attack. There is a strong probability that if the men attack again they will find our fellows well armed. We held off until the last moment on this business, but our company having done Carnegie's work for years, they insisted that we supply the watchmen.

THE LITTLE BILL.

One of the Crew Tell of the Terrible Fight.

Pittsburg, July 7.—The steamboat Little Bill came down from Homestead. As she steamed into the landing with a new American flag floating from the flag staff, she showed the effects of the fusilade of bullets that she had gone through. Many panes of glass in the pilot house and elsewhere were shattered and the woodwork was perforated in dozens of places. Most of the bullet holes looked as large as one from a 38-calibre revolver. Some went half through the boat. On board was John T. McCurry, who was shot in the groin. A reporter interviewed the wounded man as he lay on a couch on the lower deck. Mr. McCurry said:

"I was down at the foot of Beaver avenue, Allegheny yesterday, when Capt. Rodgers employed me to go up the river on his boat, the Little Bill. Our boat had in tow one barge of Pinkerton men and the Tide had another. While going up the Tide was disabled, and we took our barge in front of Husted, and then went back for the Tide's. We made a landing at the Homestead mills about 5 o'clock in the morning. The shore was crowded with the locked out men and their sympathizers. The armed Pinkerton men commenced to climb up the bank. Then the workmen opened fire on the detectives.

"The men shot first, and not until three of the Pinkerton men had fallen did they respond to the fire. Now, I have my God to meet, and if I am to die now, I am willing to take oath that the men fired first and that the Pinkerton men did not shoot until some of their men had been wounded. The workmen were so strong in numbers that it was useless for the 350 or 400 Pinkerton men to oppose them further, so they returned to the barges, carrying their dead and wounded. One Pinkerton man was shot through the head and instantly killed and five were wounded. We backed out into the river, anchored the barges and then took the dead and wounded men up to Port Perry, from where they were sent on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad to Pittsburg. We then went down to Homestead again. We were going along peaceably and expecting no trouble. When we reached the mille the strikers opened fire on the Little Bill from both sides. Then I was hit. The bullets broke the glass and splintered the woodwork. Capt. Alexander McMichaels was at the wheel. The bullets crashed through the glass pilot house, and to save his life he had to rush below. Capt. Rogers was on board and he displayed great bravery. When the firing commenced we all lay down on the floor to escape the bullets, but I was not quick enough to was wounded. There was a cessation in the firing and the pilot secured control of the boat before it ran into the bank, which it came near doing.

There was no one on board at the time we were fired on but the crew, Capt. Rogers and one Pinkerton man, J. H. Robinson, of Chicago. When we approached Homestead from Port Perry we could see the attempts to set fire to the barges. The strikers had a carload of what appeared to be oil, and they were pouring it upon the water and igniting it. The barges at this time were out in the middle of the river.

McCurry was taken to the Allegheny general hospital, where he is reported resting easily.

SECRETARY LOVEJOY,

A Member of the Steel Firm, Interviewed.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 7.—Mr. Lovejoy, secretary of the Carnegie Steel Co., when informed of the surrender of the Pinkerton forces, said:

"Well, I am glad there were no more lives lost. Since early yesterday morning we have been more anxious about the loss of life than the loss of property. I am not very much surprised that the detectives gave up. They were hemmed in, and there seemed no way to aid them. We greatly regret the loss of life, and are glad it is not worse. The men were better protected in the barges than people generally imagined, and could have stood a long siege in the barges, except from the danger of fire. The barges were lined with sheet iron and could not be penetrated by bullets."

When asked what the company was going to do, he said: "Nothing. The question is now one for the sheriff to settle, and we look to him to do his duty."

One of the noticeable features of the trouble so far has been that not a dollar's worth of the company's property has been destroyed by the strikers, and no attempt has been made to do so.

PRESIDENT HARRISON.

He Hears the News of the Terrible Carnage.

Coeymans, N. Y., July 7.—When the train bearing President Harrison and party, en route for the Adirondacks, stopped at Kingston last night, a telegram was sent to the manager of the United Press at New York, requesting that a summary of the situation at Homestead be telegraphed to the president, who was anxious to know the result of the day's conflict. The request was complied with and when the train arrived here a dispatch giving the latest news was handed the president, who read it with much apparent interest, and expressed his thanks for the information.

DRIVEN TO SUICIDE.

Pinkerton Men Took Their Own Lives When Faced by the Men They Were Wronging.

Pittsburg, July 7.—On the authority of two surviving Pinkerton men, it is said that anywhere from four to twelve Pinkerton men committed suicide yesterday during the siege at Homestead.

THEY EXPECTED IT.

Carnegie Protected Himself in His Government Contracts.

Washington, July 7.—The labor troubles at Homestead will make no difference to the firm of Carnegie, Phipps and Co., so far as its contracts with the government are concerned.

One of the provisions in the contracts exempts the contractors from the payment of time or delay penalties in cases where the delay is caused by a strike or by any co-circumstances beyond the control of the contractors.

The navy officials say the strike will not throw the work very far behind, as quantities of armor are at hand which will not be placed on the ships for which it was intended for some time to come.

ABOUT THE DETECTIVES.

They Were Misled and Had No Idea of the Work They Were to Do.

Pittsburg, July 7.—Among those rescued from the barges was a tall, smooth-faced young man named Atkinson, who gave this account of his experience as a Pinkerton detective:

"My home is in New York city. I am a member of one of the leading military companies there.

"Being out of work I answered an advertisement for watchmen.

"I accepted the place.

"When I got to the train I found nearly a hundred men who had also been engaged as watchmen. We were told that we were to go to a little country town but nothing was said of a strike. We were led to believe that we were to have an easy time of it. None of us knew where we were going.

"We were taken to Buffalo, Rochester, Erie, Youngstown, O., and finally put off the train at Pittsburg, but we had no idea where we were. We were marched to the barges which soon started up the river, towed by two steamers. We had not proceeded far when the boats came to a stop and we heard firing.

"Then it was that we were handed guns and told that we must fight for our lives.

"This was the first intimation that we had of the character of the work for which we had been engaged. Many of the men refused to obey the orders to use the guns. Not a few made a rush for the steamers, but found that they had cut loose and that there was no possible escape from the trap.

All night we were in a state of terror, and when daylight came we saw the armed and determined men on the river banks and heard the roar of the cannon and saw men bleeding and dying all around us our feelings can be better imagined than described.

"There were about fifty trained Pinkerton men on the barges who seemed to be doing all the firing.

"With blanched faces, strong men pleaded with those in command to run up a flag of truce, but they would not listen to it. When it was found that the fight was to continue many of those on board threw down their arms and hid beneath cots, mattresses, etc.

"By lying on our stomachs we could see everything that was taking place on shore.

"When we saw that preparations were being made to burn the barges by throwing oil upon them not one of us expected to get away alive. Even those in command grew nervous, but still they would not give up. It was then that I made preparations to kill myself. I loaded my revolver and made up my mind to blow out my brains should the boat be set on fire.

"I am just as positive that not less than a dozen of our men committed suicide during the day as I am that I am standing here. I saw four jump into the river and sink and I have been told that several others made way with themselves in the same way. They went over the side of the boat furthest from the the shore and could not be seen by the men in the mill yard.

"The pleadings of some of the older men who said they had families was enough to move the hardest heart, but it was not until those in command saw that to remain on the boats until after nightfall meant sure death that they were ready to surrender.

"As a member of a military company I have seen sham battles and have had some pretty rough experiences, but that was all feather bed soldiery compared with what I have gone through during the past day and night. I will never again accept a soft snap as watchman unless I know exactly what I am going to do."

MUST BE PUT DOWN.

Pinkerton Detectives Should Never be Tolerated.

St. Louis, Mo., July 7.—In an editorial on the Homestead affair, the Republic this morning says:

"It is not necessary to defend the locked out workingmen in their acts of violence. They have become particeps criminis in a breach of the peace, but they are not responsible for yesterday's tragedy at the Carnegie iron works. They simply fought plutocracy with its own weapons and until Pinkerton is put down by the law the hirelings of the plutocrats must be taught by such lessons as that at Homestead, that if they appeal to Winchesters they shall perish by Winchesters."

CORROBORATIVE.

More Evidence That the Men Were Tricked Into Their Position.

Pittsburg, July 7.—With his head bandaged and one arm in a sling, Joseph Glazier, a man weighing over two hundred pounds, was the picture of misery. At the police station he said: "I got all my injuries on the way from the boat to the rink, but I am not complaining. I should have had my head knocked off for coming here. My home is in Jersey City. I have a family. Recently I lost my position.

"A friend told me he could get me a place as a private detective in a little town near Pittsburg, at a salary of $15 a week and board.

"I went home and told my wife. With tears in her eyes she begged me not to accept the place. She said something told her the employment offered was not honorable, as people were not paying private watchmen such large salaries.

"But I did not listen to her.

"After being hauled all over New York and Ohio I reached Pittsburg with a num-

Continued on Third Page.

READY TO SHUFFLE OFF

Western League Base Ball in a Shakey Condition.

Minneapolis and Milwaukee Have Disbanded.

Fort Wayne is Walking Around to Save Funeral Expenses—General Sporting News.

The Western league is just about ready to pack up its bats and leave the diamond.

This action is no surprise to those people who have watched the ball games this season.

The attendance has not been large enough to warrant the maintaining of a ball club in any city in the Western league. When a great big city like St. Paul will turn out 700 people to a Sunday ball game it is evidence that interest in the sport is waning.

This morning it is announced that both Milwaukee and Minneapolis have disbanded.

Ft. Wayne has long been on the ragged edge and other clubs are ready to quit, so it will not be surprising if the Western league's career comes to a close in a very few hours.

The Ohio *State* Journal, the official organ of the *league*, has this to say today:

"It looks as if the Western league was crippled, and that unless something is done at once to heal it up there will be one more base ball organization added to the list of failures.

Dispatches from Minneapolis state that the club there has disbanded. Another telegram received from Larry Twitchell, captain of the Milwaukee club, announces the breaking up of that team, and the well known precarious financial condition of the Fort Wayne club furnishes the foundation for the statement that at least three of the eight clubs are played out, and unless their places are promptly filled the Western league is gone. With the Milwaukee and Minneapolis clubs out of business and probably Ft. Wayne, there is no hope for the continuation of the league, as these nines were supposed to be, with the Kansas City and Columbus teams, the backbone of the league. President Williams has received no word last night from either of the clubs as to their action, but was not surprised to learn of it on account of the small crowds they have been drawing.

"He says that the Minneapolis and Milwaukee clubs were those who promised the most at the beginning of the season, and fort hat reason it looked discouraging to the continuation of the league. If these clubs have really gone up Mr. Williams thinks it is all over and the season will soon be closed so far as the Western league is concerned. The Columbus club is scheduled to play Minneapolis on Tuesday and Wednesday next, but as this club no longer exists their next place is Fort Wayne, whose team will probably be disbanded before then. Such a state of affairs makes it possible that the Columbus club will return home after their dates at Omaha are finished, and then there will be a climax of some sort. Lack of patronage is the cause of the ending of the organization which started off so promising last spring. Good ball was to be seen, but the national game seems to have lost its attraction everywhere.

"The press dispatch from Milwaukee, which states that the umpire and manager were drawn upon to fill the team, indicates that that team will drop out of the procession immediately, though an effort is on foot to have it transferred to Joliet, Ill.

When Mr. J. W. Gunnels, manager of the Toledo Base Ball club, was asked this morning what effect the dropping out of the Milwaukee and Minneapolis clubs would have on the league, he said he knew nothing about the matter more than he had read in the papers.

Whether or not base ball will continue in Toledo the remainder of this season, it is very evident that Mr. Gunnels will have base ball, and probably Sunday ball, in the city next year, as he has secured Byron Ritchie to appear before the council and ask for the repeal of the Sunday base ball ordinance.

—::—::—

Kansas City, July 7.—The Blues could not hit Dewald safely, and for that reason lost the game to Toledo. Weather pleasant. Attendance 500.

Kansas City.

	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Manning, 2b	1	1	1	3	0
Sunday, lf	0	0	1	0	0
McMahon, c	0	0	6	1	0
Carney, 1b	0	0	8	0	1
Mayer, ss	0	2	2	1	1
Costello, cf	0	0	2	0	0
Alberts, 3b	0	0	2	1	1
Andrus, rf	1	1	1	0	0
Hughey, p	0	0	1	0	0
Total	2	4	24	6	3

Toledo.

	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Ely, ss	1	2	4	5	0
Nicholson, 2b	0	1	5	3	1
Darling, 1b	0	0	13	0	1
Gettinger, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Newell, cf	1	2	0	0	0
Newell, 3b	0	0	0	3	0
Armour, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Hurley, c	0	0	4	0	0
Dewald, p	2	1	0	2	0
Total	4	7	27	13	2

Kansas City.....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—2
Toledo .....0 1 0 0 2 0 1 0 *—4

Earned runs—Toledo 2. Two-base hit—Ely. Stolen bases—Manning, Mayer, Andrus, Nichol, Hurley. Double plays—Nicholson to Ely; Nicholson to Dewald to Hurley; Nicholson to Ely to Darling; Nicholson to Newell to Ely; Carney, unassisted. First base on balls—Off Hughey 1, off Dewald 4. Struck out—By Hughey 6, by Dewald 1. Time—1:45. Umpire—Dwyer.

—::—::—

Clubs.	Pitchers.	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	Chamberlain	4	10	2
Philadelphia	Esper	11	12	1
Chicago	Hutchinson	2	6	5
Brooklyn	Stein	5	6	2
Louisville	Healy	4	4	6
New York	Rusie	5	10	9
Cleveland	Davis	3	9	3
Baltimore	McMahon	2	5	4
Pittsburg	Baldwin	8	8	2
Washington	Killen	9	9	3
St. Louis	Getzein	10	13	2
Boston	Stevitts	8	13	5

—::—::—

The Western league standing is as follows:

	W.	L.	P. c.
Columbus	4	1	.800
Minneapolis	3	1	.750
Indianapolis	2	3	.400
Toledo	3	2	.600
Omaha	2	3	.400
Milwaukee	3	2	.600
Fort Wayne	1	3	.250

—::—::—

National league standing is as follows:

	W.	L.	P. c.
Boston	49	20	.710
Brooklyn	45	24	.652
Philadelphia	44	25	.637
Cincinnati	37	29	.560
Cleveland	35	30	.537
Pittsburg	35	36	.492
Washington	33	37	.471
Chicago	28	36	.438
New York	30	38	.441
St. Louis	28	40	.411
Louisville	28	43	.394
Baltimore	17	50	.253

—::—::—

Minneapolis, Minn., July 7.—Graham's two home runs won the game. Attendance 500. Weather warm.

Minneapolis .....2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—5
Indianapolis .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—3

Earned runs—Minneapolis 4, Indianapolis 3. Two-base hits—Kalse. Home runs—Graham 2. Stolen bases—Carroll, Kalse, Dixon. Double plays—Graham to Shinnick to West. First base on balls—By France 3, by Sullivan none. Struck out—By France 4, by Sullivan 6. Wild pitches—France 2. Time—1:35. Umpires—Easton and Quinn.

Omaha, July 7.—Dave Rowe lost the game for Omaha. In the third he tried to throw Merrist out at third and the ball sailed over the left field bleachers, letting two men score; then Dave duplicated his play in the sixth and another score came in.

Omaha .....0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Columbus .....0 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 0 *—4

Earned runs—Omaha 2. Two-base hits—Rowe. Three-base hits—Kelley. Home runs—Gilks. First base on balls—Off Vickery 3, off Stevens 4. Struck out—By Vickery 9, by Stevens 4. Time—1:40. Umpire—Serad.

—::—::—

Milwaukee, Wis., July 7.—With a disorganized team, Manager Barnie himself being forced to play the outfield, and Umpire Charley Snyder going on first, the Ft. Waynes were easy losers yesterday. The locals batted with tremendous energy. Weather fine. Attendance 90. Score:

Milwaukee .....4 2 2 1 0 2 3 2 2—18
Ft. Wayne .....0 0 0 2 4 2 0 0 1—9

Earned runs—Milwaukee 11, Ft. Wayne 4. Two-base hits—Root 2, Twitchell, Ward, Donahue 2. Three-base hits—Ward, Donahue, Motz. Home runs—McGarr, Earl. Stolen bases—Ward, McGarr, Donahue 2. First base on balls—Barnie. Struck out—By Wadsworth 3, by Burrell 1, by Widner 1. Passed balls—Donahue 1, Sutcliffe 1. Wild pitches—Burrell 1, Wadsworth 1. Time—1:50. Umpire—Ferson.

WORSE THAN SNAKES.

Awful Effects of a Liquor Cure Upon a Reformed Lawyer.

"I have just recovered from an attack of mania-a-potu, which I acquired in a perfectly legitimate and eminently respectable manner," said a prominent criminal lawyer of Missouri, whose present address is the Lindell.

"I have never been a hard drinker, but of late years the liquor habit has been encroaching somewhat on my good resolutions, and I concluded to try a popular treatment for alcoholism. The physician whose specialty is exercising the rum demon, must have given me an overdose, and for two days and nights I had as fine a case of 'snakes" as any confirmed inebriate ever wrestled. I imagined that I was Grover Cleveland, and that Col. Thomas P. Ochiltree and a company of rangers were after me with lariats to hang me for branding stray calves. These liquor-habit annihilators may be all right, but hereafter I shall rely upon inherent moral courage unfortified by science."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

KNIGHTS OF THE BRUSH

Did a Little Painting at Hotel Madison

Last Evening and Enjoyed a Banquet That Topped Off a Most Pleasant Two Days' Visit in the Future Great.

The large dining hall at Hotel Madison was filled with banqueters last evening, the event being the closing of the first annual convention of the Master House Painters' Association of Ohio. Shortly before 10 o'clock the orchestra struck up a march and the gentlemen took their places at the table. Tom Parkhurst graced the head of the board and beamed on the visitors in a fatherly and happy manner. He covered himself with glory as toast master by prodding up the most retiring of the members, and with his witticisms provoked everybody to make a speech. No one was spared; everybody had to talk.

Manager Field had prepared a dainty menu, starting in with blue points, baked muscalonge, spring chicken on toast, spring lamb and green peas, shrimp salad and lots of other nice things dished up in Delmonico style and topped off with rushing wine.

Chas. Kyle, of Cleveland, responded to the toast "The Painter." He told a little something about the painter, but devoted most of his remarks to extolling Toledo's hospitality and extending thanks again and again for the delightful reception that had been accorded them.

John Theobald, of Cincinnati, spoke in a happy manner, and John Grace, of the same city, toasted the "Good Things of Life," saying he had seen some of the good things since he had been in Toledo.

Mr. Botefuhr, of Toledo, was assigned the toast, "Pay Day." He thought in his case is should have been entitled "pay out day."

W. J. Albrecht and J. C. Romeis, of Toledo; A. G. Meakin, of Cincinnati; Max Mahn and Louis Fink, of Columbus, spoke briefly. Mr. Romeis' toast was "Why Painters Grow Fat," while that of Mr. Fink was "Columbus' Inferiority to Toledo." Mr. Fink transposed the toast.

Henry Thorspeck, of this city, who was designated as fat and forty by the toast master, spoke in a happy manner.

F. M. Kealy, of Cincinnati, was made to tell how the secretary spends his money. He did so in a satisfactory manner and concluded his remarks by saying: "We can not give too much praise to the Toledo painters for their earnest efforts in the building up of the state association. I am surprised at the grand entertainment that has been provided for us and the hearty reception. We had not expected so much."

C. R. Bendig, representative of the Painters and Decorators of Philadelphia, made a complimentary address. Remarks were also made by Messrs. Studebaker, Corns, Turner, Gossell, Manchester, Whalen, Wallace and others. It was nearly 1 o'clock when the banquet ended. Everybody joined in singing "When Old Acquaintance be Forgot," and the convention came to a close.

Conclusion of Business Proceedings.

As predicted in the Bee yesterday the honor of entertaining the second state convention of Master House Painters was awarded to Springfield, Ohio, and July 18 and 19, 1893, are the dates of meeting.

The following committees were appointed to look into the questions discussed Tuesday afternoon and report at the next state convention: White lead, Wm. Downie and J. Grace; responsibility, Thos. Parkhurst; Dry Paints, J. Albrecht and J. Wildt; Rating, L. N. Weber.

Before adjourning, a vote of thanks was tendered the local association and press for their hospitality and courtesy, and the first state convention of the Master House Painters' and Decorators' Association of Ohio, was then formally adjourned.

Take Hood's and only Hood's, because Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures. It possesses merit peculiar to itself. Try it yourself.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, effective, but do not cause pain or gripe. Be sure to get Hood's.

TOLEDO TO NEW YORK AND RETURN, $14.75,

Less Than One Fare for Round Trip.

Cheap enough. The Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route," will sell these tickets, July 5 to 7, good to return until July 15, with privilege of extension to August 15. By arrangements made with the New York Central, stop-over privileges will be allowed at Niagara Falls and at Albany, (to run over to Saratoga Springs, where the great educational meeting will be held) and at other points, and the option given of all rail or Hudson River Day Line steamers from Albany to New York.

It pays to travel over a first-class line. Do not forget that the utmost comfort, safety and convenience goes with a ticket over the Michigan Central. Its trains pass directly by and in full view of Niagara Falls, down the lovely Mohawk valley and the incomparable Hudson.

Tickets also sold to Saratoga Springs, July 5 to 13, at one fare for the round trip, with addition of $2.00 for membership fee. National Educational association, good to return until July 19, with privilege of extension to September 15. Stop-overs granted at Niagara Falls, Albany and other points. For fuller information apply to Wm. Gates, Ticket Agent, Boody House, or Union depot; and Wm. J. Seinwerth, S. P. Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Until further notice we will sell the stock of boots and shoes formerly owned by Harry M. Chapman at prices way below first cost, having bought it accordingly.

WACHTER & SCHNETZLER.
322 Monroe st., bet. Summit and St. Clair.

Pimples, blotches, sore and their cause are removed by Simmons Liver Regulator.

THE COUNCILMEN

Do Their Monday's Work Last Night.

Pluto Company's Pipe Line Ordinance Taken from the Table—Several Improvements Voted Upon—Miscellaneous Business.

The large amount of business before the board of councilmen last evening made the session a long one, but the proceedings were dry and no discussions of consequence were indulged in. All members were present.

Under the call for new business Mr. Manchester presented a resolution directing the city solicitor to prepare proper legislation to prevent drays from interfering with railway traffic; also a resolution to place policemen at the street railway transfer stations. Both of these were adopted.

The ordinance to open and widen Islington street brought out some talk and the matter only passed one reading, the vote on the suspension of the rules being 9 to 9.

On motion of Mr. Lee the ordinance granting to the Pluto Oil Co. the right to lay a pipe line was taken from the table, and on motion of Mr. Manchester it was made a part of the business of the next meeting.

The resolution to pave Nineteenth street from Monroe to Dorr was referred back to the committee on motion of Mr. Walker.

On motion of Mr. Doner the board reconsidered the vote by which the ordinance to pave Fulton street was lost, and the ordinance was then passed.

Mr. Lee presented a resolution to grade Oak street from St. Clair to Thirteenth. This was referred to the committee.

A communication was read from property owners on Bancroft street stating that they would not pay the assessment for the new sewer until the street is put in better shape. This was referred to the street committee.

The ordinance for a sewer in Page street was passed over the mayor's veto.

From the committees, resolutions were adopted for sewers in Curtis street and alley; Washington street and alley; Sherman street and alley; Hicks street and alley; Oneida street; Fitchland avenue; Michigan street; Champlain street; alley between Havre street and Chapin street; in alley between Baden street and Havre street; in alley between Gand avenue and Fitchland avenue; in alley south of Lafayette street; in alley between Grand avenue and Elwood avenue; in alley north of Forrer street; in Sylvan and Lane avenues; in alley between Ash and Buffalo streets.

Ordinances were passed for the improvement of Division street, Central avenue, East Broadway, Eagle lane, and to establish grade of alley between Summit and St. Clair streets; to establish grade of Michigan street from Bush street to Stickney avenue; to establish grade of Scottwood avenue from Bancroft street to Virginia street.

The resolutions awarding the city printing contracts to the Bee and Blade were referred back to the committee.

The resolution fixing the salary of the gas trustees came up from the board of aldermen, who had refused to concur in the amendment fixing the salary at $500 per year. The councilmen refused to recede from their position, and thus the legislation is killed, and it is a question whether the gas trustees can collect any salary until the council takes some action.

A LUCKY SPREE.

It Resulted in a Fortune, but is an Exception.

Henry Warden was the youngest son of a well-to-do farmer in one of the interior towns of St. Lawrence county and 15 years ago was living at home with his parents.

He who tells this story was at one time a near neighbor, and when, in 1884, my old friend "Hank," as we used to call him, came to see me in my home at Maple City, I was glad to meet him. He had been named after a merchant who was a merchant in Brooklyn and quite wealthy. When the uncle died he left $8,000 to his nephew, and Henry had just received the money when he called on me. He was somewhat excited and said he was going to New York city to speculate in stocks.

I laughed at him and told him he would be stripped of every dollar in a week by the Wall street brokers. But he insisted that he had read up in the business, and knew the ropes as well as any of 'em. He went, and in seven weeks came back with $15,540, bought a nice farm and became a contented granger, and is one yet.

How did he make so much money in so short a time? Well, he went to New York, secured board at a hotel, deposited $400 with the clerk, and invested daily in a financial paper, and studied it industriously. At the end of eight days he made up his mind.

He went down to Wall street, employed a broker, instructed him to buy $7,500 worth of Turkish bonds and put up his margins. Turks were then selling at 27, and the broker and his clerk exchanged satirical grins as Henry left the office. He returned to his hotel and waited for Turkish bonds to rise, but they didn't rise. The next day they were 26 1-2, the next 25 and the third day sold at 24 1-2.

The broker called on him on the fourth day for more margins and he had to fork over. Coming back to his hotel he explained his position to his landlord, in whom he had confidence, and asked him what he had better do. He was told that he had better by all means sell out and save what he could.

"The Turkish bonds will never be paid in this world; they can't even pay the interest," said the landlord.

"Well, I'll sell out then," said Hank, and added, "Let's go and take a drink."

They took a drink, and then took another, and our friend started for the broker's office. He felt rough and wretchedly unhappy, and procured another drink. Then a policeman, who knew where he boarded, took him back to his hotel, and for the next 28 hours Henry Warden didn't know Turkish bonds from United States 7-20s.

At the end of that time he cooled off and going into the reading room he glanced at the stock reports and sprung to his feet in astonishment. The sultan had laid another tax upon his long-suffering people and was going to pay up, and Turkish bonds were at 53 and still rising.

Hank waited four days until they reached 58.45 and then sold out and came home with his money almost doubled. He never has been full since and never intends to be, and never has any desire to speculate in stocks.—Ogdensburg News.

THE DODGE DIDN'T WORK.

A roughly-dressed man with his sleeves rolled up and grime on his face, rushed into the only saloon in a ranch settlement in Texas and excitedly exclaimed, with his eyes fairly starting from his head: "For God's sake, bartender, give me a lot of whisky to drink! I've been bitten by a scorpion." "Gracious! is that so?" said the bartender, sizing him up without any excitement. "Where did it happen?" "I belong to the bridge gang down there, and it crawled out from under a heavy piece of timber. But for heaven's sake hurry up or I'll die." "Yes, the dern things usually stay in such places," said the saloonkeeper sadly, as though he regretted not learning something new. "Where did it bite you?" "On the wrist," exclaimed the man, now nearly in a frenzy. "But I'll die, right before your eyes, if you don't give me that whisky." "Is the sun shining?" calmly queried the saloonkeeper, as he looked out of the door. "Yes, it is. Well, the bite is not nearly so bad when the sun is shining. Don't suppose you have any money?" "Good heavens! would you let a man die of scorpion bite just because he has no money?" cried the man, with misery in every feature. "My money is in my other pants at the car." "Guess you'd better go back and get your other pants," said the saloonkeeper; and the scorpion-bit man went out saying many ugly things, while the hard-hearted man explained: "'Spect I'll make a mistake some of these days and some fellow will die on the floor in front of the bar. But they come in too regular with snake, tarantula and scorpion bites, and none has died yet. Guess I'll take a few more chances."

Attention to the daily habits of the young prevents suffering. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Bandying words with an employe of a company is mere waste of time. If he be insolent or unreasonable, take his number and complain to those in authority.

ENGLAND'S POSTAL SERVICE.

The Secret of Its Perfection and Promptness.

The great secret of the perfection of the English postal service and its promptness in handling the mails lies in the liberality of the appropriation made each year by the government for the postoffice department, it being far in excess of its needs, so that the officials in charge are never in need of money to employ a sufficient number of clerks and carriers, nor is any thought ever given to making the service self-supporting. The whole aim of the government and the department is to serve the public and deliver the mails promptly, no matter if they use up every penny of the appropriation and have to seek more. This liberal use of money is apparent all through the English service. In the case of the carriers it manifests itself in a dozen different ways. One instance will show just how it works:

Take the case of a collector. He is never required to carry more that 35 pounds on any collection trip. If, while on his tour, he collects what he considers to be about 35 pounds weight he stops right there—it makes no difference how far he has gone over his route—calls a cab and rides back in all his majesty to the office; arrived there he calls the attention of a gentleman called the lobby officer to the fact that he has returned in the cab. Should there be a disposition on the part of any collector to abuse this privilege the lobby officer weighs his mail, and, if found short in weight the carrier pays the cabman himself.

The collection boxes are very large, being built right up from the street, the lower half being a sort of "dummy" box. Collections are heavy and frequent, and the collectors are obliged to bring in a ticket from each box on their route on every trip. These tickets are turned over to a supervisor, as he is called, who examines and notes them correct or otherwise in his book, so that there is no likelihood of a collector missing a box.—Postal Record.

HOW JOHNNY REB GOT A HORSE.

The confederate cavalryman was often puzzled as how to provide himself with a horse. The authorities gave him the choice to keep mounted or go into the ranks with his musket, as horses were not furnished by the government. To be dismounted and become a foot soldier was worse to him than a court-martial, and he would risk much in his efforts to get a horse from the enemy.

In the fall of 1863 a rebel cavalryman had his horse killed in a skirmish near Warrenton, and as his best chance was then to capture one from the enemy, he put his wits to work to devise the ways and means. He was with the outside pickets and not far off, on the pike, were the cavalry pickets of the enemy. He procured a piece of telegraph wire from the railroad, and when twilight came on stretched this across the road, fastening one end to the fence and the other end to a convenient tree, just high enough to catch a cavalryman about the belt. When matters were thus arranged to his liking he started down the pike and stopped in plain view of the enemy.

It was not long before three of them gave chase, mounted on good horses. It was now too dark for them to see the wire, and on they came, determined to have a prisoner. The chase was sharp and quickly over, so that by the time the rebel schemer had passed through and under his trap the enemy was upon him.

The sequel is not hard to guess. Two of the pursuers were quickly and most unceremoniously unhorsed, the third being so much astonished and frightened at their fate as to turn and beat a hasty retreat. The two horses without their riders continued down the road, and were easily captured by the confederate, who, by his clever ruse, became their owner, and kept his place in the cavalry.

The two pickets left to themselves hurriedly made their way back to their comrades as crestfallen and astonished as two men could well be. The hero of this incident tells the tale himself, and adds he rode one of these horses to Appomattox, and from there to his home, and that it was one of the best he ever owned.—Washington Post.

A dose of Simmons Liver Regulator, daily, relieves and prevents indigestion.

There is never so much excitement when a man begins to smell a rat as when a woman first sees a mouse.—Philadelphia Times.

DENT'S
Toothache Gum
STOPS TOOTHACHE INSTANTLY.

(A SWELL AFFAIR.)

This is not a Chewing Gum

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Sura Cura
ROBINSON'S SURE CURE
—FOR—
Rheumatism and Neuralgia
And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.
R. W. ROBINSON & SON
154 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK

NOTICE OF THE TIME AND PLACE OF MEETING OF THE VIEWERS AND SURVEYOR ON THE ROAD IMPROVEMENT PETITIONED FOR BY H. S. WALBRIDGE, ET AL.

Notice is hereby given that a petition praying for the following road improvement, has been filed with the county commissioners: Commencing at the north line of the city of Toledo where the same intersects the Stickney avenue road, and thence in a northerly direction about 1-2 mile to the south end of the bridge across Ten Mile Creek, and there to terminate, being in Washington township. The above described road to be improved by grading, and macadamizing 16 feet in width thereof, under the provisions of the Lucas county Stone Road law.

The viewers and surveyor appointed by the county commissioners to view the route of the proposed road improvement, will meet at the point where the Stickney avenue road intersects the north boundary line of the city of Toledo, at 10 o'clock a. m. of Monday, July 25th, A. D. 1892.

CHAS. H. JONES, County Auditor.
Toledo, O., July 6th, 1892.
first pub thurs july-7-14-21

NOTICE.

Michael J. Enright, of the city of Chicago and state of Illinois, will take notice that Amelia A. Enright of the county of Lucas, in the state of Ohio, did on the 28th day of June, 1892, file her petition in the court of common pleas, within and for the county of Lucas, in said state of Ohio, against the said Michael J. Enright, setting forth that by consideration of said court she has recovered a decree against the said Michael J. Enright in the sum of $10,000 in an action by her against the said Enright in said court at its present term and praying judgment against said Enright for said sum of $10,000. That an order of attachment and garnishee process has been issued in said action commenced on June 28th, as aforesaid, and served upon James W. Caldwell and Richard Redlin, garnishees.

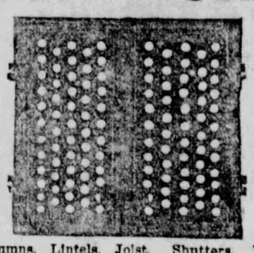
The said Michael J. Enright will also take notice that on the 30th day of June, 1891, the said Amelia A. Enright filed an amended petition in said action, charging the said Michael J. Enright with wilfull absence and failure to support and asking that she may be divorced from the said Michael J. Enright.

And the said Michael J. Enright is notified that he is required to appear and answer said petition and amended petition on or before Saturday, August 20th, 1892.

AMELIA A. ENRIGHT,
By Scribner & Hurd, her Attorneys.
first-pub-thurs-June-30-july-7-14-21-28-aug-4

KIRK'S
STANDARD OF THE WORLD
AMERICAN FAMILY
SOAP
A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY
DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP.
HEALTHFUL, AGREEABLE, CLEANSING.
Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc.
Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

Artistic and Architectural
IRON WORK



SIDEWALK LIGHTS GRATING
Columns, Lintels, Joist, Shutters, Door Stairs, Roof Trusses, Area and Stair Railing, Fire Proof Shutters, Doors, Floors and Ceilings, Catch Basin and Coal Hole Covers.
M. DONOVAN,
511 to 515 Water Street,
TOLEDO, O.

KNABE
PIANOS.
CONSPICUOUSLY PRE-EMINENT!
For sale in Toledo only by
The Whitney & Currier Co.

SILK MITTS
LARGE VARIETY
—AT—
TEIPEL'S
Umbrella, Glove and Fan House.
327 SUMMIT STREET.

AROUND THE WORLD $610
Detroit to JAPAN and return, $410. Alaska and return, $205. Apply C. SHEEHY, Canadian Pacific Railway, 11 Fort St., Detroit.

Phrenologist—H'm, where did you get that stylish suit and handsome watch chain?

Subject—I bought those of the Hyman Co., on easy payments.

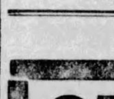
Phrenologist—(Aside; that's pointer enough for me.) Young man, your head shows a remarkable development of good sense and good judgment, and you are bound to get on in the world. Er—— one dollar, please.

THE
HYMAN
CO.
212 SUMMIT ST. UP STAIRS Wholesale Side
CLOTHING, CLOCKS,
DRESS GOODS,
WATCHES, JEWELRY,
ALBUMS, BIBLES,
RUGS, CURTAINS,
BABY BUGGIES, &c.
Cash or Easy Payments.

DR. J. N. MOWRY
CHRONIC AND RECTAL DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Dr. M. can refer to hundreds of cases in Toledo and vicinity he has treated successfully without the use of the knife.
Office Removed to 10 Worthington Block, Entrance on Superior St

BEAUTIFY ❋ YOUR ❋ HOMES!
It is the ambition of ever true woman, whether the wife of a banker or laborer, to beautif her home and the sentiment differs onl in degree.
We cater to this sentiment and b our LIBERAL TERMS put EASE, ELEGANCE and ECONOMY within the reach of all. While known as the LARGEST HOUSE-FURNISHING HOUSE in Toledo, few are aware of our marvelous facilities. We have our immense establishment filled with the choicest productions of the manufacturing world, all on our EASY PAYMENT SYSTEM or FOR CASH.
PEOPLE'S OUTFITTING COMPANY,
Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods,
CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS
129-131 Summit St., Between Monroe and Jefferson.

CANCER! CANCER!
Cured Without the Knife.
We, the undersigned, have been cured of cancer by the use of a plaster that has been made and without the use of a knife, and have been permanently cured. The plaster was made by H. A. Feldman, of Pettisville, Fulton County, Ohio.
John Miller, cancer on the breast, Pettisville, O.
Wm. Tubb's daughter, cancer on finger, Pettisville, Ohio.
Peter Faukhouser, cancer on nose, Archbald, O.
Anton Shrenk, under left arm, Archbold, O.
John Myers, on lower lip, Okolona, Henry County, O.
Mrs. Theodore Banakee, cancer on knee, Ridgeville, Henry County, O.
And many more too numerous to mention.
May this be a benefit to the public. All communication promptly answered by
FELDMAN & BROUGHTON,
Pettisville, Ohio.



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DENTIST,
1320 Cherry Street.
Bottom Price and Satisfaction Guaranteed

Alfred Ford
Manufacturer of and dealer in
Silk and Stiff
HATS!
208 Summit St.
Altering and repairing Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats a specialty.

WHY DOES HE LAUGH?
BECAUSE HE USED
VIGORINE
the Free Nerve and Brain Restorer, and cured himself. It is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous Troubles, Lost Manhood, Headache, Convulsions, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, Weak Memory, Lassitude, drains and losses of the Generative Organs in Either Sex, caused by Over-exertion, Worry, Youthful Errors, Excessive use of Liquors, Tobacco, or Opium. It is guaranteed to restore full sexual strength. Price by mail $1.00, or 6 for $5. Money refunded if it fails to cure. Sealed instructions HOW THE WEAK CAN BE MADE STRONG, FREE.
Vigorine Medicine Co., Cincinnati, O.
Sold by I. N. REED'S SON, SUMMIT & MADISON.

OH! IT'S HOT!
Get off your heavy clothing and put on something thin and cool. If you have no thin clothing make a bee line for "THE MODEL," where you will find the largest assortment of
Summer Clothing
To select from, and at the lowest prices. We also have the largest line and the best $10 SUITS in the city.
The Model Clothing House,
201-203-205 Summit, St., Cor. Jefferson.

CARNAGE OF CARNEGIE.

Continued from First Page.

ber of men, whom I also learned had been engaged as watchmen.

"None of us knew exactly where we were going, and not until we heard the firing in the morning did we know there was trouble of any kind.

"When I was handed a gun I threw it down and told the man who appeared to be a sort of captain that I would not fire a shot against a workingman.

"I am glad to escape alive.

"Yes, sir, I am sure at least half a dozen men committed suicide by jumping overboard when they saw the men on shore were determined to burn the barges."

THEY WERE ALL IMPORTED.

Detectives Taken from the Slums of Great Cities.

Pittsburg, July 7.—According to the Carnegie steel company's statement made by the secretary, there were 300 men on the two barges. It is stated on the way up the river to Homestead about 115 men were dropped off the boats, leaving 185 men at Homestead.

Almost the entire 300 men came from New York, Chicago and Philadelphia. They were hired some days ago by agents of the Carnegie steel company and brought to Pittsburg over the Pennsylvania railroad and the Fort Wayne road.

The New York men are supposed to have arrived on the Chicago limited and to have been dropped off the train a few miles below Allegheny. At this point the New York men are supposed to have met those from Chicago, and together they boarded the barges and were started on their trip to Homestead. Some were picked up in Allegheny and Pittsburg.

What became of the 115 who were dropped off the barges and taken on board the Little Bill to Pittsburg is not known. It is stated that these 115 refused to stay and insisted on being taken back.

OBJECT LESSON.

The Republican Inter-Ocean Calls Carnegie the Party's Burchard.

Chicago, July 7.—The Herald says: "The rioting in the Pennsylvania iron mills will not be without its lesson in the pending political campaign. The advocates of the protective system must explain how it is that the owners of iron mills, the chief beneficiary of protection, refuse to pay their workingmen living wages."

The Inter-Ocean says: "The free trade democracy hopes to extract comfort from the Homestead affair, and it certainly does look as if Carnegie was trying to prove himself a second Burchard, except that he gets in his work at the opening instead of the close of the campaign, a distinction with a great difference. The people will find out the facts in the case and no harm is likely to come to the republican party."

ALL IS QUIET.

Deputy Sheriffs are Slow to Enlist in the Fight

Pittsburg, July 7.—The 250 Pinkertons, less the number taken from the train to the West Pennsylvania hospital, brought from Homestead to this city at an early hour this morning, were kept locked in their five coaches on an obscure track of the Pennsylvania road in this city until 10 o'clock this morning, when an engine was attached to their train and they left on a special schedule, destined, it is said, for New York.

In response to sheriff's call for deputies to report at his office this morning, up to 9:30 five men had made their appearance. Latest reports from Homestead this morn say that everything is quiet. The workmen, however, maintain a strong guard to all approaches to the town. Thus far to-day there is no proof of the early reports this morning that more Pinkertons were en route to Homestead.

TO INVESTIGATE.

The National House Will Look Into the Homestead Affair.

Washington, July 7.—The house judiciary committee to-day ordered a favorable report on the resolution introduced by Mr. Williams (democrat, of Massachusetts) authorizing an investigation of the trouble at the Homestead mills and the causes leading to it.

THEY HAVE HAD ENOUGH.

Hard Work to Get Men to Go Out as Detectives.

Pittsburg, July 7.—All day yesterday and this morning rumors were flying that the Pinkerton detectives had been sworn in as deputy sheriffs and that they were under the command of ex-Sheriff Joseph H. Gray. When told of the report, he denounced the story as being utterly without foundation. "I went up on the boat as a representative of Sheriff McCleary to note how the boat would be received," he said, "and report to him."

"Well, how were you received?"

"Rather warmly, I should say."

Sheriff McCleary, it is stated, also denies the statement given out on the authority of Carnegie officials last night that ex-Sheriff Gray, or "the sheriff's chief deputy attempted to take 300 of our watchmen who were sent to the works by boat last night."

The sheriff says that Gray was not in charge of the Pinkertons.

FRICK WILL NOT TALK.

His Residence and Himself Under a Special Guard.

Pittsburg, July 7.—The residence of H. C. Frick, on Homewood avenue, East End, was guarded last night by two private detectives from the Murphy detective agency. These two men relieved two others who had been keeping personal guard over Mr. Frick during the day.

Repeated attempts have been made to interview Mr. Frick in regard to the trouble and what action the firm proposed to take, but Mr. Frick refused to talk.

POWDERLY IS MUM.

He Refuses Absolutely to Discuss the Laborers' Troubles.

Omaha, Neb., July 7.—Before leaving for the east General Master Workman Powderly was seen by a press representative and was asked to give an expression of opinion on the Homestead riot. "I must absolutely refuse to be interviewed on the matter until I know more about it," said Mr. Powderly. "I have received no private information and know only what I have read in the papers. You can readily realize how much importance might attach to any statements I might make in this connection owing to the position that I hold and my meaning would be very likely distorted and put me in a false and embarrassing position, as has been done before. No, I cannot say anything about the matter until I know more about it."

"I deplore strikes and oppose them at all times," said H. E. Taubeneck, chairman of the national committee of the people's party, this evening. "But at the same time in the case of the Homestead affair, the pressure has been so great that the props have fallen away until a condition of affairs similar to that which existed here prior to the war of the revolution has been forced upon the people. Taking the condition of the country into consideration," continued Mr. Taubeneck as he read the account of the rioting in the evening paper, "this strike verifies the assertion that our party is in the right. The strike has grown out of the financial policy the government has pursued for the past 25 years. It is caused by false legislation and nothing else. To make it more emphatic I desire to say that this strike, this bloodshed at Homestead, is due to the false legislation and the class laws that we have upon our statute books to-day.

"If there is anything that shows that our position is critical it is this. It must also convince the thinking men of the nation that something must be done for the general relief of the people. The strike coming on as it does will strengthen our party not only in Pennsylvania, but throughout the entire country from the Atlantic to the Pacific; from the gulf to the British line. It is a forcible argument and shows conclusively that we are burden bound by the subsidized press and the capital of the country."

GEN. STEVENSON.

He Talks Plainly on the Cause of the Homestead Trouble.

Chicago, July 7.—Adlai Stevenson, the democratic vice presidential nominee, arrived in this city, accompanied by his wife, his law partner, James S. Ewing, Congressman Springer, and Thorpe Vincent, of Springfield, Ill.

The Homestead riots having been touched upon by the representatives of the press by whom Mr. Stevenson was interviewed, he said: "I read a few of the dispatches, but am not thoroughly posted on the situation at the Carnegie works. It is a very unfortunate condition of affairs and greatly to be deplored. It demonstrates the fact that a high protective tariff affords no protection to laboring men and never betters their conditions. I do not care to say more as I am not at all familiar with the situation."

LOOKING OVER THE FIELD.

The Burned Barges Go Adrift Down the River.

Homestead, July 7—11 a. m.—It was 6:15 this morning when your representative accompanied by a committee of men, made a tour of the works.

On every side evidences of yesterday's fierce conflict were visible.

At the water's edge the fragments of a fright car was all to be seen, the burned barges having broken away from their moorings and gone adrift. The ropes holding the barges in check were burned and the cargo of flame, for such it was, went down the Monongahela, and the last of the fleet which was the cause of the great battle, was seen to lodge itself right in the center of the stream near the Homestead water works.

At 3 a. m. a committee of picked men made a thorough round of the works. Not a department nor a single hiding place was overlooked. A search was made in every available place in an endeavor to locate any armed guards, who during the scrimmage might have escaped and sought quarters in the recesses of the great plant. The search was complete but not a man was to be seen.

When the committee was perfectly assured that there was not a man concealed in any part of the works it immediately retired to the general headquarters and there action was taken which goes to show how the men have endeavored to preserve peace.

In substance the committee decided to place in the works every watchman employed by the company who deserted the plant yesterday. One committeeman said: "We intend to protect the plant and this is shown by our action in insisting upon the watchmen to return to their respective posts. We guarantee them ample protection and propose to keep our word."

Now that the direful results of the sacrifice of human life have been realized by the men, the effect is looked at in a serious light.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock the body of the first man to fall, John Morris, was interred in Franklin cemetery. Morris was a prominent and well known worker.

The last rites over the body of Thomas Weldon will take place at the same hour to-morrow afternoon.

THE DEAD AND DYING.

Accurate List of the People Who Were Shot at Homestead.

Pittsburg, July 7.—The lists of the killed and injured of the Homestead workers is at last complete. There were four killed outright by the Pinkerton bullets, and others died in the evening. Eleven were injured, six of whom may die from the effects of their injuries. The following is the full and accurate list:

John Morris, Ninth avenue, married, and leaves a wife.

Anthony Wayne, Fifteenth avenue, unmarried.

Thomas Weldin, shot accidentally while handling a gun after boarding barges, resident of Second avenue, leaves a wife and family.

Henry Striegel, aged 19 years, son of Charles Striegel, a resident of Sixth avenue.

John Fares, Hungarian laborer.

J. W. Kline, aged 35, Pinkerton detective, Chicago.

Edward Connors, aged 40, Pinkerton detective, lived on Montgomery street, New York.

Jose Soppo, aged 38, mill worker, shot in left knee, and died from loss of blood and want of medical attention.

Injured.

George Retter, probably fatally hurt, bullet penetrated thigh, resides on Sixth avenue.

Richard Durham, dangerously hurt, shot in right thigh, lives on Fourteenth street.

Wm. Foy, dangerously wounded in left breast, unmarried, resides on Twelfth avenue.

Henry Rusiski, laborer, shot in shoulder, probably fatally wounded.

Andy Sudia, bullets in thigh and hand, lives on Eighth avenue, and has a family, very badly hurt.

Charles Dqeska, laborer, hurt in thigh, may die.

Thomas Kans, burnt on leg, lives on Fourth avenue, single.

Antonio Palatki, resides on Third avenue, shot in the leg.

John Hershi, resident of Third avenue, bullet in leg.

Charles Pulaski, shot in arm.

Jose Sodak, shot through knee, at Homeopathic hospital; married.

Coroner McDowell and Clerk Grant Miller went to Homestead yesterday and returned at midnight. They viewed the remains of the men who were killed. The coroner has not set a time for holding the inquests.

ONCE WAS ENOUGH.

Detective Matthews Will Keep Away from Homestead in the Future.

Pittsburg, July 7.—Said John Mathews, of New York, who was among the detective party: "I never want to go back to Homestead and I hope we may get out of Pittsburg soon. No description could fit our condition inside the barge. It was a veritable hell. I lay on my back for hours in momentary fear of getting a bullet through my head. We expected to be killed if we had to stay inside until night. The abuse we got on the street was the most inhuman I ever experienced or witnessed, and I have been a detective for 20 years."

Sunday Schools | That go to Presque Isle all speak in praise of the treatment there. Fancy Featherbone at Lamsons'.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to express our sincere thanks to the kind friends and neighbors for the assistance and sympathy extended to us in our sad bereavement. Also to those who sent their beautiful tribute of flowers.

JOHN E. DISHER.
JANET DISHER.
EDNA DISHER.
ANNA DISHER.
CLARK DISHER.

We offer you our entire stock of Dress Goods at actual cost.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

WEDDED IN FREMONT.

Fremont, O., June 7.—(Special)—A very pleasant wedding occurred in the M. E. church, in the marriage of Mary, the well known and accomplished daughter of Dr. D. H. Brinkerhoff, to Rev. C. M. Wilbur, state secretary of the Kansas Y. M. C. A.

MEN'S OUTING SHIRTS | Extra Special Bargains. Handsome patterns. All sizes For men and boys. LASALLE & KOCH.

Our offerings in Parasol department will surprise you.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

ALONG THE GREAT LAKES

Wage Trouble Among the Navigators.

Brutal Treatment to a Boat's Crew.

Vessel Passages Through Straits and Rivers and Gossip Concerning Rates.

Chicago, July 7.—(Special)—The steamer Rhoda Emily took fire while lying at her wharf near South Halstead street bridge at an early hour yesterday morning, and the prompt action of the crew was all that saved her from total destruction. As it was, the damage was slight and can be repaired without any great outlay.

The Marine hospital authorities and the city health department yesterday examined the patient on board the steamer Maggie Duncan, and he was conveyed to the Marine hospital. The doctors finally concluded that it is a case of measles, though they were for some time in considerable doubt. At the down-town office of the Marine hospital on Tuesday the man was thought to be suffering in an advanced stage of smallpox, and it was reported all around the harbor that the Maggie Duncan had smallpox on board.

Shipping Master Biemel of the Lake Carriers' association was in a towering rage all day yesterday over a bold outrage committed by walking delegates of the Seamen's union during Tuesday night, and was congratulating himself over the fact, as he supposed, that none of the assailants were punished in advance when he clubbed the fellow out of his office Tuesday afternoon who had followed Capt. Hayes there and wanted to furnish him a crew for the schooner Narragansett.

The sailor refused to leave the shipping office when ordered to go out and Biemel used his new solid rubber club very energetically about his head.

On board the Narragansett, lying at South Chicago, were the first mate and two seamen. During Tuesday night a gang of ten walking delegates of the union boarded the vessel and beat these three men most brutally and driving them away from the boat. The mate was knocked down and kicked in the head and face and about the body. His left temple is fearfully cut and one of his ribs is broken, and it feared that the broken bone has punctured his lung. He is lying in a dangerous condition.

The victims of this most brutal affair are confident that their assailants were union men, and have seen several of them before and can identify them, but that they are afraid to do so. The shipping master also says that there is no doubt that they are union men and he has made endeavors to have the wounded men remain here and prosecute, but the men are thoroughly intimidated and said all they wanted was the money coming to them from the vessel and they would go back to the seasboard; that a sailor's life is not the same on the lakes that it is on salt water, and they don't propose to be murdered. Their clothes were taken away by their assailants.

At the Crossing.

Lime Kilns Crossing, July 7.—Down—Katahdin, 11 last night; Badger state, 11:40; Jenks, 1; Hudson, 3; Josephine and consort, Bradley and consorts, 3:50; Choctaw, 6:10; Norman, 8; Continental and consort, 8:40; Devereaux, 9:20; Fay and consort, 9:40.

Up—City of London, 10:30 last night; Oceanica, 11:50; Schuette, 12:20 a. m.; Roman, 2; Harlem, 3; Nimick, 3:10; Mariska, 3:40; Marina, 3:50; Duncan, Mineral State, Castalia, Samuel Mitchell, 4:10; Majestic, 5:30; Corona, 6:10; Kaliyuga, and consort, Sandlac, 7:50; Gordon, Campbell, 7:40; Northern Wave, 8; Idaho, 9:15; Clarion, 9:30; Forbes and consort, 10; Tempest No. 2 and barges, Clark, Hoboken, Walbridge, 10:30; Armour, 11.

Through the Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 7.—Up—Republic, Pioneer, 6 a. m.; Wawatam, Maruba, 7; Harper, 10; Lyon, Bruce, 10:30.

Down—Elphicke, Card, 10 a. m. Clear, calm. Water, 14 feet 6 inches.

Through the Straits.

Mackinaw, July 7.—Down—Gladiator, Scotia, Gerlach, Halleran, Leighton, 5:30 a. m.

Up—Hawyard, consort, 10:40 last night; Chicago, 2:10; Keath, 5:30; Grecian, 6:20; Cambria, 11.

Passed Port Huron.

Pt. Huron, July 7.—Down—Roman, 1 a. m.; Devereaux, Garden City and barge, 2:30; Britton, Reindeer, 3; Farwell, Butler, 3:20; Point Albino, Houghton, 4; Tolta and consort, 4:20; Saxon, 4:40; Briton, 5:20; Pontiac, Bessie, Groh, 6; Nyack, 7; Joliet, Atlantic, 7:30; Alpena, Chisholm, 9:40; Pickands, 10:50.

Up—Berlin, 1:20 a. m.; Wilbur, 2; Canada, Windsor, Pahlow and consort, 2:10; Spencer, Pennington, 3; Sauber, Mills, 3:40; Syracuse, Andaste, 5; Gettysburg, Groh, Schoolcraft and consorts, Flint, London, Campana, 6:40; Omaha and consorts, Roman, 8:20; Oceanica, 10; Mariska, Marina, Schuck, 10:10; Nimick, Castalia, 10:30; Samuel Mather, Lothair, Sligo, 10:40. Wind north, light.

Chicago.

Chicago, July 7.—Grain freights opened very slowly to-day. There were few boats on the market and inquiry was light. No effort, up to noon, had developed for lower rates, however.

Buffalo.

Buffalo, July 7.—Shippers want no boats to-day, though plenty could be secured. Business promises to be light for some time. No settlement of the lumber shovers' strike is in sight and stevedores are unable to handle the fleet in port.

Cleveland.

Cleveland, July 7—No Escanaba tonnage has been offered since Tuesday. Rate will very probably advance to 15 cents this afternoon or to-morrow morning. There is a fair supply of Ashland boats at $1.10.

Duluth.

Duluth, July 7.—Boats are freely offered at 3 cents for wheat to Buffalo to-day, but shippers are holding off for lower rates.

Wheat Rates.

Chicago, July 7.—Wheat shippers made an effort late in the session to break the Buffalo rate to 1 7-8c, but vesselmen did not accept it so far as known.

The only outside boats reported were the Samoa, corn to Buffalo, and David Vance, corn to Erie, both at 1 3-4c.

TOLEDO PORT LIST.

Arrivals.

Str. Rust, Milwaukee, mdse.
Sch. P. P. Barnes, Milwaukee, light.
Schr. M. P. Barkalow, Detroit, light.
Schr. Wyoming, Monroe, light.
Schr. Saveland, Detroit, light.
Str. Messenger, Monroe, pass.
Str. Idlewild, Detroit, pass. and mdse.
Schr. R. J. Gibbs, Algonac, light.

Clearances.

Str. Douglas, Monroe, pass.
Str. Messenger, Monroe, pass.
Str. Idlewild, Detroit, pass. and mdse.
Str. Russel Sage, Buffalo, mdse.
Str. Wyoming, Oscoda, coal.
Schr. Columbian, Manitowoc, coal.
Schr. M. P. Barkalow, Detroit, coal.
Schr. Saveland, Gladstone, coal.
Schr. Selkirk, Gladstone, coal.
Schr. R. J. Gibbs, Algonac, coal.
Schr. Comanche, Buffalo, wheat.

Presque Isle | Toledo's favorite resort never looked lovelier than now. Boats leave 10, 2, 3:30, 5:30, 8:30.

THE SEASIDE SUIT | The "Blazer Suit Perfection," In Navy, Tan, Gray, Brown, Black and White.
THE MOUNTAIN SUIT | In Serge, Cheviot and Bedford Cords.
THE TRAVELING SUIT
THE IDEAL BELL SKIRT
LASALLE & KOCH.

LAMP EXPLOSION

Causes a Disastrous Fire in Findlay City.

Findlay, O., July 7.—(Special)—At about 2 o'clock this morning the two-story frame residence owned by George Ruhl and occupied by Stephen Irwin and family, on West street, was burned down with all its contents.

The fire was caused by a lamp explosion.

Irwin and family barely escaped with their lives. Loss about $2,000; fully insured.

DRUNK AND HAD A GUN.

An Intoxicated Man Causes Trouble At Atoka.

Atoka, I. T., July 7.—At 9 o'clock last night R. M. Moore, a lawyer, entered the United States commissioner's court and commenced shooting at Marshal Fox. Before Moore could be disarmed he had fired several shots.

Marshal Depew was shot in the leg, two shots also taking effect in his abdomen. He will probably die.

W. H. McBride was hit by two bullets and seriously wounded.

Moore was arrested and locked up. It is believed he was drunk at the time.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Thousands of Delegates in New York City.

The Great Convention Called to Order.

Madison Square Garden a Scene of Much Enthusiasm at the First Meeting of the Society.

New York, July 7.—From early morning delegates to the convention of the Christian Endeavor society have been pouring into the city by thousands.

Railroads were blocked and regular traffic was delayed by the special trains filled with delegates from every state in the union.

Four hundred members of the reception committee were on duty in blocks of ten and twenty at the railway stations and steamboat landings.

The Grand Central depot was covered with excursionists hunting for guides to direct them to the hotels and boarding houses to which they had been assigned.

Over one thousand delegates were unloaded in an hour at this depot alone, and fully ten thousand have arrived during the day.

Two thousand arrived yesterday and it is estimated that five thousand more are on their way to this city from the south and west.

Nearly all trains are from one to six hours later than schedule time and thousands of delegates who were due this morning did not arrive in time for the opening ceremonies.

Madison Square Garden presented a magnificent spectacle when Edwin F. See, general secretary of the Young Men's Christian association, called the convention to order at 2:30 p. m.

Upon a large platform at the Fourth avenue end of the amphitheater a large stage had been erected. Upon it 700 singers with Geo. C. Stebbins as leader, and Ira D. Sankey as soloist, were located. President Francis E. Clark and the officers of the United Society of Christian Endeavor occupied seats in front of the singers.

Five thousand chairs on the main floor of the garden were filled with delegates, over half of whom were women.

The boxes and balconies were occupied by delegations from states and from foreign countries.

A cloth banner 20 feet long, labelled "Montreal" hung in front of one of the liveliest delegations in the hall.

The 5,000 delegates from New York state occupied the boxes in the rear of the platform. The front of the platform was draped with pale blue velvet and a cluster of national flags surrounded the monogram of the society above the speaker's place.

The address of welcome on behalf of the New York pastors was delivered by Rev. Charles Deems, D. D., of the Church of the Strangers, of this city, who spoke as follows:

Fellow Endeavorers—To me has fallen the honor and pleasure of welcoming, on behalf of the pastors of New York, to the greatest city in the youngest nationality the largest body of organized Christian workers in the world. Without affectation or pretence, I can understand why this honorable and pleasant duty should have been assigned to me. I am almost the patriarch of the pastorate in New York, very few of my brethren having been pastors of the same church as long as I have. I am presumed, therefore, to know my colleagues.

As a body, the clergy of New York are learned, faithful, courageous, devoted ministers of the gospel of the blessed God. Amongst them there is great independence of thinking, and they have repeated divergence of opinion, but they feel that they are set for the protection and propagation of our most holy faith.

In the name of my beloved colleagues, I extend to all representatives of the Y. P. S. C. E. a welcome to New York, our New York and yours; a welcome to our church and yours; a welcome to our homes, our homes and yours. As we have prayed for you while you were coming, so now we pray that your sojourn in this city may be comfortable and edifying to you and an immense benediction to us and our congregations.

As I have spoken my deliberate opinion of the pastors of New York, so I may express my opinion of the institution represented by this magnificent assemblage. From the beginning of its existence it has engaged my attention very closely. The very rapidity of its growth has sometimes made me afraid, but to-day I am permitted to give you a welcome with the most unqualified heartiness, because I can truly say there is no management in America which seems to me to be less open to criticism than the management of the Y. P. S. C. E. That it has had the blessing of God and the good will of men, and that it has supplied what has been called a "felt want," has been demonstrated by the rapidity of the extension of its operations, the very recital of which almost takes away one's breath. Eleven years ago there was one society; ten years ago there were two; nine years ago there were 56; five years ago there were 2,314; today 18,500 societies are represented in the city of New York at the eleventh annual convention. Nine years ago I remember that there were 2,870 members in the 56 societies; five years ago there were 140,000 members in the 2,314 societies; one year ago it was announced in Minneapolis that there were 1,000,000 of members, and to that number have been added during the past year 100,000, and there are now 18,500 societies.

I do not trace its growth to the form of the organization, but to the spirit of this society, which, more than any other found on earth in this 19th century, reminds one of Christ's Christianity. The society does not depend for its existence and growth, as many ecclesiastical systems do, upon the strength and compactness of its organization, but, as most growing things do, upon the internal life of its individual members.

The binding element in the Y. P. S. C. E. is the pledge taken by each active member. To that pledge I have given close study. If it was not inspired by the Holy Ghost it is one of the most remarkable uninspired productions of the human intellect. It combines faith and works as the Holy Scriptures do. It is after the model of the Psalmist: "Trust in the Lord and do good." It is after the model of the Apostle James: "Show me thy faith by thy works." It teaches that a Christian life is one that works from the inner man to the outer; and this is what distinguishes Christianity from all other ethical cults in the world.

The second part of the pledge is that which has made the Christian Endeavor Society a gymnasium of Christian activity. The active member promises to be at every prayer meeting of his society, and by speech, or prayer, or reading, there amongst his brethren of about the same age, all belonging to his own local church, to add something to the interest of the meeting. It is because of the general fidelity with which this pledge has been kept that the Evangelical churches in America, have, during the past ten years, become more interesting, more instructive, more profitable to the community than during the fifty years which immediately preceded.

If the Y. P. S. C. E. grows proportionately as it has since 1871 the close of this century will find 8,000,000 of names upon its rolls. Now there might be 8,000,000 names on any roll which might stand for only the figure eight and six ciphers, but let us remember that on the roll of the Y. P. S. C. E. it stands for 8,000,000 of real things; and that each one of those real things is human; and that each of those human beings is young; and that those Christian young persons are engaged in constant conservative and aggressive work for real vital Christ-like Christians, regardless of all scientific theology and all mere human ecclesiasticism.

During the life-time of our young society the question of Christian union has attracted more interest than ever before since the reformation. I do not attribute this interest to the existence of our society, although no violence would be done to probabilities if such a statement were made, but I do wish to call attention to the immense promotion of Christian unity by the increase of interdenominational intercourse which has been brought about by our societies. The ecclesiastical projects have all been cold, faulty, pragmatical and impracticable schemes, working from without, and binding people together with external cords. The work in this direction by the Y. P. S. C. E. has been more effective than all other things combined, because it has been spontaneous, without plan or purpose, unworldly, spiritual and Christly.

The welcome of the Brooklyn pastors was delivered by Rev. A. C. Dixon, of that city.

Singing by the mammoth choir followed.

Merrill E. Gates, president of Amherst college, then responded to the addresses of welcome.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Social Gossip From Among Our Neighbors.

Happenings Among and Talk About People You Meet on the Streets Every Day.

Mr. R. Allan is in the city.

Mr. Tippett, of the Journal, is ill.

Miss Ella Frey is in New York.

A. L. Dutton is in Fort Wayne.

Miss Louise Claflin is in New York.

Miss Jessie Perigo is in New York.

Miss Angie Jones has returned from Clyde.

Mr. and Mrs. Sharpe, of Lima, O., are in the city.

Mr. Charles Milburn has returned from a western trip.

Mrs. J. Zahule will spend Sunday with Monroe friends.

Mrs. Marshall and son are spending a few days in Detroit.

Miss Nellie Dunning is contemplating a trip to New York.

The Misses Milburn left yesterday morning for Kansas City.

Mr. Henry Neel has returned from Lima where he spent a few days.

Miss Alice Grosh and Mrs. Ida Smith have returned from Marion.

Miss Ella Lowis is spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Crosby.

Miss Thorpe went to Lakeside yesterday, where she will spend some time.

Mrs. Hillman, of Collingwood avenue, is entertaining friends from abroad.

Mr. Stroud returned from Hudson yesterday and is the guest of his brother.

Mr. Alfred Neel is slightly improved in health, although still confined to his bed.

Mrs. Charles Scadding has for her guest her mother, a charming lady of Toronto, Can.

Mrs. Heim will entertain Lucy Hayes union, W. C. T. U., at a special meeting Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Andrews have removed from Erie street to a pleasant home at 617 Locust street.

Miss Fannie True, of Rochester, is spending a week with Mrs. A. K. Hoff and Mrs. E. W. Eastelle.

W. A. Byrne, formerly of this city, and now of Cleveland, is spending a brief vacation with Toledo friends.

Mrs. Julia L. Martin, of Indianapolis, is in the city and will be at home to her friends at 229 Superior street.

A bouncing boy arrived at the home of Charles T. Lewis this morning. Mother and babe both doing splendidly.

Mrs. Elmer White and son Lyman are visiting Mrs. White's sister, Mrs. F. J. Fisher, in Pittsfield, Massachusetts.

Mr. J. O. Sawkins, formerly of Toledo, returned to his home in Chicago after a pleasant visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. George Schneider are receiving congratulations upon a baby girl who has made her appearance at their home.

Miss Nellie Dressel, of Tiffin, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. V. Wagner, for the past few days, returned yesterday.

Misses Mary E. Stanton and Carey Burt will leave this evening for Little Falls, N. Y., where they will remain for several weeks.

Capt. and Mrs. P. T. McNerney have gone to Toledo to visit for a few days, the guests of relatives and friends.—Sandusky Journal.

A dispatch has been received from Mr. Joe Fisk from Antwerp, stating that he had arrived all O. K., and had had a pleasant voyage.

Miss Mabel Rowe has returned to Kalamazoo. She will return to this city Saturday enroute to Put-in-Bay, where she will spend some time.

Miss Maud Leyman, of Superior street, is entertaining Miss Fannie Thompson and Miss Blanche Roberts, of Columbus, and Miss Lillian Kline, of Lima.

Mrs. J. E. Morehouse, with Mrs. Sarah Vallette, of Michigan street, left this morning for a tour of three weeks through New York and New Jersey.

A party of ladies including Mrs. J. J. Jacoby, Mrs. Welshofer, Mrs. Pfeifer, Mrs. J. Zahule, Mrs. Widemeier, Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Dimmer gave a jolly picnic to-day.

The Theosophical society will hold its last meeing for the summer with Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wheeler, 215 Tenth street, to-night, when Mrs. Besant's "Reincarnation" will be finished.

Miss Mae Tillotson, of Chicago, daughter of one of the directors and cashier of the Chicago Atlas National bank, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Garn. Miss Tillotson is a charming lady.

Miss Minnie Marker left Tuesday for a visit in New York city, where she will be the guest of Mrs. J. W. Wicks, a former schoolmate. Before returning she will take a trip up the Hudson and visit Miss Marie MacCauley, at Albany.

Miss Grace Myers has returned from New York city, where she has been attending the convention of elocutionists. Miss Myers received high commendation for her artistic work, and was especially honored by Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher in receiving from her hands a souvenir of her late husband. It is gratifying to the many friends of Miss Myers in this city that New York artists should recognize her ability and prophesied for her a brilliant career.

Mr. Jas. H. Pheatt, city auditor of Toledo, and Miss Fannie G. Thompson were married at the bride's home in Fremont last evening. Both are prominent in society circles of their respective cities. The bride and groom arrived in the city late last night and were accompanied by Miss Bertram, of Cincinnati; Mr. H. Klauser and Mr. H. Haughton, of Toledo, and Mr. G. H. Ginther, of Cincinnati. The party is at the West house and will leave to-day for Put-in Bay.—Sandusky Register.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Garn were "at home" to about 40 of their friends yesterday afternoon and last evening. Mrs. Garn was prettily attired in a white silk gown delcollette and entrain and was assisted in receiving her guests by Miss Mae Tillotson, of Chicago, in a charming canary colored gown, Miss Bond in white silk and Miss Ada and Birdie Rider in appropriate white gowns. Chocolate, ices, wafers and bon-bons were served and the occasion was a pleasurable one. The pretty home was artistically decorated in honor of the event. Mrs. Garn will give a second reception next Wednesday.

CASH TALKS!

During the entire month of July we will sell all our goods at a CASH DISCOUNT of

TWENTY PER CENT.

BRIGGS & LEIBIUS,
307 SUMMIT STREET.

OUTING SHOES

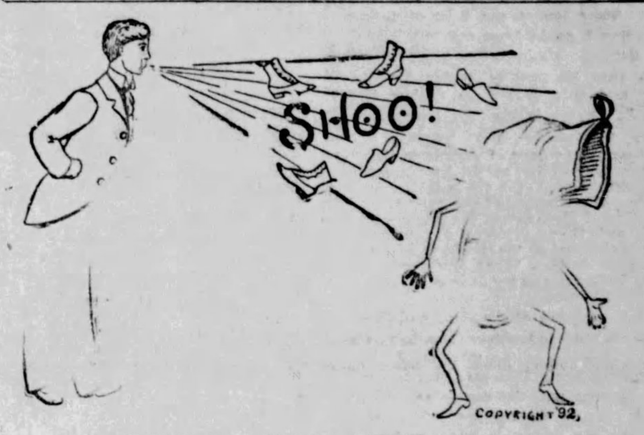
SEE OUR WINDOWS
SAMPLES THERE.

.... The 1892 style American League Wheel Shoe, made racing cut pattern on English foot-form lasts, is the perfection of art in Bicycle Shoes, being very light and flexible, has no lining, and fits close as a stocking, yielding to every movement of the ankle and foot.

Ladies' White Duck Oxfords,
.... WHITE PATENT LEATHER TRIMMED, ...
Are the "Correct Thing."

Reinhart & Murphy,
443 Summit Street, Near Oak.

STEINWAY, CHICKERING,
PIANOS Gildemeister & Kroeger Kurtzmann, Stuyvesant
311 SUPERIOR ST. C. J. WOOLLEY & CO



SHOO--OLD SHOES!

It is time to have an understanding—a good understanding—and we furnish such an understanding in our $3.00 Men's Calf Welt-Sewed Shoes. The prices and class of these is no novelty for us to carry, but this season we have an infinite variety of styles, guaranteed to suit every man's taste and fit every foot. By their beauty you would judge they cost twice the sum, while the materials are light, fine and durable. The most recent styles, such as the Piccadilly, London, Broadway and Paris, and the popular Blucher are also included in this line.

L. STRASBURGER,
341 SUMMIT STREET.

A SERIOUS COMPLAINT!

A great many riders are complaining of bursted tires and never try to find the cause. Perhaps your rims cut your tires.

See a DAUNTLESS with flat rims; it may give you

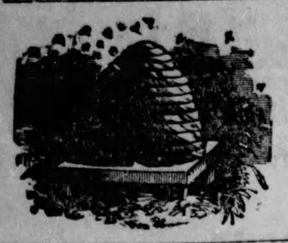
A POINTER.

TOLEDO • BICYCLE • CO.

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Judge Coons, of Maysville, K. Y., says: "Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment cured me after years of suffering." Sold by druggists sent by mail on receipt of price. 50 cents and $1.00 per box.
For sale by W. K. West, Boody House drug store, Toledo, O.

TOLEDO SUMMER :: SCHOOL!
Business AND Shorthand School.
In Session. Special classes for those who have failed to make their grade. Review classes for teachers. Tuition $5. Penmanship, Business and Shorthand courses, regular rates. Graduates of the High School and all desiring to pursue any of the above courses are earnestly invited to visit the school in session. Remember this institution has been under the management of Mr. Davis for 11 years, and that the teacher of shorthand has had three years' practical experience in office work in this city. Note location—516-528 Summit st., near the Steadman monument. Phone 1021.
M. H. DAVIS, Principal.

. . . LADIES' . . .
Cork Sole Hand-Turned Shoes
For HEALTH, COMFORT and STYLE are a pronounced success in Hot, Cold, Wet or Dry Weather. Try them and be convinced. Most complete line of Ladies', Misses and Children's Footwear in Toledo at the
LADIES' SHOE PARLOR,
333 Superior Street.
HILL BROS., Proprietors



THE TOLEDO BEE COMPANY. | Elmer White, F. P. Chapin, G. G. Hadley.

THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.

THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.

Home office in New Bee Building, 326 St. Clair Street; New York Office, room 206, Potter building, opposite postoffice.

Telephones, Editorial 355; Counting Room 102

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President.
GROVER CLEVELAND.

For Vice-President.
ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Secretary of State, W. A. TAYLOR, of Franklin.
For Judge of Supreme Court (long term), JOHN J. BRIGGS of Monroe.
For Judge of Supreme court (short term), THOMAS BEER, of Crawford.
For Clerk of Supreme Court, WILLIAM A. WOLFE, of Fairfield.
For Member State Board of Public Works J. M. MYERS, of Hamilton.

Canada and Mexico.

The song of reciprocity is sung in our ears—reciprocity with what South American republics will remain at peace long enough to listen to our proposals, and believe there is any advantage to be gained from trade bargains on such a limited and movable scale. North of us lies the great country of Canada, whose people speak the same language with us, whose instincts, interests and customs are identical with our own, and who are divided from us only by an imaginary line on the map. We have no reciprocity desires for Canada, or any bargains to make with her. Reciprocity with Canada is "retaliation" without any sugar-coating.

Southwest of us lies the fabled treasure-land of ancient history, the wonderful mines, the paradise valleys, as Bishop Haven named them. Mexico is a republic, trying hard to be free and progressive. What of our reciprocity with Mexico? And what would unrestricted trade with Mexico mean for us? The Mexicans are not a manufacturing people, or an inventive people. They import the bulk of their manufactured goods from markets 3,500 miles distant. Mexico needs everything, almost, that we produce in the United States, and goes to Europe to buy it. James L. Taylor, in his "Impressions of Mexico," says:

In these piping days of commerce it is almost impossible for us to divorce ourselves from "shop," even while taking our pleasure. What impressed me most while in the City of Mexico was the presence of French and German wares and fabrics and the absence of the products of our own manufactories. What Mexico wants and the United States needs is closer commercial relations.

With the air full of the chatter of "reciprocity" and Pan Americanism, why are we strangers in the markets of our next-door republic? Because of the border custom houses and the restrictive duties insisted upon in the name of protection. While we are taxing ourselves to "protect labor" (heaven save the mark; go ask labor about the protection it gets), Europeans are usurping the trade on the American continent under our very noses. There is but one way to meet them and our manufacturers are attempting to do it. They make a low price schedule of their goods for outside markets and in the name of benefit to home consumers, a high-priced schedule for the United States buyers. The Bee has some of these double schedules on exhibition. The following extract from "The Pointer" tells a truth not only as concerns travelers in Mexico, but in other foreign lands: "When he returns from Mexico, whether democrat or republican before the trip, he's a free trader on the return trip."

A little advertising pamphlet, non-political, and issued in the interest of the Monterey & Mexican Gulf Railroad (the road that uses ebony ties and mahogany bridge timbers), furnishes a list of articles made in the United States which might be supplied to the Mexicans by us. This list consists of 165 entries which, elaborated, would make as many more counts, for instance: "Agricultural implements, all kinds"—"agricultural machinery"—"mill and mining machinery—all kinds"—"machinery supplies"—"packing house products"—"tools, all kinds"—"vehicles, all kinds," etc.

The table of Mexican exports has 50 articles, with only two: fine woods and dye woods, capable of division. And yet we must "protect" ourselves from Mexican competition. We are doing it with a vengeance. The McKinley law struck the Colorado silver smelters by tax on a smelting ore imported from Mexico. The smelters protested and the Mexicans said, "no more will we buy Kansas and Missouri corn for our men and mules."

What does reciprocity signify, anyway, that runs after Paraguay and Patagonia and legislates out of our markets buyers like Canada and Mexico?

Another Ratification.

Our evening neighbor is unconsciously droll in a small way. It heads a local announcement, "Ratification meeting now sure." This is the third trial. Two flat failures, without excuse other than opposition and apathy, are recorded. Last Saturday evening a Bee was present on Memorial hall grounds waiting for the crowd, the speakers and the band. They came not. The air was mild and pleasant, and there was a moon in the sky. The storm that came hours later had not yet poked a thunder head above the horizon, when the announcement of postponement was made, to a handful of stragglers.

One should sympathize with instead of ridiculing, but the effort of the organ to "keep up apearances" is too amusing. Last night we were told that "there will be present (next time, sure) one or two gentlemen of brilliant attainments to make the welkin ring." Well, "one or two gentlemen of brilliant attainments" are better than none at all, but it is expecting a great deal of the "one or two" that they "make the welkin ring." It may be remembered, however, that the organ has a patent on a "vest pocket welkin," which it used at the Columbus convention. This is probably the one to be brought out Friday night. "Let everyone agree to turn in," says the anxious writer, "and make it the success that it ought to have." Not very elegant construction, but masterly pathetic. In conclusion:

Harrison and Reid will receive an enthusiastic endorsement on Friday night, because the workingmen are so much interested in the success of the platform which stands for their prosperity, and for their homes and wages.

Indications are that the workingmen of the whole country will be chiefly interested and concerned in the war to the death against locked-out labor going on in Pennsylvania, under the "protection" banner of Harrison and Reid.

This is a nice, long, gratuitous advertisement for a democratic paper to give a republican rally, but the Bee can afford to be generous, in view of the amusement that has been furnished the whole city by the antics of the organ that was sure yesterday, Harrison could neither be nominated nor elected.

The Homestead Trouble.

That the conflict at Homestead has been expected, invited and planned for, by the iron and steel firms, is apparent. Carnegie & Phipps have contemplated this sweeping reduction in the wages of both skilled workmen and common laborer for a long time. In their contracts with the government a provision was inserted exempting the contractors from responsibility in case of delay, caused by strikes or circumstances beyond the control of the contractors." Of course, the administration that is indebted to the Carnegie firms $100,000 worth directly, will have no difficulty in determining that the "circumstances were beyond the control of the contractors," although to the majority of the people it appears that the contractors are directly responsible, and the conflict is the result of long premeditated injustice on their part, planned and provided for with an utter disregard of all interests but their own big profits. Conferences with labor associations were scorned. The property was converted into an armed and supplied fort as a menace to labor that they preferred war to arbitration. The circumstances were not beyond the control of the contractors.

Afeard of the Willipus Wallipus.

The Cincinnati's C.-G.'s Washington special man calls the force bill issue, as presented by Harrison and his adherents, "A big pop-eyed and red-mouthed bugaboo." Dana himself couldn't have characterized it with more discrimination. He further elaborates:

"It is an exact reproduction of the famous Willipus Wallipus of the Tennessee mountains that breathed flame and smoke from its nostrils and terrorized the people with its bellowings."

To all of which the honest democrat must nod assent. That the fellow himself is afraid of it and afraid that Mr. Harrison will be afraid of it, is shown by the following pointer to that much-prodded individual:

"It is certain that the president will not be bulldozed or intimidated by all this democratic howling over a "force bill," or be moved by the hypocritical prayers of those who insist that he shall give pledges in advance in regard to this matter, thus betraying the sturdy and fearless declaration of the republican platform and the bedrock principles of the party."

There is a deal of likeness in the elections in this country and England, after all. We read from the London Chronicle that,

The eight-hour question has claimed its first victim in Henry Broadhurst, who owes his defeat not to home rule, but to the miners' vote. Mr. Illingworth almost succumbed to the same fate. Mr. Tillett had his majority reduced to the vanishing point.

It will be in the nature of news to some, the mention that the "pauper" miners of England and Scotland not only maintain courses of university extension lectures, but that they vote and defeat their antagonists in the law-making body. The following from the London Times has a familiar ring:

A potent cause of the disparity of the gains of the two parties yesterday is found in the fact that a large proportion of the contests were in small boroughs, where local personal influences tend to overbear the larger motives of public policy."

The coinage of gold and silver is the subject of a very interesting and instructive article in this impression of the Bee from the pen of Mr. Henry T. Niles. Assuming the silver plank of the democratic platform to be sound in politics, law and precedent, Mr. Niles shows how the country can settle the coinage question, equalize the values of the two metals, and promote the material interest of the country by adopting the plan which the democratic convention has made party doctrine, and which Mr. Cleveland will be bound to assist in carrying into effect.

When the record of a republican office-holder for years and years is given, it is accounted by the organs a sign of the amount of confidence the people have in his ability and honesty. The charge brought against Gen. Weaver by the same consistent organs is his "persistent office-seeking" and successful "office-holding." That he has been elected as democrat, greenbacker and labor advocate is to his credit, showing that he was acknowledged to be loyal to the underlying democracy in all these movements. These enemies of the industrialists will need to find blacker mud than that.

Stanley was defeated in the English elections. He deserved to be. A man who will renounce his American citizenship and fight for a chance to help the tories in their battle against freedom and home rule should be emphatically turned down.

Concerning the hireling Homestead detectives, the St. Louis Republic paraphrases thus: "If they appeal to Winchesters, by Winchesters shall they perish."

Mr. Carnegie believes, so he has said repeatedly in print, that "the rich should become the almoners of the poor." He is playing the part of "almoner" now.

CURRENT COMMENT.

A dispatch from Scotland announces that Mr. Carnegie has presented $50,000 to the Aberdeen library. Meanwhile the pickets are still on guard at Homestead.—Boston Herald.

Does protection protect the workingmen? Ask the 3,000 Carnegie employees who are out on a strike against a reduction of wages, and then answer the question.—Syracuse Courier.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie and the rest of the Pittsburg steel barons recognize the necessity of making liberal subscriptions to the Harrison campaign fund; but they want to wring the money out of the wages of the men who toil in their mills.—Philadelphia Record.

Reduction of wages and millions for campaign purposes is the slogan of the Carnegies and other beneficiaries of high tariff protection. These people love their employes only for the fortunes they can make through their labor.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When Gov. McKinley raised the duty on fire-crackers so as to force the Chinese to help support our government, the sharp Mongolians recouped themselves by putting less powder, less paper and less work into the crackers. Truly may the small boy of this generation exclaim, in the language of the Chicago platform, that McKinley protection is a fraud.—Philadelphia Record.

"Protection," as is practically demonstrated at Homestead, does not protect. But the spasmodic attempt of uneducated and unskilled labor to bring about reforms will accomplish little except to call public attention anew to the necessity for a speedy solution of the problem along educated and intelligent lines. Law and order will triumph at Homestead and violence and rioting will be suppressed, but with the calm to follow will come a duty which cries out most eloquently in its enforced silence—the duty of establishing a system of protection to American labor which shall protect the man who works and the man who wants to work as well as the man who employs.—Chicago Mail.

GOLD AND SILVER.

The Democratic Plan of Equalizing Their Value.

The True System of Finance, as American and English Precedents Prove—Free Coinage, but Equal Values.

If we are to have a bi-metallic standard of values consisting of both gold and silver coins, the proposition that those coins must be kept of the same intrinsic value belongs to the primer and to the very rudiments of finance. Yet ever since the world-wide conspiracy of 1873 to increase the value of all money securities by demonetizing silver, involving vast gains to the holders of such securities, making them willing to invest large sums to secure its accomplishment of which sums Mr. Ernest Said, as proved by sworn testimony, declared he expended $2,500,000 to secure the passage of the stealthy demonetization act by congress in that year; gold and silver coins have been constantly departing more and more in value from each other and yet, so far as I know no proposition has been made in congress which the constitution charges with plenary power on the subject to equalize their value.

Sherman has talked about increasing the intrinsic value of the silver dollar, but it has gone no further than talk, for the politicians have all come to think that the dollar of the daddies, as they derisively call it, is loaded and prefer that some other fellow should take hold of it first.

They are willing to make proclamation that every dollar is as good as any other dollar, which everybody knows is a lie. They are willing to call international commissions to regulate the intrinsic value of our coins, when everybody knows their value is regulated by the laws of trade, over which a commission would have no more control than over the laws of gravitation, and when everybody knows that such a commission would have no more right to interfere with our coinage laws than with our police or sanitary regulations—in other words they are willing to do almost anything to dodge the question.

Indeed, the president proclaims that as sure as he is the grandson of his grandfather he will keep 67 cents and 100 cents equal, and is actually using the whole power of the United States treasury to do this impossible thing—that is, with $100,000,000 in gold, from which Charlie Foster abstracts a few millions every time he turns his back. To keep up the fraudulent appearance of being flush, he is going to redeem $1,000,000,000 of government paper as varied as Joseph's coat of many colors, and $500,000,000 in silver besides.

In the midst of this shirking of the plainest duty—this twaddle and dodging, it is most refreshing to read in the national democratic platform a plain declaration of the sole and simple duty of congress on this most important and long neglected subject. I can pardon their talking as if an international commission could discharge this plain duty "of coining money and regulating the value thereof" committed by the constitution to congress, for this is really all there is to the republican platform, and I suppose it was put in to please some unfledged statesman who didn't know any better than to think there was something in it.

After denouncing that most unique and ridiculous measure called the Sherman act, which requires the secretary of the treasury to issue $4,500,000 of full legal tender paper each month for silver—that is to issue that amount of legal tender paper on the deposit of property which is constantly decreasing in value, the loss amounting to about $12,000,000, and demanding its repeal, the platform says:

We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals.

The language is clumsy, but the meaning is clear that congress must equalize the value of our gold and silver coins and then coin both for whoever brings the bullion, and without charge.

If this simple duty had been discharged instead of enacting such ridiculous makeshifts as the Sherman law which, by the way, I see he is now ashamed of, our finances would be settled and the country would be prosperous in spite of the monstrous McKinley bill.

It is a source of no small satisfaction that the great democratic party has declared with no uncertain sound that this duty shall be performed so soon as they have the power.

That great party is now sponsor for Cleveland that he will sign a bill for free coinage and to equalize the coins. That he was opposed to such free coinage without such equalization is no disparagement to his judgment or patriotism. Indeed if the bill for free coinage just passed by the senate should become a law, the equalizing of the coins will be absolutely necessary to prevent the entire disappearance of gold.

There are two ways to reach this result: First, The Sherman method by adding one-third to the silver in the dollar, thus giving the conspirators of 1873 all they ever asked and adding one-third to the indebtedness of the country.

Second, To reduce the value of gold to that of the silver dollar.

This would place the people so far as the future is concerned, just where they stood when the gold conspiracy of 1873 was formed, leaving the conspirators with the plunder already secured.

This is no new question, but has been settled in England many times, and always by reducing the value of the higher and never by increasing the value of the lower. And this was done by the ablest and most patriotic ministers England ever had on the broad public ground that increasing the intrinsic value of coins increased all debts and taxes and burdens of the great mass of the people, while lowering the value of coins only slightly diminishes the value of fixed incomes and money securities and falls on those best able to bear it.

In 1835 this precise question was met by the democratic party under the head of Jackson and Benton with the concurrence of a majority of their opponents, led by Webster and John Quincy Adams, and settled by leaving the silver dollar as it had stood for 300 years and reducing the value of gold coins one-fifteenth, to the great and instant relief of the country.

This, then, is the only question left open by the democratic platform, how shall the coins be equalized? and this we may safely trust to the democratic and people's representatives in the next congress with the assurance that Cleveland will sign the bill.

To me, personally, it is a matter of no small satisfaction after for years and almost alone urging the vital necessity of equalizing the coins and coinage of both, to find the very substance of a pamphlet on the subject I had placed on the desks of all representatives and senators at the opening of the present session of congress incorporated in the platform of the great national democracy.

HENRY T. NILES.

Toledo, July 5, 1892.

OUR STRAIGHT CHANNEL APPROPRIATION.

To the Editor: The following telegram was received here yesterday:

Washington, D. C., July 6.

Hon. D. B. Smith: Conference report on river and harbor bill agreed to by senate and house. WM. E. HAYNES.

This settles the uncertainty concerning our river and harbor bill, except the contingency of Benjamin's veto, and we feel sure he will not do that. And more, I want to commend Representative Haynes for his untiring and successful devotion to Toledo in securing an appropriation of $200,000. Yours, etc.,

DENISON B. SMITH.

ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

Result of the Ballots so Far as Cast—More Riots.

London, July 7.—The total returns received show the election of 123 conservatives, 93 liberals, 19 liberal unionists and 4 anti-Parnellites. Up to this time the government has still a majority of 45.

The total liberal gains are 29, and conservative 14. The total number of votes cast by the unionists is 644,179; by the opposition, 617,147.

Dublin, July 7.—A crowd of anti-Parnellites stormed the platform from which the liberal-unionists were addressing a meeting at Stranorlar, county Donegal. Among those on the platform was Mr. Donaldson, a justice of the peace. He was hit on the head and his skull was fractured. Mr. E. T. Herdman, the conservative candidate for East Donegal, and Mr. D. B. McCorkill, the conservative candidate for North Donegal, were also present. Each of them was cut abut the head and face.

At an anti-Parnellite meeting held at Ballina, county Mayo, speeches were made by Mr. John Dillon and Mr. Daniel Crilly, who is the candidate in the North Mayo district. During the meeting the Rev. Father Conway, who was on the platform, bared his head and showed severe scalp wounds that had been inflicted by Parnellites. When his injuries were seen over 100 Parnellite voters who were present declared that they would desert the Parnellites and cast their ballots for Mr. Crilly.

FROM ST. PETERSBURG

Leopold Receives Confirmation of a Phenomena.

The Chamberlain to the Czar Writes an Interesting Letter Pertaining to Spiritualism.

Mr. S. Leopold, of this city, is in receipt of an interesting communication from the noted Russian author, C. de Bodisco, who is chamberlain to his majesty the czar, and an authority on spiritualism.

Some months ago Mr. de Bodisco received a communication through spiritualistic mediums that a luminous letter N would appear on a monument near the winter palace at a certain time and for a certain period.

The letter did appear as predicted. It was seen high up on the monument, and to show that it was not the result of any mechanical contrivance it seemed to be attached to the surface by a luminous wreath which completely surrounded the monument.

The letter received by Mr. Leopold is as follows:

St. Petersburg, June 19, 1892.

Sylvain Leopold, Esq., Toledo, Ohio:

Dear Sir: Your favor dated May 31, '92, was duly received. In it you asked me to verify a statement published in a journal issued in the United States, that on the night of December 7, '91, at 11 o'clock, there appeared on the Alexander monument a luminous letter N, as was predicted to me by direct writings of a spirit power at a prior seance.

The statement is absolutely true. A full description of this phenomena I published in my book printed by Chamuel & Co., 29 Trevise, Paris, under the name of "Traits de Lumiere Recherches Psychiques" (streaks of light), 1892.

I would be much pleased to hear what phenomena has come to the notice of your society.

Allow me to wish full success to the society of which you are president, and hope you will succeed in scientifically demonstrating the reality of spiritual communication.

I beg to say that in psychical pursuits mutual confidence, courage and patience are indispensable qualities necessary to those engaged in such pursuits. Without them useless to work, as the astral world will never otherwise descend into the physical world.

The above qualities develop faith, which materializes the human will in an electric fluid much more powerful than the brute electricity, which is developed by the action of acids on metal. This fluid scientifically directed can accomplish the most astounding results, and its study is the great science of the future.

Yours sincerely,
C. DE BODISCO.

Chamberlain to His Majesty the Emperor, 15 Place Michel, St. Petersburg.

The phenomena has created a great stir in European scientific circles, and numerous articles have been written for and against the reality of the singular manifestation.

BURNED TO DEATH.

A Fatal Fire in New York City.

A Mother and Three Children Lose Their Lives in a Morning Blaze.

New York, July 7.—Mrs. Annie Broderick and her three children suffocated in a fire at 3:45 o'clock this morning at their home, No. 67 East One Hundred and Eighteenth street. The dead children are Marry, aged 5 years; Richards, aged 18 months; and John, aged 9 months. The fire which was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp, had gained such headway before the firemen could reach the house, that it was impossible to rescue the inmates.

Mrs. Broderick, who was a widow, aged 26, lived in a small shanty that stood back of No. 67 East One Hundred and Eighteenth street. The shanty was loosely constructed of rough boards and contained one room and an attic in which Mrs. Broderick and the children slept in one bed. It is now stated that the 9 months old boy was not the son of Mrs. Broderick, but was a boy she had taken from the foundling asylum at Sixty-eighth street and Third avenue.

When the firemen arrived the little shanty was a mass of flames. The building was very frail and the flames were extinguished in a short time.

The firemen then climbed into the little attic, where they found the four inmates dead. Mrs. Broderick lay near the trap door which leads to the room below. She was lying on her left side and the right side of her face and body was almost completely burned away.

Her little daughter Mamie and her son Richard were also horribly burned. The moulding Johnson was not so badly disfigured, he having been wrapped in a blanket which partially shielded him from the fire. It is thought one of the victims, while tossing restlessly in sleep, struck a lighted lamp, upsetting it and causing it to explode. In all likelihood the fumes of the smoke from the burning bedclothes smothered the inmates before they were burned.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

The "Legal Right" of Employers.

Editor Bee: The troubles at Homestead, Pa., cause serious reflection. Our morning paper tells us that the Carnegie people have the "legal right" to do as they have done. Perhaps so. But suppose this "legal right" is moral wrong; what then? Under the slave system, the owner of slaves had a "legal right" to sell babes from their mother's breast. Suppose the slaves had arisen and overturned this system. Would they not have obeyed the noblest instincts of the human heart? If employers discharge men from whose labors they are deriving profit, and employ others for stil less wages, this may be within present "legal rights," but how about the moral right of the case? The discharged men have their homes. Some of them paid for in full, others in part. To have these is a great hardship, and a great loss. And yet many are ready to say because of the "legal right" of the corporator, that nothing can be done. If this be so then it is high time that we look around for some system of government and society under which such damnable "legal rights" would not exist. Just such occurrences as those at Homestead will eventually force upon us the serious consideration of some new and more humane system of government under which such infernal "legal rights" will be unknown. Already under the name of Nationalism and others, such systems are being discussed.

My purpose in this brief note is merely to call attention to the fact that "legal rights" may often have included within their sphere the most abominable and atrocious wrongs and cruelties.

CHAS. CRAVENS.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BRITISH VIEWS OF AMERICA.

Moved Out of Perspective by Deficient Knowledge of This Country's Press.

American citizens who have lived in England for any considerable period, says a Liverpool letter to the Washington Star, know that John Bull and the people in his island, with some notable exceptions, have not, and never had, an ordinarily decent opinion of Uncle Sam and people and things on this continent, the clap-trap of visiting preachers, actors, lecturers and other ax-grinders to the contrary notwithstanding. This is said in no spirit of malice toward the mother country, for I have very pleasant recollections of many years' residence on it, and am a sincere admirer of some of her institutions, as I hope to prove in later letters. This English contempt of American institutions is due to the amazing ignorance of the lower and middle classes, and even otherwise well educated Britishers concerning the new world, and the blame for such ignorance must be in a great measure laid at the doors of members of my own profession, both English and American.

American news in English newspapers is conspicuous by its almost total absence in sharp contrast to the complete English specials in great American dailies, and the excellent daily English budget served by the Press News, the Associated Press and the United Press. Some of the papers here have a standing headline, "France, Italy and the United States," and so on, but only news from the latter country of the most sensational character seems to be sent or published. Accounts of lynchings, with the horrors grossly exaggerated—and heaven knows a lynching is horrible enough—are always headed and given conspicuous positions in journals that are not otherwise at all sensational, and simultaneously is published a long editorial abusing the United States for its condition of barbarism. It is always the United States, never the state, that is blamed. Your English editor, usually an accomplished gentleman of polished style, who writes editorials by the yard, finds as much difficulty in mastering the intricate simplicities, if I might so call them, of our constitution as did the Italian journalists during the New Orleans affair. For instance, one of the first papers I picked up on my arrival in Liverpool was the Pictorial World, and conspicuous in it was an account of a lynching in Texarkana, and an editorial calling the United States government sharply to account. After lynchings, "horrible" murders have the call, and more space and comment will be given to one of these horrible murders than to one equally as horrible in the paper's own city. Train robberies rank next in popularity, and then come fearful accidents, such as earthquakes, train wrecks, floods and cyclones.

What is the result? The English newspaper reader believes that America is a land where lynchings and the events named are of daily occurrence, where wealth is abundant, where statesmen do not exist, and where every politician is a bold, bad man. In addition to this the blood-and-thunder story about America is a feature of the sensational "family" newspaper, and the wild western penny dreadful is always in demand among the youth of this country. Outside of London few American plays are produced but those of the most sensational kind. "On the Frontier" is being played at a leading theater in this city as I write—and they are looked upon as typically American.

HYDROPHOBIA!

Dogs transmit it through their teeth. Teeth should be kept free from virus. Use SOZODONT, keep the human teeth clean, and no damage can be done by the man who says to his girl, "I feel like eating you up, dearest."

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General Storage, Trucking and Hoisting Machinery and Safes.

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Is far superior to and much more economical than Castor Oil or Axle Grease for Heavy Trucks, Wagons, Carriages or Buggies. Will not run off the axle in hot weather, and warranted not to gum. Ask your dealer for it, and take no other. Manufactured by

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Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Acts in perfect harmony with the laws that govern the female system under all circumstances. Its success in quickly and permanently curing all forms of

Female Complaints,

is unparalleled in the history of medicine. Is almost infallible. Use it with confidence in cases of Leucorrhœa, Bearing-down Feeling, Weak Back, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, Inflammation, Ovarian Troubles, and all Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb. It is invaluable to the Change of Life.

Dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus at an early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor.

Subdues Faintness, Excitability, Nervous Prostration, Exhaustion, Kidney Complaints, and tones the Stomach.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. Liver Pills, 25c.

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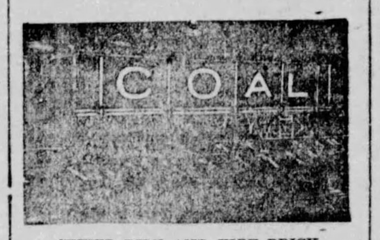

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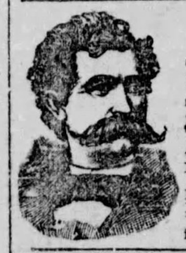

NOTICE

Dr. Bigelow will be at his city office Thursdays and Fridays. Call and see him in reference to any kind of dentistry you anticipate having done. See Dr. Outcalt at the Wauseon office. Dr. Stevenson at the Port Clinton office. Dr. Miller will be at Bryan on Friday and Van Wert Saturday, in Dr. Bigelow's place

DO YOU WANT GOLD?

Cripple Creek is not a health resort. It is a wealth resort. Quite a difference! Location, near Pike's Peak, in Colorado. Gold—bright, yellow gold, is found at grass roots and in the rock formation.

Reliable experts claim this is to-day the richest camp in Colorado. Assays average $100 per ton, and have run as high as $5,000. One hundred people a day are now rushing to Fremont, chief town of the district.

The chance of a life-time is worth looking after!

You can get there quickly and comfortably by taking Santa Fe Route. Only line with no change of cars from Chicago, Kansas City and other principal cities to Florissant, nearest railroad station, with daily stages, to Fremont.

Address for rates and service,

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FREE TO WOMEN. We will send every woman who answers this advertisement a copy of our new work, "ALETRINOSA," a treatise on the "Diseases of Women, and Guide to Home Treatment." Mention this paper. Lady Agents Wanted.

THE JAMES CHEMICAL CO.
Peoria, Ill

RECEIVER'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of the court of common pleas of Lucas county, Ohio, duly entered in cause No. 33226 therein, entitled Abraham Lesser, plaintiff, vs. Fred Eversman, et al, defendants and duly issued to me as receiver of Fred Eversman and Clinton Idler, late co-partners under the firm name of Fred Eversman & Co., I will at store room No. 511 Summit street, Toledo, Ohio, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, 4 July 11th, 1892, at public auction, all not less than two-thirds of the appraised value thereof, offer for sale the entire stock of clothing, gents' furnishing goods and fittings and furniture, previously owned by said late firm of Fred Eversman & Co.

Appraised value of stock, fittings and furniture remaining unsold about $12,500.

Terms one-fourth cash and balance in three equal payments at two, three and four months respectively, with approved security.

JAMES MELVIN, Receiver.

King & Tracy, Attorneys.
June 20th, 1892.

NOTICE.

All persons are warned not to purchase on note given by F. O. Cane for $50, dated April 13th, 1892, and payable ninety days after date.

OTIS FLEMING.
5july3p

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm heretofore doing business under the name of Chilcote & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. J. M. Chilcote assuming all liabilities. All money due said firm is payable to him.

J. M. CHILCOTE.
SIMON BAER.

Toledo, O., July 2, 1892. 5july3

DR. R. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other cosmetics will do it.

Removes tans, pimples, freckles, moth patches, rash and skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 40 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made.

Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. Fred T. Hopkins, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

The smallest Pill in the World!

Provided the great Organs of the body are not irreparably injured, there are few diseases that

TUTT'S Tiny Liver Pills

will not cure. By their action the Liver, the Spleen, the Heart and the Kidneys are brought into harmonious action, and health, vigor of mind and body follow their use. Dose small. Price, 25c. Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.

"THE MAN WHO WANTS THE EARTH," and never minds the fence. You can get a firm hold on many of the good things of this world by dealing at

AWNINGS TENTS, FLAGS. Binder and Stack Covers,

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BREYMAN BROS.,
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HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED

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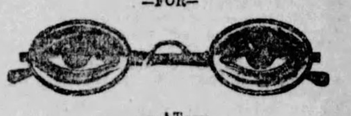

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GREEN & PUTNEY, Prop'rs.

NOTICE.

Toledo, O., July 2, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of directors of the Toledo Electric Company, held June 30th, 1892, it was unanimously resolved that a special meeting of stockholders of said company be held at the office of the company on Tuesday, August 9th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. to consider the advisability of increasing the capital stock of said company to $500,000, or any part thereof.

F. A. DODGE, Secretary.

2july-to-aug-8

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges in 5 minutes, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. Use it and pay if satisfied. Address VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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Lane's Family Medicine
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

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Ash, Lancewood and Bathaborn down to 15c.

Bicycles, Boats, Tennis and Base Ball Goods, Hammocks, Lawn Chairs.
Everything in Outing and Sporting Goods.

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Why buy the poor and cheaply made unfilled House Refrigerators offered by the trade of Toledo?
I will sell you a genuine Stevens Charcoal Filled Refrigerator for less money, and can show you the difference between a poor one and a good one.
Refrigerators for $9, $11, $13.50, $14.50, $16.50, $18.50, $26, $28, $42, $45, $60 and up.

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Be sure and make
Appointments
As we are unusually busy.
Fine Work at Reduced Rates tells the story.

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CENTRIC.
"Tell me dear, why you seem so bright,
Whenever you sit down to write."
"For reasons two," and then he told her,
"'Twas the Centric Pen and the Centric Holder."
Get one of
Ernest Reeves & Co., Stationers,
Phone 1271. 223 Summit Street.
75 cent and Dollar Wall Paper, "Elegant Patterns," at 50 and 75 cents. Too much rain!

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Have the Finest Imported and Domestic Delicacies, such as Fromage de Roquefort, Fromage de Brie, Fromage de Camembert, Fromage de Mananta, Dill Pickles, French Mushrooms and Peas also all kinds of Imported Sausages, Mustard, etc.

PILES INSTANT RELIEF. Final cure in 10 days, and never returns. No purge, no salve, no suppository. Sufferers will learn of a simple remedy Free, by addressing TURTLE & CO., 78 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

HER WEDDING STOCKINGS.

Fine-woven as from milkweed down,
And soft and dim as meadow mist,
With many a dainty circling crown
Like pew-strung cobweb blown atwist,
With mystic odors in their fold
Of roses fifty summers old—
These are the wedding stockings worn
Upon that ancient bridal morn.

She leaned with pink, delicious face,
Her full heart throbbing 'gainst her knee,
Shaking with swift, deep thrills the lace,
So flushed, so glad, she bent to see,
While trembling fingers drew them on
The slim feet whiter than a swan—
Her wedding stockings, never worn
Save on that merry wedding morn.

She felt as if her girlish feet
Were walking into Fairyland,
They glowed so apple-blossom sweet
Beneath the yearly-netted strand.
Poor, wayward child, she lived to know
It was from joy to livelong woe.
Ah, wedding stockings, only worn
Upon that fatal bridal morn!

And thorn-beset and rough and steep
She ever found life's road since then
She laid them in a rose-leaf sleep,
And never drew them on again;
Yet sometimes she would look, I guess,
And smile in patient bitterness,
To these wedding stockings worn
So lightly on her bridal morn.

They found them in her old brown chest,
Hid low, among her precious things,
When she was gone away to rest
Between the angels' balmy wings;
And heavenly garments pure and sweet,
More softly lapped her weary feet
Than e'en those wedding stockings, worn
Upon that olden bridal morn.

BEESWAX.

United States farm mortgages amount to $15,350,575,000.

Three and one-half millions of people are always on the sea.

In Ashantee grows a tree which furnishes excellent butter.

In a year 8,500 churches have been built in the United States.

Nearly 400 bears were killed in Maine during the year ending in May.

Twenty million acres of the land of the United States are held by Englishmen.

The oldest paper mill in the United States was erected at Norwich, Conn., in 1765.

The deepest mine in the world is the rock salt mine near Berlin, which is 4,175 feet deep.

A liquor dealer in Kentucky has been fined $100 on each one of 1,577 cases of illegal selling.

Sweden is the most Protestant country, for out of a population of 4,774,409 only 810 are Roman Catholics.

The Gaudaloupe bees lay their honey in bladders of wax about as large as a pigeon's egg, and not in combs.

The prefix "O" before so many names of Irishmen is an abbreviation of the word Ogha, meaning grandchild.

A man in West Virginia has been sent to jail for opening a letter addressed to his wife revealing her infidelity.

The public libraries of all Europe put together contain about 21,000,000 volumes; those of America 50,000,000.

A cactus plant in a house at Newportville, Pa., last winter grew so fast that it is too tall to be taken out of doors.

Certain poolroom wires were tapped in Boston the other day and the sharpers cleared over $10,000 on the races.

The first regular passenger railroad built in the world was the southern portion of the Baltimore & Ohio, built in 1827.

A German man of science has shown that the lands in Germany devoted to grains used in beer production would support 50,000,000 people.

In the time of Henry VII. parliament passed a law which declared that on and after that date pins should not be sold for more than 6s 8d per 1,000.

The first monument ever erected to the memory of the union soldiers who fell in the civil war is that in the cemetery on Somerville aveune, in Somerville, Mass.

A farm in Pithole, Pa., which was bought some years ago during the oil excitement by Chicago speculators for $1,500,000, was sold recently at a tax sale for $100.

An exact fac simile of the San Louis Rey mission, perhaps the finest and most celebrated of all the famed old mission ruins in southern California, will be seen at the world's fair.

An officer in the British army thinks that ducks would be preferable to pigeons for carrying naval dispatches over the sea, because they would drop down and sit on the water when tired and resume their flight after resting.

Director General Davis has received a petition from the trustees and elders of 46 German Evangelical Protestant churches of the middle states, representing a membership of 63,000, strongly urging the opening of the exposition on Sunday.

The Friends' church in a town in Indiana is in a factional fight over the use of an organ in worshiping. At a recent meeting the anti-organists were barred out, but they smashed in the windows, interrupting the services. Both sides will appeal to the courts.

For two years the hydrographic bureau in Washington has been trying to learn something of the characteristics of the Atlantic ocean as a great moving body of water by means of bottles. As a result it has been ascertained that the whole Atlantic is slowly circulating round and round like an enormous pool.

The African is better protected against the evil effects of the excessive heat than his white brother in two ways. The texture of his cuticle is exceptionally well adapted to encourage free perspiration, and his natural temperament does not incline him to borrow trouble largely.

The American Ostrich company has sent to Chicago for exhibition at the world's fair 30 birds from its ostrich farm at Fall Brook, San Diego county, California. The ostriches have been sent on thus early in order that they may become thoroughly acclimated by the time the fair opens and appear at their best.

Great Britain, France, Germany, and, in fact, many other foreign nations, are asking, and almost insisting, that more space be granted for their exhibits at the world's fair. Sir Henry Wood, of the British commission, is reported to have declared that so great is the interest in England that he believes the English exhibit would fill half of all the buildings if the space could be secured.

The Washington world's fair commission has arranged to make a very complete fish exhibit. It will include all kinds of deep sea and inland species of fish, oysters, clams, crabs, lobsters and other crustaceans, turtles, frogs, snakes and other reptiles; specimens of aquatic mammals such as sea-otter, seals, fishers, beavers, muskrats, etc.; fish-eating birds and their nests and eggs, and fishing boats and apparatus.

A large portion of the agricultural exhibit which Illinois will make at the world's fair will be selected from the exhibits made at the state fair at Peoria the coming fall. In order to encourage the farmers to make especially fine exhibits of farm, orchard and garden products the state board of agriculture, which has in charge the preparations of the state's world's fair exhibit, has offered a number of cash prizes aggregating $6,500.

The jelly palace, which the women of California will prepare for the world's fair exhibit, will be 16 by 20 feet and 25 feet high, with two open doors approached by three marble steps. The framework will be of wire. On this well be firmly placed several thousand jelly glasses—cups, globes, prisms, etc.—filled with jelly of many shades of color in artistic and beautiful designs. The interior will be brilliantly illuminated by electricity. The cost of the framework and glasses alone is estimated at $2,700.

A dog-using sausage maker has been caught at last. A man named Basson and his wife have been tried at Lille on a charge of systematically dealing in sausages made of dog flesh. Suspicion of business led to investigation of his shop, and the health inspector of the town of Roubaix found there a regular slaughter house containing thirteen dogs' carcasses and other living dogs waiting for conversion. The prisoners were sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

More than one thousand men are now at work on the mammoth manufacture's building for the world's fair. The force was recently doubled by order of the exposition authorities, who concluded that the contractor was not making as rapid progress as was desirable. The authorities are determined that all of the buildings shall be completed in time for dedication in October, and the public may be assured that this will be done. The total number of workmen at Jackson park now exceeds 7,000. It will probably be increased to 10,000 or more.

ANCIENT ROYAL WOOING.

An Arab village on the east bank of the Nile has recently given its name to some of the most interesting finds that archaeologists have got hold of for a number of years. The town is Tell el Amarna, and the finds are known as the Tell el Amarna tablets. The Arabs of the village had long known that there were rock-hewn tombs, ruined and desolate, behind their town at the foot of the mountains. Awhile ago an Arab peasant woman was engaged in an eager search for antiquities among the stones that were scattered around in these tombs. She, of course, cared nothing for antiquities herself, but she knew that if she found anything of value the foreign antiquarians would pay her a good price for it. She came upon these tablets. They were of various shapes, square or oval, some flat on both sides, some convex, and all closely covered with cuneiform writing. There were 330 of them.

The woman and her friends saw at once that they had made an important discovery, for the writing on the hardened clay was different from that usually found in those regions. There was considerable competition among foreign museums for the prizes. One hundred and sixty of the tablets were sold to the Berlin Museum, the Gizeh Museum at Cairo took sixty, a few went to private collections, and eighty-two were secured for the British Museum. Those that were taken to London have been placed in one of the Egyptian rooms in the museum, together with translations of the writing engraved upon them.

One of these tablets, 8x4 inches in size, contains 98 lines of very fine cuneiform writing. It is made of Nile mud, and bears upon it the marriage proposal of a ruler of Egypt for the hand of the daughter of the King of Babylon. It is evidently a duplicate copy of a letter written to the Babylon ruler over 34 centuries ago, or about 1530 B. C. This little tablet admits us into some of the innermost secrets of palace life in Egypt. There are other tablets also relating to the same matter.

It seems that Amenophis III, King of Egypt, has asked in marriage the hand of Sukhartl, "the little one," the daughter of Kilimma Sin, King of Babylon. The king, however, answers the request of the Egyptian monarch with words of reproof. It appears that the royal Egyptian was already married to the sister of the King of Babylon, who complains that Amenophis has not treated well this wife whom he took from the eastern kingdom. "From the time when my father gave thee my sister to wife," the Babylonian King writes, "no man hath seen her, and none knows whether she be alive or dead."

The Egyptian monarch thereupon challenges the Babylonian to send messengers to convince themselves of the well being of the wife. The messengers arrive in course of time, but among the galaxy of queens in the Egyptian harem they are unable to identify the Babylonian princess. The King of Babylon therefore writes in righteous indignation that it is very evident that his sister is not among the queens whom the messengers have seen. The Egyptian King replies:

"Since thou sayest my 'messengers cannot identify her,' I answer, then who can identify her? And I ask further, why dost thou not send a wise man who might give thee a trustworthy account, and describe to thee the comfort and the good health of thy sister here? Command, then, one of thy wise men to come and examine her household and let him see for himself the honor in which she is held by the king."

In answer to this letter the Babylonian King sends a tablet to Egypt no longer expressing doubts as to the welfare of his sister in the Egyptian harem, but appearing very reluctant to trust his favorite child to the Pharaoh. He first pleads that his daughter is too young to marry, and begs the king to wait. Then, again, he urges that he will not send the child until he knows the fate of her aunt. Finally, he asserts that his daughter, Sukhartl, whom the Egyptian ruler desires for his wife, is not beautiful. The marriage settlements, which include the payment of a handsome sum to the King of Babylon, are satisfactorily concluded at last, however, and the King of Babylon writes to the King of Egypt: "If thou wilt write unto me again she shall be brought unto thee."

Other tablets giving further features of this interesting correspondence seem to show that the Babylonian King's hesitation to intrust his daughter to the Egyptian ruler was not due entirely to his solicitude for the welfare of his sister, but rather to the disappointment over the refusal of Amenophis on a previous occasion to send him a princess for a wife. It appears that he had written to Amenophis to allow him to marry an Egyptian princess, and had been met with the curt answer: "The daughter of the King of Egypt has never been given to nobody." His majesty of Babylon was irrepressible, however, and in reply to this uncivil letter he wrote: "Surely there are daughters of princes in Egypt who are beautiful women. Now, if thou knowest a beautiful woman I beseech thee to send her to me, for who could say she was not a princess?"

He was apparently willing, if the king would not send him a princess, to accept any woman whom his royal brother might send if she were only beautiful. Amenophis still refused, and the letter from Babylon said: "Inasmuch as thou hast not sent me a wife, I will do in like manner unto thee, and hinder any lady from going from Babylon to Egypt."

This little misunderstanding was probably the real trouble in the way when Amenophis sought for another wife in Babylon. But Amenophis got the girl when the required presents were sent; all of which shows the mercenary and diplomatic mode of bringing about a royal marriage 34 centuries ago.—New York Sun.

FACIAL AGITATORS.

The student is at a loss to know how to begin after his commencement is over.—Picayune.

Hardly anybody would like to change places with the turtle, yet think of the snap he has.—Hazelton Sentinel.

Coal has gone up again, but wait till it strikes the chute. Then it will have to go down again.—Baltimore American.

"Do not recall those painful days," is what the young man remarked when the dentist presented his bill.—Yonkers Statesman.

It is now that a man goes to the country to find rest and quiet and comes directly home for the same purpose.—Washington Star.

It is the fate of Stanley to be treated with ingratitude. The Lambeth cockneys seem to be as little desirous of being rescued as Emin Pasha.—Toronto Globe.

Father—That cat made an awful noise in the back garden last night. Arnold—Yes, father; I think that since he ate the canary he thinks he can sing.—Tid-Bits.

Johnny—Who is that in the parlor? Willie (with his ear at the keyhole)—I think it's the college professor. Mamma's voice has got its Boston stop pulled wide open.—Chicago Tribune.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Ellen Terry has a sort of charity hobby. She keeps a large work basket full of odds and ends of things for the poor, and those who visit her must ply their needles merrily while they talk.

Colonel Henry Russell, brother of the governor of Massachusetts, when visiting the latter in his office, always addresses him by his title, and the governor observes the same formality in reply.

The German Emperor has a pet aversion for short overcoats and shoes with pointed toes. His clothes are all made to fit him snugly, particularly his trousers, which inclose his leg as closely as a ballet dancer's tights.

In a recent interview with a Madrid journalist, Zola said. I detest bull fights; I have a very tender soul. It excites my indignation to see the brutes suffer. To desire to see blood one needs physical courage, which is not true courage."

William K. Vanderbilt and W. Seward Webb will go to Chicago during the World's Fair in their magnificent steam yachts, provided the vessels can be taken through the St. Lawrence River and the canals which intervene between the lakes.

M. Dowling, a Minneapolis man, manages to transact business, though all broken up. He has an artificial left arm and both legs, and has nothing but the stump of a thumb to his right hand. His artificial rig cost him $600.

The title of Gen. James B. Weaver, the Greenback and Farmers' alliance leader, is a genuine one. He enlisted as a private in the Second Iowa infantry in 1861 and three years later was brevetted brigadier-general of volunteers for "gallantry on the field." He was elected to congress on the greenback ticket in 1878 and again in 1884.

W. J. Campbell, the new chairman of the republican national committee, is not much of a talker but he carries an impressive air of wisdom about him. It is said that a rural vistor to the state senate of Illinois, on observing Mr. Campbell in the president's chair, remarked that "if the Lord would create a man half as wise as Mr. Campbell looked he would have no trouble in running the hul gol darned show himself."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SUBSTITUTE FOR TOBACCO.

Cocoa Leaves Used in South American Countries in Place of the Weed

In the providential economy of nature there are always to be found certain products which the requirements of various appetites demand, and which, like tea, coffee, yerba mate, etc., become of general use and are to be found in all the great marts of the world. Of cocoa very little is known in Europe and the United States except that it possesses certain medicinal qualities. Yet to the aborigines of Peru and Bolivia the cocoa is as indispensable as is tobacco in the armies and navies of the world. By those addicted to its use it is claimed that cocoa is incomparably superior to tobacco, both as to its flavor and its physiological effects, and that while stimulating it is not injurious. It increases the warmth of the body and enables those exposed to cold and damp places to maintain a comfortable temperature; it is soothing to the nerves, and at the same time gives a wonderful impetus to locomotion and an incredible power of encurance.

The Indian mail carriers and porters toiling over the Andes with their burdens on their backs often travel extraordinary distances sustained by a few cocoa leaves, which they masticate like tobacco. A small quantity of alkaline earth wrapped in the leaves causes the juice to enter the circulation and so operates on the nervous centers of the stomach as to somewhat retard digestion without any deleterious effects, and is, therefore, a great factor in the economy of food. In those not accustomed to the use of the leaf a slight tendency to insomnia is produced, but this soon gives place to a sensation of restfulness, acknowledged by all who chew it to be most agreeable. For armies miners, seamen, travelers, explorers, and for all persons whose occupations take them great distances from food centers, the mastication of cocoa will be found of inestimable value, according to Public Opinion, and so far superior to tobacco that when once introduced in the markets of Europe and the United States it is bound to supercede, in a measure at least, that weed.

It is proposed to exhibit the cocoa leaf at the world's fair, and the Peruvian government is taking some measures to introduce it under the best auspices. The difficulty to be overcome in this respect is a proper package in which to transport the leaf, and for this reason no great effort has been made to introduce it in the European markets. The excessive heat to which the leaf is subjected on the voyage sets up a sort of fermentation which, usually beginning in the center of the package, often affects the whole bale before it reaches its destination. This fermentation causes the leaf to turn yellow or brown and gives to it an acid instead of the agreeable and somewhat spicy flavor which is natural to the plant. Every effort is to be made to secure a proper package, and when once the cocoa has been introduced to tobacco chewers it will become known for something more than for the cocaine which it furnishes and which is not generally used on its native soil.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

THE ONLY CURE
For Nervous Prostration, Nervous and Physical Debility, Vital Exhaustion, Insomnia, Pain in the Back, Cold Hands or Feet, Bad Circulation, Blue Lines under the Eyes, Pimples and all other Nervous or Blood Diseases in either sex. They make new healthy blood, restore the Nervous System, and bring the rosetint flush of health to the FADED cheek. Sufferers from Derangement of the Nerves, Impure Blood or Past Errors, should at once take DR. HOBB'S Nerve Tonic Pills, the Great Life Restorer. 50 cents a vial. For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail. SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY.
Dr. Hobb's Nerve Tonic Pills
HOBB'S MEDICINE CO., SAN FRANCISCO or CHICAGO.

FOR SALE IN TOLEDO, O., BY
W. K. West, 407 Madison St.
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SANITARY OFFICE,
NO. 413 ST. CLAIR ST.
Catch Basins and Vaults Cleaned
Special attention given to sewer connection and drain work. All sanitary matters a specialty. THE
VOUTE EXCAVATING AND SEWER CO.
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I LIKE MY WIFE TO
Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

AYER'S
Hair Vigor
Restores faded, thin, and gray hair to its original color, texture, and abundance; prevents it from falling out, checks tendency to baldness, and promotes a new and vigorous growth. A clean, safe, elegant, and economical hair-dressing,
Everywhere Popular
"Nine months after having the typhoid fever, my head was perfectly bald. I was induced to try Ayer's Hair Vigor, and before I had used half a bottle, the hair began to grow. Two more bottles brought out as good a head of hair as ever I had. On my recommendation, my brother William Craig made use of Ayer's Hair Vigor with the same good results."—Stephen Craig, 832 Charlotte st., Philadelphia, Pa.
Ayer's Hair Vigor
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

REAL ESTATE

ARLINGTON..
Toledo's beautiful suburb was put on the market for the first time last fall, and since then her development has been marvelous To-day Arlington is the best home property for people of small meanes and the best Toledo property for speculative investment.
We still give a lot to each twenty purchasers, and there is still an opportunity to procure one of our $1,100.00 houses and lots free.
Arlington lots are for sale at $5.00 per month without interest, houses built to suit.
Visit Arlington.
IRVING B. HIETT & CO
243 St. Clair St.

FOR SALE
Having sold all of the residences which we erected on Melrose street, in Walton Bros. Addition, and having commenced the erection of others, with modern conveniences, nine (9) rooms and bath room, with large attics and cellars, brick all laid in cement under entire houses, both gases, city water, sewers, stone sidewalks, with all improvements paid for, we would be pleased to have those looking for a house of moderate cost, with modern conveniences, to come and see the class of material and workmanship of the houses we are building.
IRA A. RICHARDSON & SON,
3 PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE.
House and lot on Broadway; three houses on Lafayette street; house on Michigan street; house on Tenth street; two houses on Illinois street; house and lot on Oakwood avenue; house and lot on Bartlett street; vacant lot on Maplewood, and some fine suburban property.
All above property for sale cheap and on easy terms.
GAVITT & HENAHAN,
NO. 1, LENK BLOCK,
CORNER MONROE AND SUMMIT STS.

ATTENTION!
We have a few good bargains in blocks of 4 or 5 lots. Easy terms.
We have lots on South street, Boyd street and Prouty avenue on which we will build to suit purchasers. Prices and terms right. Also, vacant lots in all parts of the city. Houses and stores to rent.
RUSSELL & THROOP,
309 Summit Street.

A. E. MACOMBER & CO.,
108 SUMMIT STREET.
FOR RENT—Ten room dwelling, No. 425 13th street, $20.
FOR RENT—Small cottage, No. 1423 Hoag street, $6.50.
FOR RENT—No. 1811 North 14th street, $13.
FOR RENT—Cottage No. 1823 Union street, $10.
FOR RENT—Barn, 14th and Empire, $4.
FOR RENT—Dwellings in all parts of the city.
FOR SALE—Dwelling No. 1520 Collingwood avenue, and dwelling No. 130 21st street, all modern improvements.
FOR SALE—Two cottages on Forrer st., between Clark and Ewing streets, Nos. 715, 740.
FOR SALE—Two cottages on Hoag street, between Washington and Dorr streets.
FOR SALE—Three dwellings on the East Side, on Worthington street and on White street.
FOR SALE—Two cottages on Knower street, between Maumee and Dix streets.
We have for sale on terms that will suit, fine dwelling lots on the following streets: In the Ninth ward—On South street, on Knower street, on Crittenden ave., on Lee street, on Sumner street, on Hiett ave. In the Eighth ward—On Oakwood ave., on Bartlett street, on Washington street, on Hicks street, on Collingwood ave., on 22d street, on Wisconsin street, on Missouri street, on Illinois street, on Forrer street. In Auburndale—On Monroe street, on Milburn ave., on Macomber street, on Auburn ave. In the Seventh ward—On Vermont ave., on Franklin ave., on Lagrange street, Locust street, Austin street, Weber street and Marston ave. Lots on Lagrange street, Heaton ave. and in Parkland addition. In East Toledo—On Mott ave., Worthington street, White street, Raymer street.
We have lots in many other parts of the city. Will take orders for the construction of cottages and dwellings with payments on terms of 5 to 10 years, with interest at 6 per cent.

House For Sale!
MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
Gordon street, near Miller street, $1,250.
Chestnut street, near Bronson avenue, $650.
Forrer street, near Hawley street, $900.
Lorle street, near Monroe street, $1,000.
Curtis street, near Western avenue, $900.
Platt street, near Nevada street, $900.
Elm street, near Central avenue, $700.
Yondota street, near Navarre ave., $900.
Page street, near Chestnut street, $1,200.
5 new cottages near Malleable Iron Works, $1,150 each.
Will sell you a lot and build house to suit you.
WRIGHT & RUSSELL,
235 ST. CLAIR ST.
FOODY HOUSE BLOCK.

WEAK MEN
INSTANT RELIEF. Cure in 15 days. Never returns. I will send (sealed) FREE to my fellow sufferers a prescription to enlarge small weak organs. A sure cure for Emissions, Lost Manhood, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc. Address with stamp.
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By Palace Side-Wheel Steamers of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.
Via Steamer Idlewild to Detriot. Fare about $13 round trip from Toledo to Mackinac, including meals and berths.
The Best and Quickest Service at Lowest Rates.
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FOR PUT-IN BAY & MIDDLE BASS
The Elegant New Side-Wheel Steel Steamer
CITY OF TOLEDO
Will leave Quale's dock, foot of Madison St., for Put-in-Bay and Middle Bass daily at 9 o'clock a. m., connecting at Put-in-Bay with steamers for Cleveland, Kelley's Island, Sandusky, Lakeside and Detroit.
For further information apply to
E. S. TRITES, Passenger Agent. A. W. COLTON, Gen. Manager.

GRUMMOND'S MACKINAC LINE.
Lake Tours—$24 to Green Bay and return; $16 to Petoskey and return; $13 to Mackinac and return. Including meals and berth.
Departures—Tuesdays and Saturdays at 8 a. m. for Mackinac and way ports; Thursdays, July 21, Aug. 4, 18, September 1, for Mackinac, Green Bay and Petoskey, direct. For further information apply to F. N. QUALE,
Foot Madison St., Toledo, O.

Steamer Douglass!
Leaves for Monroe daily at 10 a. m.; returning at 7 p. m.; Sundays, 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. Fare week days, 35c round trip; Sundays 25c. Special rates to picnic parties.
HARRY TYRIE, Master.

STEAMER BURT
Daily from Foot of Jefferson St.
For Marengo Park at 10 a. m., 2, 4:30 and 8 p. m.
For Perrysburg 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.
Leave Marengo Park 12:45, 3:15, 6:30 and 10:30 p. m.
Leave Perrysburg 12:15 and 6 p. m.
Fare 20 cents round trip.

LAKE SUPERIOR
TRANSIT COMPANY.
Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland, Detroit, Duluth.
For stateroom, berths and all information address, or call on T. H. BARNDULL, ticket agt., 123 Summit st., (2nd floor) Toledo, O.

FOR DETROIT
STEAMER IDLEWILD
Leaves foot of Jefferson street every week day at 8:30 a. m.; every Sunday 9:00 a. m., returning, arrive 8 p. m. S. Canfield, Agent.

Toledo, Miami, Perrysburg, and Fort Meigs,
Str. C. B. Wallace,
Leaves foot of Monroe street as follows:

Leaves Toledo.	Leaves Perrysburg.
10:00 a m	7:15 a m
2:30 p m	12:15 p m
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Moonlight ride every Sunday night; leaves Toledo 6:30 p. m.; leaves Perrysburg at 8 p. m.
CAPT. J. LANGE, Manager.

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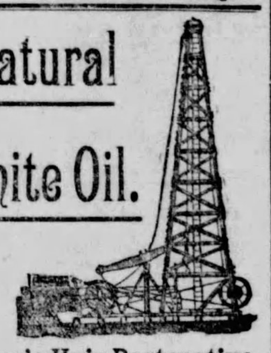

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Positively Cures Dandruff.
Stops Hair from Falling Out.
Price 50 Cents. For sale by all Druggists.

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We make Morning Deliveries and Guarantee Satisfaction.
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MICHIGAN LAKE ICE CO.
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PHONE 468.

EIGHT ($8) DOLLARS

For Eight Dollars we will make you the best set of teeth that can be made on rubber, no better made no matter how much you pay.
And remember we are the only dentists in the city that make our own Vitalized Air and Gas, which makes it purer and safer, and while is acknowledged by all to be the only true and genuine anaesthetic for the Painless Extraction of Teeth, and especially is this the case with children, and if once taken by them they will never have teeth out any other way. Crown and bridge work cheaper than ever.
TAFT'S DENTAL ROOMS.
237 Summit Street, Toledo, O.
Office open at all hours.

STORAGE
AND GENERAL TRUCKING.
Covered Vans for Furniture
FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE
Delivered to and from Depots or any part the City.
The Moreton Truck and Storage Co

Rheumatism and Neuralgia!
IS POSITIVELY CURED BY
RHEUMATOLE!
For sale by Druggists, or
THE KAW MEDICINE CO., TOLEDO, O., U. S. A

FACE MASSAGE
Treatment of Hair and Scalp.
Facial Blemishes of every description permanently removed without the use of harmful compounds. The face treatment teaches one how to care for and keep the face free from imperfections. Superfluous hair permanently removed by electricity. Consultation free from 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.
MRS. L. J. RAYMER,
Dermatologist, 415 Twelfth street.
Treatment by mail.

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PORTLAND CEMENT WORK
For basements, cellars, stables, laundries, &c., laid and warranted.
SCHILLINGER BROS',
Works Lenk St. and Swan Creek.

DR. C. G. CLARK'S BOTANIC LIVER PILL
Contain no calomel, mandrake, croton oil, or poison; will not irritate, constipate, weaken or gripe, and act on the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidney and Blood. If you feel bad, have a sallow skin, dark spots under your eyes, have sick spells, use these, the best pills made, and get well. Having so many calls at my office for these Pills, I have concluded to put them into the drug stores. First, at East, North and West Toledo, Ironville, Auburndale, Air Line Junction, and I. N. Reed's Drug store. Try them and you will use no others. For wholesale at West & Truax, Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, and at my office, 419 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.

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Chemist and Assayer!
Laboratory, 1316 Adams St
PHONE 918

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The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.
Summit, Chestnut & Mulberry Sts.
TICKET OFFICES at Station and on Madison Street, under Boody House.
THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS BY CENTRAL TIME
* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday

FROM TOLEDO TO	Arrive.	Depart.
Phila. & New York.	†9:45 a m	†7:20 a m
Balto. & Wash't'n.	†9:45 a m	†7:20 a m
Mansfield & Pittsb'g	†9:45 a m	†7:20 a m
Phila. & New York.	†5:10 p m	†2:25 p m
Balto. & Wash't'n.	†5:10 p m	†2:25 p m
Mansfield & Pittsb'g	†5:10 p m	†2:25 p m
Phila. & New York.	*11:25 p m	*9:00 p m
Balto. & Wash't'n.	*11:25 p m	*9:00 p m
Mansfield & Pittsb'g	*11:25 p m	*9:00 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.
Norwalk Division—East.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Bos. & Chi. Accom.	9:45 a m	5:05 p m
Bos. & Chi. Special.	*7:40 a m	
New York Express.	*10:55 p m	*9:50 a m
Chicago Mail.	*2:47 a m	
Buffalo Accom.	7:35 p m	6:00 a m
Norwalk Accom.	1:40 p m	3:35 p m

Sandusky Division—East.

Bos. & N. Y. Special.		*5:00 p m
N. Y. & Chicago Lim.	*3:25 a m	*11:35 p m
Chi. & N. Y. Ex.	*1:55 p m	*10:30 p m
Buffalo & Chi. Accom	9:35 a m	5:12 p m
Atlantic Express.		*4:05 a m
Accommodation	7:45 p m	5:40 a m
Fast Mail.		*2:55 p m

Old Road—West.

Chicago Accom.	*9:15 a m	*7:50 p m
Boston & Chi. Spe.		*7:45 a m
Fast N. Y. & Bos. Ex	*10:25 p m	
Fast Mail.	*2:50 p m	
Michigan Accom.	4:40 p m	9:50 a m

Air Line Division—West.

Chi. & Bos. Special.	*4:55 p m	
Atlantic Express.	*3:55 a m	
N. Y. & Chi. Lim.	*11:50 p m	*3:30 a m
Chicago Fast Mail.		*2:57 a m
Chicago Express.		*2:00 p m
Pacific Express.		*11:10 p m
Buff. & Chi. Accom.	4:25 p m	10:00 a m
Kendallville Accom.	9:20 a m	6:00 p m

Jackson Branch.

Express	9:15 a m	9:50 a m
Express	4:40 p m	7:50 p m

Lansing Branch.

Express	2:50 p m	9:50 a m
Express	10:25 p m	

Kalamazoo & Grand Rapids Branch.

Express	2:50 p m	11:10 p m
Express	10:25 p m	9:50 a m

Detroit Branch.

Express	9:42 a m	7:42 a m
Express	4:48 p m	10:10 a m
Express	8:22 p m	4:05 p m

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON.
Union Depot.

Cin. & Ind. Express.	*5:25 a m	10:15 a m
Cin. & Ind. Express.	4:00 p m	*3:30 p m
Cin. & Ind. Express.	9:00 p m	*11:40 p m
Cincinnati

POLICE COMMISSIONERS

Meet in Regular Bi-Weekly Session.

Reports of Officials Submitted—The City's Health — Adjournment Taken for One Week.

The police commissioners met in regular session last evening, all members present except Messrs. Stager and Doville.

Health Officer Fisher read the regular monthly reports of the several offices within his jurisdiction. The meat inspector's report showed 1,032 pounds of veal, 1,690 pounds of pork, and 1,625 pounds of beef, among other meats, condemned; also 24 crates of berries condemned.

The mortality report showed 93 deaths, a rate of 12.10 per thousand.

A circular issued from the authorities at Washington was read, which directs the officials of marine service hospitals on the great lakes to vaccinate the crews of vessels to prevent the spread of smallpox and other contagious diseases.

Health Officer Fisher read a paper to the board in which he thoroughly and in a clear manner set forth the dire results of neglect of maintaining a strict sanitary vigilence in the city. He stated that the ordinance requires that the abatement of certain nuisances must first be approved by the council, necessiating fatal delay.

Mr. Waring offered a motion that the health officer confer with City Solicitor Read, looking to a change of the ordinance by which the police board would have full power to act. The motion prevailed.

The question of a pest house came up once more. The council refused to approve of the site selected by the board. Dr. Fisher made a statement, calling attention to the absolute need of such place. He stated that there was not a single place to even shelter such a patient, much less to give the required care. He said the city would have an experience sometime that would cost very dearly for this negligence. The board concluded that it had done all it could in the matter, and now it remained with the council to find a place or let it go.

Dr. Fisher reported that the sanitary force during the summer months is always very busy, that this month the men combined put in 53 days' extra duty. In view of all this he thought it was unfair to ask the men to serve on Sundays, as it has been the custom to detail these men to the cemeteries on Sunday. He suggested that officers Mason and McGuire, who have been retired to the pension fund, be called out for this duty. The board concurred with Dr. Fisher, and the chief was instructed to detail the two officers.

The clerk read Chief Raitz's monthly report, which showed 395 arrests in city cases and 97 in state cases, a total of 492 cases.

Frank Monroe, a saloon-keeper, presented a bill against Officer Charles McGuire for "goods delivered." The board refused to take any action.

The following communication was read by the clerk:

V. J. Emmick:

Dear Sir: About six weeks ago I was arrested by Officer McPartland, while in company with my wife, at the corner of Adams and Superior streets.

After I had examined the warrant, I explained that I was not the party designated. He refused to believe me or to take any means to ascertain whether he was mistaken. Parties within a hundred feet of the spot knew me.

He forced me to accompany him through the streets. I have reason to believe that he was not in condition to perform his duty. If otherwise, he is not competent for such duty. I request an investigation by the police commissioners.

Respectfully,
H. W. ASHLEY.

The charges took their regular course.

Chief Raitz, through Sergeant Robison, preferred charges against Officer Schoedder, stating that he reported at the station in a drunken condition on the evening of July 4. The case will come up in its regular course.

Attorney J. H. Southard made a little talk in behalf of the butchers' union, the members of which have been for some time endeavoring to secure a part of the Sabbath day to themselves by having the butchers close at a specified hour in the morning.

Mr. Waring moved that Chief Raitz be instructed to see that all butcher shops are closed at 8 o'clock in the morning, which was seconded by Mr. Potter and adopted.

As there was still much business ahead, the board adjourned one week.

THE G. A. R. OF TOLEDO

Will Go to Washington Over Two Hundred Strong.

The Various Local Posts Have Completed Their Arrangements and Selected Lines of Travel.

The various Toledo Grand Army posts have made their arrangements to attend the national encampment at Washington, September 20, 21, 22, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. About 200 will go from Toledo proper, and a large number from the surrounding towns will join the local forces and proceed to the front en masse.

Toledo post one hundred strong will go by the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad, passing through some interesting country on the line of the B. & O.

Volunteer post will take 50 and perhaps more going by the Pennsylvania railroad.

Forsyth post will travel by the Chesapeake & Ohio. They will leave Toledo, September 17, at 10 a. m., and will reach Washington, Sunday, the 18th. The post will run a free commissary car, which will be accessible to every man wearing a G. A. R. uniform and a Forsyth post badge. Rooms have been secured by the post in some of the public school buildings and apartments will be set aside for the ladies.

Toledo will be a place of rendezvous, and G. A. R. men will center here from all about, proceeding on the journey on special trains.

Ford post, East Toledo, will accompany Forsyth post on the C. & O. road.

LAKESIDE.

Every Day Brings More People to this Summer Resort.

Lakeside, O., July 7.—(Special)—Every boat and train brings more visitors and residents for the summer.

The Baptist Young People's Assembly program for yesterday was as follows: 6 a. m., prayer meeting in the temple, led by Rev. R. Hughes, Loudonville; at 8:30 a. m., Bible study, the gospels, led by Rev. H. F. Holby, D. D., Dayton; 9:30, university lecture, "Consciousness," by D. B. Purinton, LL. D., Granville, and at 11 a. m., address, "Young People in the Sunday School," in the temple; 8 p. m., lecture "The Art of Living," in the auditorium, by Rev. C. R. Henderson, D. D., Detroit, Mich.

Fishing seems to be one of the chief occupations of the afternoon. Long strings, short strings, and sometimes one fish are carried home, but the people enjoy it whether the catch is great or small.

Among the other attractions for July 7 is a lecture at 8 p. m., "William Carey," by Rev. J. W. A. Stewart, Rochester, N. Y.

NOTHING BETTER FOR CHILDREN

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The English Royal marines are unsurpassed by any troops in the world. They enlist with a character, and they learn a trade. They serve for twelve years, or for twenty-one with a pension, instead of being turned a drift at 24. And when they are discharged there is competition for them among employers.

You hardly realize that it is medicine, when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

COMFORT FOR THE AGED

Food Better Than Medicine Dosing—What Physicians Say About Lactated Food.

"The old folks do not need medicine so much as they do pure and nourishing food," said a physician yesterday.

"In three or four score years of life, a great many tons of food have been digested, and this wear and tear results in weakness of the digestive organs. Stimulate them with medicine," he continued, "and the effect is speedy destruction. Nourish them with an easily digested and strengthening food, and strength will return."

The best physicians in the world indorse this theory. And they have found that lactated food, the perfect food for infants, whose digestive organs are of the weakest, gives the same happy success when used for the aged.

Albert A. McDonald, M. D., consulting physician of the Infants' Home, and physician in the General Hospital, Toronto, Ont., says: "I have used lactated food for some time and have found it especially useful in cases of impaired digestion in infants and old people."

Dr. Thomas G. Herron, of Cincinnati, says: "It is with honest satisfaction that I recommend lactated food. I have used it with perfect success in a large number of cases, both of the infant and the aged."

In many families lactated food is used by nearly every one in the family. It gives the baby firm flesh, strong bones, and rosy cheeks; it forms a pleasant and strength-giving variation of the mother's diet, while it is the only food that will easily digest and satisfy the hunger of the aged grandparents.

JOYS OF THE GYMKHANA.

Suggestions for Getting Up Good Sport in Vacation Time.

country and seaside resorts are filled with people whose chief object in life is to amuse and be amused, that among this community the expression, "What shall we do?" is not infrequently heard.

There is no better day's fun than to get up a gykhana. It isn't too hard and can be managed by any clever fellow who wants to attain to a speedy popularity in the country town where he spends his vacation. Gymkhana is Hindustani, and means the house, or gathering of games. Like polo, tent-pegging and lawn tennis, the games were started in India, the idea having been learned from the Sikhs. An essential of a successful gymkhana is a large field, where a race course can be flagged out. There must be at least a couple of steeplechases. Then you want as level a track as possible for ordinary races, the stretch of which can be used for trick races.

A good race of this sort is to make each competitor ride bareback to the limit of the course, say a quarter of a mile, carrying his saddle with him, when, reaching the post, he must saddle his horse, and lighting a cigar come in past the winning post with the weed alight.

Tandem riding makes a good race. The driver rides one pony while he tries to keep the leader on the course with the help of reins and a tandem whip. These trick races can be made with infinite variety, and are always the cause of much fun and laughter. A donkey race, in which the last man past the post wins, is very amusing. Naturally everybody whips everybody's jackass but his own, the donkeys, perhaps, not having as happy a time as they might have.

A tent-pegging competition ought to form part of the programme. A tent peg is driven firmly into the ground, leaving from 4 to 5 inches of the peg above the ground. Each competitor rides full tilt at this, armed with a long bamboo spear, metal tipped. The object is to leave the peg from the ground and carry it off on the tip of the spear. One of the best tent-peggers, despite his age, is Gen. Lord Roberts, who is usually good for three out of four pegs.

An animal race is essential, and the more that join in it the merrier the fun. In this race ladies can enter their choice, and the more varied these are the greater the enjoyment. Any animals, except horses or ponies, or birds, are eligible for entry, but it is as well at the starting post not to put antagonistic entries too near one another. In one case a well-trained tropical cockroach was entered, and its station at the starting post was next to a domestic hen. The truth of the negro proverb, "that cockroach when he give party never ax fowl," was here xemplified, for though the cockroach came in second, beaten by a neck, the neck was, however, that of the fowl that had swallowed it. Among the enteries there should always be one or two pigs. They always make fun.

An obstacle race must not be omitted. Here human ingenuity and invention should have full scope. The water jump should be wide enough to preclude all chance of one's clearing it, and the suspended barrels should be old flour barrels. In an obstacle race in the tropics the writer remembers that there was a large tarpaulin firmly pegged to the ground, just giving room for the men to riggle under it. As it had been exposed all day to the sun, the contestants come out from under it done on both sides.

Beyond this was a table on which were large stale buns. Each man had to eat one of these, and then finish a quart bottle of very effervescent ginger beer. The struggles to get away with these two commodities was most laughable. A blindfolded wheelbarrow race leads to many queer mishaps, especially if there are any pieces of water around. Each competitor should ed wheelbarrow race leads to many queer until he is quite ignorant in which direction he is facing. The man who thinks he is going straight for the goal and is wildly cheered by his friends suddenly finds himself in the water jump, much to the joy of the spectators.

It is seldom that there is an accident in a gymkhana. Everything as a rule moves smoothly, the competitors are all friends, and only laugh over one another's mishaps when the day is over, and the sports all gone over again at the dinner table.—N. Y. Recorder.

TO SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITORS.

Depositors in savings banks in this state (where the law so limits your bank investments that they can't pay you more than 3 1-2 or 4 per cent.), should send for "The Way to Win." There's no law preventing your planting a portion of your savings in Chicago—we have some Chicago real estate which is as safe as the best savings bank, and pays more profitable rates of interest. Write to-day to Jas. E. & Robt. L. McElroy & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Chicago.

THEY WERE SEASICK.

And the Nerve of the Bride Alone Saved the Marriage from Failure.

A clandestine marriage took place outside the heads yesterday morning on the tug Ida W., says the San Francisco Chronicle. The groom was a Christian and the bride a Jewess. They took a minister with them, who performed the ceremony. The groom is believed to be a resident of this city, while the bride is thought to be a resident of Oakland.

This marriage at sea was a little out of the general run. On Tuesday evening a young man appeared on Mission Pier 1 and wanted to charter the stern wheel steamer Grace Barton to go outside the heads. He said he had just run away with an Oakland young lady and that they must be married right away. When told that the Grace Barton could not go outside he appeared very much disappointed and endeavored to get the Ida W. Capt. Dan James dissuaded him from going out to sea at night, as the bar was breaking. After a consultation with the prospective bride it was decided that the wedding should be deferred until yesterday morning.

Promptly at 9 o'clock yesterday morning the bridal couple boarded the Ida W. They were accompanied by the groom's sister, her husband, and a tall, slim minister. The bride was good-looking, short and plump. She was of dark complexion and her features were of the Jewish cast. She appeared about 19 years old. Her dress was snuff colored, and she wore a small hat. The groom was about medium size and nicely dressed in a black suit. He did not appear over 19 years old, and only the faintest sign of a mustache was visible on his upper lip.

There was a pretty good swell on the bay, but the wedding party insisted upon remaining upon deck, and located themselves on a big hawser at the stern of the tug. As Point Bonita was reached the tug began to pitch and roll. When directly beneath the north and south heads a comber broke over the tug, deluging the wedding party. Not a dry stitch remained on any of them after this. The tug began to pitch about like a feather. The party got seasick and huddled together in the cabin. About this time the groom's face became ghastly white. The minister also appeared to be in great distress.

"This is awful," whispered the divine; "I am so sick."

The brother-in-law seemed to stand the ordeal quite well, but the prospective groom wilted. "Do let us turn back, captain," said he, "I can't stand this any longer."

"No, we will not," cried the bride; "at least not until we are married."

"All right, my plucky girl," said Capt. James, "the marriage goes."

The tug had reached the three-league limit and was slowed down with her head on to the high sea running. The minister pulled himself together, and the bride attempted to rise, when a lurch of the tug threw her across the cabin. The groom also started to rise, but fell back with the exclamation: "I can't get up; my legs are in the way."

He got on his knees and the ceremony was performed with celerity and the ring slipped on the bride's finger. The tug was then headed for port.

The bar was very choppy coming in and the bridal couple were sick. The bride was the first to recover on getting inside and was very loving, petting and caressing the groom and doing all in her power to bring him back to himself. The bridal party was landed at Vallejo street.

HE OBEYED ORDERS.

The story is told in a French newspaper of Pierre Barlat, a poor laborer who lived at Sevres, near Paris, with his wife, Jeanne, and their three children. Industrious, frugal, knowing nothing of the way to the wine shop, Pierre saved all his spare money, working harder and harder, and at last bought the tiny cottage in which they lived. It was a tiny cottage, indeed—built of stones, with tiled roof, standing amid shrubs and covered with clematis. It always attracted the eye of the traveler, on the left, as he crossed the Sevres bridge.

Pierre and Jeanne worked and scraped and saved until the little cottage was paid for, and made a feast when it was all done to celebrate their ownership. A landed proprietor, to be sure, does not mind an occasional expenditure to entertain his friends.

All this Pierre and Jeanne had accomplished just before the war of 1870, with Germany, broke out. The conscription fell upon Pierre, who, moreover, was an old soldier, and belonged to the reserves. A gunner he had been, famous for skill in hitting a mark with a shell.

Sevres had fallen into the hands of the Germans, but the French guns were pounding away at them from the fort on Mont Valerian. Pierre Barlat was a gunner at that fort, and, one wintry day, was standing by his gun, when Gen. Noel, the commander, came up and leveled his field glass at the Sevres bridge.

"Gunner," he said, sharply, without looking at Pierre.

"General," answered Pierre, respectfully saluting.

"Do you see the Sevres bridge over there?"

"I see it very well, sir."

"And that little cottage there, at the left, in a thicket of shrubs?"

Pierre turned pale.

"I see it, sir."

"It's a nest of Prussians. Try it with a shell, my man."

Pierre turned paler still, and in spite of the cold wind that made the officers shiver in their great coats, one might have seen big drops of sweat standing out on his forehead; but nobody noticed the gunner's emotion.

He sighted his piece carefully, deliberately; then fired.

The officers with their glasses, marked the effect of the shot after the smoke had cleared. "Well hit, my man! well hit!" exclaimed the general, looking at Pierre with a smile. The cottage couldn't have been very solid. It is completely smashed."

He was surprised to see great tears running down the gunner's cheeks.

"What's the matter, man?" the general asked rather roughly.

"Pardon me, general," said Pierre, recovering himself, "it was my house—everything I had in the world."

Affections of the bowels, so prevalent in children, cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

BURGLARS.

Bryan, O., July 7—(Special)—Ben Foust's residence was broken into Tuesday night and a pair of pants containing $6 was taken.

Bathe the FACE AND HANDS when heated, the HEAD when hot and aching, the FEET when tired and swollen, with POND'S EXTRACT. It is healing, cooling, refreshing; quickly reducing any inflammation, speedily inducing sleep. Unequaled for insect bites.

Manufactured only by Pond's Extract Co., 76 Fifth ave., New York. Refuse substitutes.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

BARKER'S

Blood Tonic—The Best Spring Medicine in Use.

It will rebuild the run down system of the overworked business man. It will restore the appetite and the rosy hue of youth to the pale face over taxed school child.

It will give strength to mothers enabling them to care better for the nursing infant. It will cure boils and carbuncles.

Containing no harmful ingredients it may be given to children. Prepared only by

R. C. SPOHN

2145 MONROE ST., TOLEDO, O.

CHANGE of LIFE whether in early girlhood or later on in adult years of the gentler sex is considered a dangerous and momentous period. Passed safely it means everything which is bright and beautiful, otherwise it may mean perpetual ailing, intense suffering, perhaps Death; now and then an Insane Asylum. It was after many years successful experience as a practising physician and constant study of the subject that I put up in popular form to be sold through the druggists, my remedy known as

Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon

and Cleansing Wash for the cure of all Female Complaints, no mattter from what cause. Without charge I answer all letters from those who wish advice on this most important subject; and furthermore I send two bottles free of *Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon* in this way any lady may assure herself of its great curative qualities before going to the expense of buying from the drug store.

CHANGE of LIFE

DR. J. B. MARCHISI, 35 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Change of Life.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1876.

Dr. J. B. Marchisi: Dear Sir—Those ladies undergoing the "Change of Life" cannot give too much praise to your Catholicon, as it is just the medicine that those ladies should take. No doubt but what thousands of ladies have been relieved and cured besides myself. Several have come under my observation. Yours Truly,

MRS SARAH MILSTED.

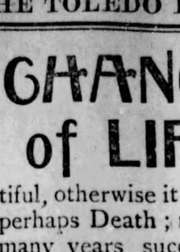
Brings Her Safely Through Change of Life.

SCRANTON, PA., Feb. 2, 1891.

Dr. Marchisi: Dear Sir—Ten years ago I saw your advertisement in one of our papers, and learned that I could be cured, so I procured one bottle of your Catholicon. In one week I was so much improved that I continued taking it, and it brought me safely through the "change of life" without an ache or pain of any kind. I have been buying and recommending it for the past ten years. Yours, etc.,

Mrs. E. J. FRITZ, 522½ Linden St.,

WEAK, NERVOUS MEN.



YOU, who have been humbugged by the "Electric Belts," "Follow Sufferer," "Crayon," "Vacuum," "Nervine," "Free Cure," quacks, and who have found yourself growing worse and worse, You, who have given up in despair, saying, "I am doomed; there is no hope for me;" to you I say: UP, and SAVE YOURSELF! THERE IS HOPE! THERE IS A CURE! No matter what you have taken or who has failed to cure you, write me a full history of your case and send for Book (free) and Question List.

HONORABLE SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT

Thousands Cured. Forty years' experience. Consult the Old Doctor. All Private, Nervous and CHRONIC DISEASES of either sex skillfully and successfully treated and a cure guaranteed in every curable case. Married men or those about to marry, who dread their weakness or incapacity, or whose blood is loaded with impurities transmissible to offspring, should consult the celebrated Dr. Clarke at once. Consultation personally or by letter, free and confidential. Medicines sent everywhere, secure from exposure. A friendly letter may aid you and direct you to health. Address

Established 1851. DR. F. D. CLARKE, Merrill Block, Cor. Woodward & Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich

PIANOS DECKER BROS HAINES BROTHERS, C. & J. Fischer and Baldwin.

Oldest and Largest Piano House in the State of Ohio.

2 Summit Street D. H. BALDWIN & CO.

LOST MANHOOD

NERVITIS—(Piver's French Nerve Remedy) sold with written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Nervousness, Headache, Lost Manhood, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power in either sex, abuse of Alcohol or Tobacco, Sleeplessness caused by overexertion or youthful indiscretion, leading to infirmity, consumption and insanity. $1 a package; 6 for $5, by mail to any address. With every $5 order a written guarantee to cure or refund money; 8-page circular free. Correspondence confidential.

Before and After. Sold by R. C. Spohn, 2145 Monroe street.

PIVER'S REMEDY CO., Toledo, O.

THE U. S. MAIL CHUTE

as in use in the leading modern office buildings, apartment houses and hotels, is furnished by arrangement with the Post Office Department in connection with the U. S. Free Collection Service, and under the Cutler System of Mail Chute and Mail Box patents, only by the

Cutler Manufacturing Co.,

Please write for a circular. Rochester, N. Y.

OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH

The Merchants' & Clerks' Savings Bank, 338 Summit St.

NEAR THE CORNER OF ADAMS.

Interest paid on Savings and Time Deposits. Money loaned on approved security. Drafts issued in all parts of Europe.

OLIVER S. BOND, President. JOHN E. BAILEY, Vice President.
E. LOUIS SCHOMBURG, Cashier.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Street Grading.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 18TH DAY OF JULY, 1892,

improving Park street from the center of South street to the center of Western avenue by grading the same its full width to the established grade and providing the necessary drainage, culverts, etc.

Also for improving Page street from the east gutter line of Lagrange street to the center of Elm street by grading the same its full width and providing the necessary drainage, culverts, etc.

Also for improving Williams street from Oliver street to Broadway by grading the same its full width to the established grade and providing the necessary drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid for that part of the improvement lying in the street intersections in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work and the remainder of the cost will be paid in an assessment levied upon the abutting property in two installments, one-half payable in ten days after the passage and legal publication of the assessing ordinance, and the remainder in one year thereafter.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of One Hundred Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the comon council.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.

july-2-e-o-d-2-w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Artesian Well.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 11TH DAY OF JULY, 1892,

for boring an Artesian Well at the corner of Missouri street and Detroit avenue.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the deposits to be in cash or certified check on bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the comon council.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.

july-2-e-o-d-2-w

CAMPAIGN DRUMS

Big Variety! Big Stock! Low Prices! at

Ignaz Fischer's Music House,

229 SUMMIT STREET.

I H G F E D C B A

Warum Bros., 508 ADAMS ST.

Manufacturers of

TRUSSES!

Abdominal and other Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Bandages, Crutches, Shoulder Braces, Syringes, Rubber Goods, etc., etc.

Special appliances manufactured to order.

Trusses, etc., adjusted by an expert who will call at your residence if desired.

PICTURE FRAMES AND ENLARGING.

A specialty of nice work and low prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

F. A. MOHR, 514 OAK ST, NEAR SUMMIT

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Williams Street Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 1ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1892,

for improving Williams street from St. Clair street to Broadway by paving the central twenty-six feet thereof with either Medina stone, Vitrified Brick, Cedar Block or Trinidad Asphalt laid on a foundation of hydraulic cement concrete, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, gutters, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid for that part of the improvement lying in the street intersections in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work and the remainder of the cost will be paid in an assessment levied upon the abutting property in two installments, one-half payable in ten days after the passage and legal publication of the assessing ordinance, and the remainder in one year thereafter.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Two Hundred Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the comon council.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.

july-2-e-o-d-2-w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Collingwood Avenue Grading.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 18TH DAY OF JULY, 1892,

for improving Collingwood avenue from Forrer street to Nebraska avenue, by grading the sidewalk beds on said avenue to the established grade.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid for that part of the improvement lying in the street intersections in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work and the remainder of the cost will be paid in an assessment levied upon the abutting property in one installment, payable in ten days after the passage of the assessing ordinance.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Seventy-Five Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the comon council.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.

july-2-e-o-d-2-w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Turnpiking.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 18TH DAY OF JULY, 1892,

for improving Lee street from the center of Walbridge avenue to the west gutter line of Sumner street by turnpiking the central thirty feet thereof and providing the necessary culverts, drainage, etc.

Also for improving Brigham street from the center of Comstock avenue to the center of Ketcham avenue by turnpiking the central thirty feet thereof and providing the necessary drainage, culverts, etc.

Also for improving Pomeroy street from the center of Comstock avenue to the center of Ketcham avenue, by turnpiking the central thirty feet thereof and providing the necessary drainage, culverts, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid for that part of the improvement lying in the street intersections in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work and the remainder of the cost will be paid in an assessment levied upon the abutting property in one installment, payable in ten days after the passage of the assessing ordinance.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Fifty Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the comon council.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.

july-2-e-o-d-2-w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Maplewood Avenue Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 1ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1892,

for improving Maplewood avenue from the paving in Virginia street to the south gutter line of Delaware avenue by paving the central twenty-eight feet thereof with Trinidad Asphalt laid on a foundation of hydraulic cement concrete, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Three Hundred Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the comon council.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.

july-2-e-o-d-4-w

SUMMER RESORTS.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

In addition to being favorite in fall and winter it is most desirable, cool, and delightful for spring and summer visitors. Located in the HEART OF NEW YORK CITY, at Fifth avenue and Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets, and overlooking Central Park and Plaza Square. Convenient to places of amusement and stores. Fifth avenue stages, cross-town, and belt-line horse cars pass the doors. Terminal station Sixth Avenue Elevated road within half a block. Conducted on American and European plans. The water and ice used are vaporized and frozen on the premises and certified as to purity by Professor Charles F. Chandler. SUMMER RATES.

LAKE ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

NEW BALTIMORE, MICH.

This new and splendidly furnished "Home" is situated on Anchor Bay of Lake St. Clair, six miles across from the famous St. Clair Flats hunting and fishing grounds. Is on the mainland and surrounded by nice driving country. Affords excellent opportunities for driving and unrivaled facilities for yachting, boating, bathing, fishing, hunting, etc. This beautiful, safe, sheltered bay has no large floating commerce to interefere with fishing and boating parties, and no strong current to carry one away in case of loss of oars, etc. Air pure, fresh and bracing—always cool. Good Livery and Boat House in connection.

This Hotel is now open for the season. Rates $2 per day. Special terms by week or month and to families.

ilies.

From Toledo take the Idlewild to Detroit. Change there to Stmr. Hattie, foot of Randolph street, arriving at Hotel in time for supper.

The "Dearest" Place ON EARTH

Is the home you're paying rent for.

You may have a nice home and rent may be very low but you have nothing to show for the money you pay out.

It doesn't cost much more to build your own home, and every cent you invest in it now will be worth two later on.

Englewood, Shaw's Monroe Street, Brandon Heights, East Toledo, North Toledo, West Toledo, South Toledo.

H. S. Walbridge & Co. 320 Summit St.

Property all over.

Don't Forget

To call at 610 St. Clair St.,

Mettler's old stand, where you can see a complete line of

Ladies' Cabinets, Side Boards, Extension Tables, and Parlor Suites,

OF THE LATEST DESIGNS,

JUST RECEIVED.

WM. DRANSFIELD.

BUGGY SALE!

—AT—

MERRELL & CO., SUPERIOR ST.

HARNESS FREE WITH EACH SALE.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE

The Great English Remedy.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address

Before and After.

THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Toledo by all wholesale and retail druggists.

DR. MINGOS!

Corner Oak and Summit street, cures all private diseases, Catarrh, Scrofula, Ulcers, Eruption on Skin, Syphilis, and all disorders arising from its effects cured forever. No hindrance to business. Use no mercury. All medicines prepared by mlself. Have never failed in curing a case. No experiments are made—but a sure cure. On account of treating so many cases charges are kept low. A sure and positive cure for all cases of Gonorrhoea or Gleet in a week or no charges. Patients treated at home. Medicines sent to any town. Also a sure and positive cure for all female complaints, Leucorrhoea or Whites. A private home secured for ladies pending and during confinement. Ladies in need, call or write. Consultation free and private. Hours 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Are You ALIVE?
Can You READ?
Can You REMEMBER?
Do You want to SAVE $10, $15 or $20 IN MONEY?
SEE AUSTIN,
And try the HIGH ARM No. 9. It is the best Sewing Machine on earth—sold on the most liberal terms—no interest. Trial free to all. Agents Wanted.
Office 317 Adams St. 'Pone 508.

IN TRADING CIRCLES.

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Currents for Produce and Other Articles.

The receipts of wheat to-day at Minneapolis and Duluth are 257,453 bu., and at five other western ports 398,328 bu., an aggregate of 655,781 bu. On the same Thursday in 1891 the receipts were 239,006 bu.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were: Wheat, 202,585 bu., and flour to an aggregate of 560,000 bu. Exports of corn 68,437 bu., and of oats 16,388 bu.

English markets are dull at Liverpool, and firmer in London.

The Hatch Bill.

A dispatch from Washington says the Hatch bill has been reported to the senate without any recommendation whatever.

Russian Grain Shipments and the Cholera.

Chicago telegraphs that indications are that all shipments from Black Sea ports may be stopped, owing to the spread of cholera in Europe. Cases are said to have occurred in Paris and London. The dispatch looks fishy. Russian vessels may be quarantined.

The Markets To-Day.

Present quotations for winter wheat at Liverpool for August equal 94c per bu. A water freight thence is 10c per bu. The value of Toledo No. 2 wheat for mixing in New York, or at the premium in Liverpool is 3c above the grade quoted. Dealers can make their own conclusions about relative values.

There is hardly a bull item to be mentioned in connection with the markets. The export movement continues moderate. The weather from the seaboard to the Rockies leaves nothing to be desired. The general opinion is that the Hatch bill will yet come before the senate, and that if it does it will pass. Under these conditions the market is poorly supplied with buyers, and new wheat dealers are disposed to sell it, and the markets quite naturally are lower.

Corn presents no new features. It has improved at the seaboard and is lower in Chicago.

Foreign markets, following our own, are reported as closing easier.

In New York August wheat closed 5-8c and September 7-8c lower; August and September corn 3-8c up; July oats 1-2c down.

In Chicago August and September wheat 3-4c lower; August corn 7-8c lower, September unchanged; July oats 1-8c lower.

In Toledo the wheat market has been quite active and lower. Interior deals selling, and the buying to cover spreads and shorts. We do not learn of seaboard buyers. The price has broken off rather steadily and closes July and August 1c and September 8 1-4c lower. On the call first half of July sold at 81 3-4c, and August at 80 1-4c. After the call July sold at 81c and closed at 80 3-8c. August sold at 80c and closed at 79 1-2c. September sold at 81c and closed at 80c sellers.

Cash wheat was dull and closed 1 1-2c lower, with only limited sales. No. 2 soft sold at 82c and at close 81 1-2c was the market. No. 3 soft at 77 1-2c.

Corn—No. 2 cash and July at 51c. September at 50 3-4c. No. 3 at 47 1-2c. No. 4 at 40c. No inspection at 35 to 10c. Nothing in oats. No. 2 about 35c.

Chicago Opening.

Chicago, July 7.—Opening: Wheat—July, 77 3-8c; September, 77c. Corn—July 50 1-2c; September, 49c. Oats—September, 31 1-2c. Pork—September, $11 62 1-2. Lard—September, $7 15. Ribs—September, $7 35.

Cotton Failure.

London, July 7.—Some excitement has been caused in the Liverpool cotton trade by the failure of Isaac Cook & Sons for £150,000. They conducted what was known as the Cook syndicate in cotton, and were carrying from 95,000 to 100,000 bales. The recent change in the market affected them disastrously, as they had been counting on higher prices and were caught in the decline. Although they did not have an extensive credit it was feared that other complications might follow if they were allowed to go into bankruptcy, and it is said that a syndicate has been formed to meet their obligations and settle their affairs.

Close in New York.

New York, July 7.—Money on call loaned easy at 2 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, 488@489 1-2; actual rates, 487 1-4 @487 1-2 for 60 days and 488 1-4@488 1-2 for demand.

Governments steady; currency, 6s, 106 bid; 4s, coup, 116 bid; extended 2s, registered, 100 bid.

The stock market was dull this morning. Burlington, St. Paul, Rock Island, Chicago Gas, Sugar trusts and Union Pacific absorbed all the trading. The opening prices were irregularly and slightly changed but prices soon hardened and at noon they were 1-8 to 1 per cent. higher, led by Burlington and Sugar trust. Union Pacific was an exception, declining 3-4c by noon. At this writing the market is stagnant. The sales for the morning amounted to 90,609 shares.

Flour dull but steady; Minnesota extra, $2 35@4 85; city mill extra, $4 25@4 55 for West Indies; superfine, $1 90@2 60; fine, $1 70@2 25.

Wheat opened steady at 1-8c decline and fell 1-8c more by noon, when prices were steady; No. 2 red winter, cash, 90 1-4c; July, 85 1-8c; August, 84 7-8c; September, 85 1-8c; October, 86c.

Corn opened weak and 3-8c lower, but subsequently recovered and advanced 1-8c; No. 2 mixed, 59 1-2c; July, 56 1-4c; August, 55 1-2c; September, 55c.

Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed, cash, 38 1-2c; July, 37c; August, 36 3-4c; September, 36 1-8c.

Rye dull; quoted at 80@85c.

Barley neglected. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, 30@36c. Sugar, refined quiet; cutloaf and crushed, 5@5 1-8c; powdered, 4 3-4@4 7-8c; granulated, 4 3-8@4 5-8c. Rice nominal. Coffee steady; fair rio cargoes, 15c. Pork dull but strong; mess, $11 75@12 75. Lard quiet; September, $7 37; October, $7 45. Butter moderately active and steady; creamery state extras, 19@21c; western extra, 21c. Cheese slow and in buyer's favor; state factory full cream, 8 5-8c. Eggs generally firm; fairly active; state new choice, 16 1-2c; western, 15 3-4@16c. Turpentine dull at 29 3-4@30 1-4c. Rosin slow; strained to good, $1 22 1-2@1 25. Tallow fairly active; prime city, 4 5-8c. Petroleum nominal. Freights slow; grain to Liverpool steam, 1d.

New York Live Stock.

New York, July 7.—Cattle—Receipts 1,295 head, including 47 cars for sale. The market was active and 30c per cwt. higher. Sales of native steers at $4 50@5 60 per cwt., bulls and cows at $2 50@3 40. Dressed beef was higher at 7@8 1-4c per lb. Shipments to-day 1,064 beeves and 5,660 quarters of beef; to-morrow 540 beeves.

Calves—Receipts 2,636 had. The market was 1-2c lb higher. Sales of veals at $5 25@7 00 per cwt., buttermilk calves at $3 75@4 50, westerns at $4 00@5 00.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 6,164 head. The market for sheep was steady; lambs 1-2c per lb. higher. Sheep sold at $4 50@5 75 per cwt., lambs at $6 50@8 50. Dressed mutton was firm at 9 1-2@11c per lb. and dressed lambs higher at 11@14c.

Hogs—Receipts 5,995 head, consigned direct. The market was nominally steady. Sales at $5 40@6 00 per cwt.

Buffalo, July 6.—Cattle—Receipts one load through. The market was strong; all sold. Sales of extra steers of 1,500 to 1,600 lbs at $4 60@4 75 per cwt.

Hogs—Receipts 8 loads for sale. The market was higher. Sales of best Yorkers at $5 90@5 95 per cwt., light at $5 80@5 85, pigs at $5 70@5 85, mediums at $5 90@6 05.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 4 cars for sale. The market was dull but steady. Choice to fancy wethers at $5 25@5 60 per cwt., fair to good sheep at $4 25@5 00, lambs, choice to fancy yearlings, at $5 00@5 60, good to best spring lambs at $5 75@7 00.

Chicago, July 7.—Cattle—Receipts 12,000 head, shipments 4,000 head. Sales of choice to extra steers at $5 25@6 00 per cwt., others at $4 50@5 00, stockers at $2 20@3 40, Texans at $3 10@5 25, cows at $3 00@3 75.

Hogs—Receipts 23,000 head, shipments 10,000 head. The market was active; opened stronger to higher and closed a shade weaker. Sales of rough and common at $5 65@5 75 per cwt., mixed and packers at $5 80@5 85, prime heavy and butchers' weights at $5 90@6 00, light at $5 60@5 95.

Sheep—Receipts 8,000 head, shipments 3,000 head. The market was active; best grades of muttons and lambs higher, others lower. Sales of mixed natives at $4 50@5 50 per cwt., wethers at $5 60@6 15, fed Texans at $4 30@4 65, lambs at $3 50@6 75.

Kansas City, July 7.—Cattle—Receipts 4,900 head, shipments 3,300 head. The market for native steers was steady and 10@25c higher, at $3 25@5 35 per cwt., cows 5@10c higher at $2 00@3 00, stockers and feeders 10c higher at $2 55@3 50. Texas steers active and strong to 10@15c higher at $2 55@3 50.

Hogs—Receipts 7,800 head, shipments 1,000 head. The market was active and 10c higher. Sales of all grades at $5 25@5 80 per cwt., the bulk of sales at $5 55@5 70.

Sheep—Receipts 1,400 head, shipments none. Good sheep were wanted and others neglected. Muttons at $4 00 per cwt.

East Liberty, July 7.—Cattle—Receipts 95 head, shipments 80 head. The market closing strong. Prime steers at $4 75@5 00 per cwt., fair to good at $4 20@4 60, common at $3 75@4 20, bulls, cows and stags at $2 50@3 50, fresh cows at $13 00@40 00 per head. No cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts 300 head, shipments 400 head. The market was active. Sales of all grades at $5 80@6 10 per cwt. No hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts 2,200 head, shipments 1,800 head. The market was steady. Best grades at $5 00@5 30 per cwt., fair at $4 25@4 75, common at $1 00@3 00, yearlings at $3 00@3 50, spring lambs at $4 00@6 25.

Veals—Calves at $6 00@6 50.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected daily at King's elevator.—Grain at the elevator—Red wheat, No. 2, 82c; white wheat, No. 2, 78c. Rye—No. 2, 68c. Corn—No. 2, 48c. Oats—White, 36c; mixed, 34c.

Poultry—(Corrected daily by W. O. Brown & Sons)—Dressed chickens in demand at 10c per lb; old chickens, 8c per lb; live ducks, 8c per lb; live turkeys, 9c per lb., and in good demand.

Provisions very firm; pork, mess, $12 00 per bbl; short, $12 50; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams very firm; 18 lbs and over, 12 1-2c; 15 lbs average, 13c; 12 lbs and under, 13c; shoulders, 9c, scarce. Breakfast bacon, clear, 12c; rib, 11c. Smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Market very strong. Calves—Good demand, 6@7c per lb. Hogs—Good demand, 6 1-2@7c.

Butter—Lower; Elgin creamery, 18@19c; gathered creams, 18@19c; fancy Ohio creamery, 18@19c; fancy northwestern creamery, 18@19c; fancy dairy, 12 1-2@13c; prime to choice, 10@12c; medium, 8@10c; common, 5@6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4 3-4c per lb; country, 4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31c; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c.

Vegetables—Business good; demand for all vegetables active and improving. Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. Potatoes, 25@30c per bu; new potatoes, $2 25@2 50 per bbl; new peas, $1 00@1 25 per bu; new green beans, $1 00@1 25 per bu; new wax beans, $1 75@2 00 per bu; sweet potatoes, $1 25@1 50 per bu; onions, $1 00@1 50 per bu; new cauliflower, $2 00@2 25 per doz; beets, 25c per doz; new radishes, 20c per doz; new onions, 15c per doz; lettuce, 5@6c per lb; tomatoes, $1 40@1 50 20 lb case; new green Virginia cabbage, $1 75 cwt 2 bbls; raspberries, $3 00@3 50 per bu; cherries, $3 00@3 50 per bu; blackberries, $3 50@4 00 per bu; peaches, 1-3 bu basket, 90@1 00. California apricots, $1 75@2 00 per case; chreries, $2 00@2 50 per box.

Fruits—Oranges are steadily advancing; California is the principal stock in market now. California oranges, $3 75@4 25 per box; Messina oranges, $4 50@5 00 per box; 1-2 boxes, $2 25@3 00; demand active, $4 50@5 00 per box. Watermelons, 18@22c each.

Oils—Ohio prime white 6 1-2c; Ohio water white, 7c; Indiana prime white, 6 1-2c; Indiana water white, 7c; Michigan prime white, 7c; Michigan water white, 7 1-2c; cocene, 8 1-8c; stove gasoline, 7c; linseed oil, raw, 44c; boiled, 47c. These figures are for barrels. In quantities less than 50 barrels—raw, 42c; and boiled, 45c.

Turpentine—Savannah, firm at 27 1-2c per gal.

Lead—Standard trust, $7 00@7 50; colored lead, $6 00@7 00.

Eggs—Market firm, 15c per doz.

Salt Fish—Mackerel No. 1 large shore, per bbl., $22 00@24 00; No. 1 shore, $19 00@21 00; No. 1 medium, $17 00@18 00; No. 2 shore, $20 00@21 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 1 extra, $11 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 2 shore, $11 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 large, $9 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 small, $8 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl., $8 50; No. 2, $3 50. Lake herring, $1 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 22c per box.

Fresh Fish—White, (upper lake), 7c; No. 2 pickerel, 4c; herring, 2 1-2c; pike, 6 1-2c; pan, 2 1-2c; trout, 7c; soft, 3c; saugers, 4c.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@4c per lb; do screened, 4@4 1-2c; recleaned and handpicked, 5c; white Virginia, 5c.

Coffees—Corrected daily by the Toledo Spice Co.—Green Rio, fair, 15c; good, 17c; prime, 18c; Green Santos, fancy, 22c; Green Java, 25@30c; Roasted Mocha, best, 32c; Java Mandheling, 35c; Old Government, 32c; Java, 30c; Java Imperial, 26c; roasted Rio, bulk, 17 1-2@22 1-2c; German packages, 19 1-4c; Lion packages, 19 1-4c.

Hay—Choice timothy, $14 00&15 00; No. 2 do, $10 00@11 00; mixed, $9 00@10 00. Straw, $6 00@7 00.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 50; spring family, $5 25@5 75; winter patent, $5 25@5 75; fancy, $5 25@5 50; winter family, $5 00@5 50; extra, $3 75@4 25; low grade, $3 75; northwestern rye, $4 75@5 50.

Salt—Michigan salt, 85c per bbl; eastern, $1 00 per bbl; Michigan on track, 80c.

Sugar—4 X Powdered, 5 1-2c; Standard Powdered, 5 1-4c; Cutloaf, 5 1-2; Cubes, 5 1-8c; Fine Granulated, 4 5-6c; Standard A, 4 1-2c; Off A's, 4.31@4.44; Light Extra C's, 4@4 1-4c; Good Extra C's, 3 7-8@4c; Yellow Extra C's, 3 5-8@3.81c.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, 80@90c per gallon; manufactured, 65@75c; sugar, fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 24@28c; maple sugar, 9@10c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 15@2 25; navy and medium, $1 50@1 80 per bu; western, $1 50@1 60.

Rice—Firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 4 1-2@5c per lb; Japan, 5 1-2@6c; fancy head, Carolina, 6 1-2@7c. The foregoing are wholesale, not retail prices, which are fractionally higher.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 30@32c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 4 1-2@5c per lb; evaporated, 6 1-2@7c; peaches, 7 1-2@8 1-2c; fancy, 9 1-2@10c.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12 1-2@13 1-2 per lb; Michigan full cream, 10@10 1-2 per lb; Young America, 9@11 1-2c; fancy Schweitzer, 14 1-2@15c per lb; twins, 11 1-2@12c per lb. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; western, 28@33c; foreign, 68c per lb.

Millfeed—Bran, $15 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $17 00; middlings, $19 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

CONFERENCE AGREED TO.

Washington, July 7.—The senate has agreed to the conference report on the river and harbor bill.

We include every department in this sale. Nothing held back.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

The city will be full of strangers next week to attend the races at the Driving Park.

Str. Messenger | Leaves for Monroe daily at 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. Dock between Madison and Jefferson.

SOHMER & CO. CELEBRATED FIRST-CLASS PIANOS — GRANDS AND UPRIGHTS—SOLD ONLY BY THE WHITNEY & CURRIER CO., 219 SUMMIT STREET.

Buy Printed Silks now, at
NEUHAUSEL BROS'.

Pick It Up | What? That ticket on Oak street line to Rose Hill sale to-morrow and Saturday. It costs nothing.

The largest race meeting ever held in Toledo will take place next week. Horses entered from all over, and in addition will have 40 runners on the grounds.

When we advertise to sell goods at cost, we do it. Come and investigate.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

MUSLIN | Look at our garments.
UNDERWEAR | All are well made and perfect fitting.
LASALLE & KOCH.

Real Estate for Nothing | A lot free with every ten lots sold in Rose Hill tomorrow and Saturday, 3 to 8 p. m.

Don't fail to see the 2:28 trotting Tuesday. A great event. Horses well matched, and a big list of starters. Toledo Driving Park, next week.

Our store closes at 1 o'clock Saturday.
LASALLE & KOCH.

SOME DOUBLE-HEADERS

Giving a Synopsis of Happenings in Toledo and Vicinity.

Col. Bunker Issues Orders Relative to Camp.

New Officials Commissioned—Y. M. C. A. Tennis Court—C. A. King & Co.'s Crop Report and Other Matters.

CLOSING UP.

Last Week of Common Pleas Court.

This is the last week of the April term of common pleas court. There will be no more jury trials and the remainder of the week will be devoted to clearing up the motion docket.

CHARLEY STAGER

And Rudolph Brand Will Return Home To-Night.

Police Commissioner Charles Stager and C. Rudolph Brand, who have been doing the old country, arrived in New York at 7 o'clock last night on the steamer Spree, and will be in Toledo to-night at 11 o'clock. These two Toledoans have taken in many parts of the old world, and their friends here will gladly welcome them back.

NEW K. P. LODGE

Instituted at Swanton with Forty-Five Charter Members.

Lincoln Smith, assisted by the officers of Beatty lodge and the amplified team of Delta lodge, instituted Swanton lodge, No. 585, K. of P., last evening with 45 charter members. The boys had a good time arriving home early this morning. The ladies of Swanton furnished a splendid supper at midnight. There were fully 150 Knights in attendance. The new lodge starts off under the most favorable auspices.

ATTENTION, LADIES!

Meeting of the Woman's Building Committees To-morrow.

To-morrow, Friday, July 8, at 4 o'clock p. m., will occur the regular meeting of the woman's building committees at the Bee editorial rooms. All ladies interested and those who desire information concerning the progress of the enterprise, are invited to be present. Take the elevator for the fourth floor and be directed to room 20. A full attendance of the subscription committee is especially desired.

TEMPERANCE MASS MEETING

At Memorial Hall Next Sunday Night—The Participants.

Complete arrangements have been made for the monster temperance meeting to be held at Memorial hall next Sunday night. Mr. Charles W. Selner will give an address on the subject "Don't;" Miss Genevieve Carpenter, the elocutionist, who has just returned from the School of Oratory in New York city, will recite; Mr. C. H. Buck will sing, and a song service of 15 minutes will precede the address, to be led by Prof. A. F. Myers. Admission is free, and all are invited to attend.

THE SIXTEENTH REGIMENT.

New Officers Commissioned by Adjutant General Pocock.

The following commissions were issued by the adjutant general yesterday: Rev. Martin L. Donahy, chaplain of the Sixteenth infantry, Napoleon; Eugene E. Newman, captain and inspector of rifle practice, Bryan; Karl A. Flickinger, first lieutenant and quartermaster, Toledo; Frank W. Rickenbaugh, first lieutenant and adjutant, Toledo.

Wm. L. Lewis, first lieutenant and quartermaster, Sixteenth infantry, Toledo, has filed his resignation, as has also Adjutant T. M. Sloan, of Sandusky.

TENNIS COURTS

Are Ready for the Members of the Y. M. C. A.

The Y. M. C. A. tennis courts are now ready for use. They are located on the corner of Lagrange and Superior streets. Members must provide their own raquets, the association will furnish balls. Juniors will be allowed the use of one court every morning from 9 to 12 excepting Tuesday and Friday. Seniors have the use of the courts at all times excepting the Junior court in the morning. Tuesday and Friday will be ladies' day, when the members will be permitted to invite their lady friends.

IN LABOR CIRCLES.

Committees on Arrangements for Labor Day Report.

The meeting of the Labor day committees in Carpenters' hall last night was well attended, and the reports favorable. Subcommittees handed in their reports, the gist of them being that the different unions would contribute time and money to the celebration of the workingman's holiday.

Plumbers' Association, No. 50, meets at Carpenters' hall to-night.

Lake Seamen's Benevolent association hold their weekly meeting this evening.

Iron Moulders' union, No. 172, meets this evening in Turley's hall.

The machinists held a good meeting in Turley's hall last night and initiated one new member.

INTERESTING TO PENSIONERS

Is the Statement Made by the Commissioner.

The commissioner of pensions has issued a statement showing the work of the office for the 11 months of the fiscal year, ending May 31, 1892, which shows that during the 280 working days of the year there were granted 280,156 pensions, distributed as follows: Under the old law, 66,707, a number larger than has been allowed during any one year. Under the act of June 27, 1890, 213,449 the number allowed during June, 1892, which brings the total up to 305,000. The number of pensioners on the roll May 31, 1892, 856,087.

AN ALLEGED PRIEST

Swindled a Toledo Firm on a Forged Check.

For several days the detectives have been looking for the alleged Rev. John Palmer, a clever swindler who poses as a Catholic priest, but he has probably skipped the town. Some days since this sharper entered the furniture store of Adams & Kuhrt. He was dressed in the garb of a priest. He purchased some chairs and ordered them sent to St. John's church, Jackson, Mich. In payment he tendered a forged check for $40. The salesman supposed it must be all right, coming from the source it did, and accepted it, returning $25.40 in cash. After the priest's departure it was found that the check was no good. The swindler tried his game on Draper & Nugent and several other firms, without success.

Y. M. C. A. COMMITTEES.

The Various Chairmen as Appointed by President King.

President H. E. King, of the Y. M. C. A., has appointed the following committees for the year. The chairmen are as follows:

T. H. Walbridge, finance; H. E. King, executive; J. O. Hill, building; J. D. R. Lamson, rooms and library; H. C. Sprague, christian work; B. H. Whitney, gymnasium; J. J. Freeman, lecture; Geo. F. Hirth, social entertainment; W. S. Daly, educational; B. H. Whitney, membership; John Nicks, reception; J. B. Merrell, boys' work; H. C. Sprague, East Side branch; H. Q. Altenburg, commercial travelers.

MR. CHAS. CANFIELD

The Probable Inspector of Workshops and Factories.

Inspector McDonald is in the city for the purpose of appointing an inspector of workshops and factories, and it is more than likely that Mr. Chas. Canfield, whose name has already been mentioned in the Bee as the probable appointee, will be the lucky man. A Bee called on Mr. Canfield this morning to see if he had received the appointment. "I have not got it yet," he replied. "Mr. McDonald and Mr. Griffin have just been here, but the matter has not been settled, and will not be before to-morrow evening."

"Your appointment is certain is it not?" the Bee asked.

"Oh, I cannot say as to that; it is uncertain, but I will know by to-morrow night."

A TWO-YEARS' SENTENCE.

Frank Norton Will Languish at the Workhouse.

Frank Norton got a sentence in police court this morning that will keep him in the workhouse nearly two years. He was found guilty of assaulting a small boy in a Water street fish house, in a most obscene and horrible manner. He choked the lad so badly that the marks were still on his neck, in police court this morning. Following the assault Norton stole all the change the boy had in his pockets. The judge sentenced Norton to the full extent of the law.

PRESIDENT LAWRENCE,

Of the Wheeling Railroad, Says There is No Hen On.

The meeting of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad stockholders will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon in this city. President Robert F. Lawrence, of New York, arrived in Toledo last evening. A Bee saw Mr. Lawrence this morning and stated that there were numerous rumors as to what the real object of the meeting was, some to the effect that the road was to be extended, others that another road was to be purchased by the company, and so on. The Bee asked the president if there was anything on.

"Nothing at all," said Mr. Lawrence, "that I know of outside of the business as stated in the notice of the meeting as published."

MRS. MARY A. DISHER.

Tribute to a Worthy Lady, the Wife of Truant Officer Disher.

There has just been consigned to her last resting place one who, in her life, endeared herself to a large circle of friends, Mrs. Mary A. Disher, wife of Toledo's well known truant officer. One closely connected with the deceased has prepared the following tribute: Mrs. Disher was the daughter of A. J. Eldridge, late of Whitehouse, where she was born. December 3, 1846. She united with the M. E. church of that place in 1865, and to her now bereaved husband, July 1, 1866. Through her whole life she manifested a kind, affectionate, sympathizing, self-sacrificing and helpful disposition, winning the friendship and love of all who knew her—a loving wife and true helpmate to her husband. She was a fond, cherishing mother, by her gentle ministrations and wise counsel, training her son and daughters for life's duties and cares. Through a long and painful illness she endeared herself to her attendants by her cheerful and patient resignation to the will of her heavenly Father. She leaves a sorrowing husband, one son, three daughters and many other relatives and friends to mourn their irreparable loss.

Asleep in Jesus, welcome rest,
From hopeless ills a kind release,
No sickness now, no fell disease
Can e'er disturb or mar her peace;
Nor friends their weary vigils keep,
He giveth his beloved sleep.
Life's morning sun withdrew at noon,
Yet her allotted work was done.
And those who shared her love and care
Will bless her memory evermore.

CAMP ORDERS

Issued by Col. Bunker for the Sixteenth Boys.

Col. Bunker has issued the following circular relative to the approaching encampment of the Sixteenth regiment:

Headquarters
Sixteenth Regiment Infantry O. N. G.
Toledo, O., July 6, 1892.
Orders No. 3.

Pursuant to Special Orders No. 139, A. G. O., dated July 2, 1892, the annual encampment of the Sixteenth Regiment Infantry O. N. G. for the year 1892 will be held at Fremont, O., from July 27 to August 3 inclusive.

The time of departure from home of the respective companies and the regimental band and the route to be taken will be announced in future orders.

Commandants of companies will arrange for the sustenance of their respective companies while in camp and will receive in lieu of rations the commutation in money, allowed by law.

The regimental band will arrange with the commanding officer of Company F for their subsistence with the said company.

Commandants of companies will send their respective quartermaster sergeants and a squad of not less than six men and their company cooks to Fremont on the morning of July 27 in charge of the baggage and camp equipage of their respective companies to report to the quartermaster at Fremont and under his directions put up the tents and otherwise prepare the camp ready for use.

The band will send two men with the squad for Company F to put up the tents for the use of the band.

Each company should be supplied with two water barrels, one garbage barrel or tight box with lid, two hand saws, six hatchets, two axes, two heavy mallets for driving tent stakes, four rakes, three spades, two large common baskets and straw ticks for each tent to be occupied, all of which should be taken to camp by the advance squad of each company.

Muster rolls should be prepared by commanding officers of companies before going to camp, so that they may be in readiness for the mustering officer when called for, and in the preparation of muster rolls officers must comply strictly with the instructions printed thereon. By order of

H. S. BUNKER,
T. M. SLOANE, Colonel Com.
First Lieut. and Adj't.

AS TO THE CROPS.

Information Summarized by the Grain Firm of C. A. King & Co.

During the past three days King & Co. have received replies from over twelve hundred grain dealers in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and Illinois. They cover all the important wheat counties in those states. The replies indicate that the wheat crop in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan will be uneven in yield and quality. Nearly half say prospects are excellent; third say an average crop and the other sixth indicate about sixty per cent. of a good crop. Most of the Illinois crop is raised in the central and southern counties, where prospects are very favorable; southern Indiana has nearly as large a crop and southern Ohio not quite as good. Michigan promises more than an average crop, but the northern half of Indiana has the poorest outlook; northern half of Ohio nearly as bad and the northern half of Illinois has only a fair prospect. The shortage in winter wheat this year as compared with last, is mostly in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri.

Prospect now is not quite as favorable in the four states as it was a month ago. Illinois has improved in the southern part of the state; Indiana is worse in the northern half and a trifle worse in the northern half of Ohio, while Michigan also promises less favorably. Michigan, Ohio and the northern half of Indiana are turning out below expectations of a fortnight ago while Illinois and southern Indiana are coming up to recent expectations.

The recent damage has been caused by the excessive rainfall and hot weather. A third report no damage; an eighth damage by rust and a smaller number complain of blight, insects, scabs, smut and lodging. The quality promises to average worse than a year ago, when it was very good. Quality is good in southern Illinois and southern Indiana.

The new wheat movement will be small until the middle of July. A very few in southern Indiana and southern Illinois report it moving now and have sold for first half of July delivery here but these are expectations. The movement will be general in ten days in the southern half of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois and in the northern counties before August. Michigan will sell very little before August.

Over half report less than an eighth of the last crop remaining in their section. Michigan, as usual, has the largest proportion left and Ohio next. Illinois has very little.

Reports show that it is rather early to tell about the clover seed prospect, but a majority of those replying indicate a fair to favorable start.

THE HEIGHT OF FASHION | The Ladies' Shirt Waist in Silk—Lawn—Satine and Fancies. Perfect Fitting.
LASALLE & KOCH.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

William Johnson, an inmate of the asylum, has escaped.

Custar Division, K. P., is drilling for the Kansas City conclave.

Volunteer post gives an excursion one week from Tuesday to Perrysburg.

A party of young people played tennis at Mr. Will Bishop's yesterday afternoon.

Business is picking up in the justice courts at a time when it is least expected.

Ohio Liquor Dealers' association will meet in annual convention at Cleveland October 8.

The Pathfinders will hold a meeting Friday evening at their usual place, by request of manager.

Anthony Reamer to-day sold to Thomas McGrath lots 1 and 2 Heston addition, for which he received $5,500.

Two of the suits for natural gas supplies furnished the city's trustees were filed in United States court to-day.

Entries for the running races at the Expo grounds next week can be made until 11 o'clock on Monday night.

The fire brick paved streets in the vicinity of Segur avenue are headquarters each evening for the cyclers of the Fifth and Ninth wards.

In common pleas court to-day Elizabeth Lohman sued the city to recover $5,000 damages for personal injuries sustained by falling on a sidewalk.

Two ponds of stagnant water at the corner of Newton street and Broadway are liable to breed disease if something is not done by the health officials.

John Libakoski sued the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad company in common pleas court to-day to recover $10,000 for personal injury.

The Stuarts challege the Colts for a game of ball Sunday, July 10, on Stuarts' grounds, near Forest cemetery, for $2.25 a side. Answer through Thursday night's Bee. N. Bundrie, manager.

A large delegation of Indiana Knights Templar came over the Wabash yesterday afternoon with the body of the late C. F. Wilcox, and conducted services at Forest cemetery, where the interment took place.

The injunction in the case of Wm. C. Fisk against Wm. H. Hoskins, was dissolved in common pleas court to-day. It was an action involving the occupation of a room on Madison street, as a ticket broker's office.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

PERSONAL.

IF MINNIE THOMAS, WHO LIVED A short time at 20 Tenth, will call on Southard & Case, corner Superior and Madison, she will learn of something to her interest. 7july6p

WANTED—25 GIRLS, BY THE YPSILANTI Underwear Mfg. Co.; good wages and fare from Toledo to Ypsilanti will be paid girls who want to work; board can be obtained for $2 and $2.50 per week. For further information call on or address Miss Myra Leddy, 923 Oak street, East Toledo. 6july6p

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS WITH closets and natural gas, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for light housekeeping. No. 303 South street; references exchanged. 7july3p

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED room. Enquire at 1235 Huron st. 7july2p

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP WITH housework at 413 Eleventh street. 188

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no washing. Apply at once at 128 19th street. 188

WANTED — SEWING GIRL AT 609 Huron street.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING to take home Mondays and Tuesdays. Call or address M. A. Allen, 553 Wisconsin street. 7july3

WANTER—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 2133 Park Place; three in family and convenient house. Mrs. I. E. Knisely. 7july3

MEXICAN CANARY BIRDS, RED BIRDS and Mocking Birds for sale at 225 Morris street. p

FOR SALE—TOP BUGGY, CANOPY TOP Surrey and 2 sets harness; all nearly new. Enquire at Burnett House. 7july2

FOR RENT—AT REASONABLE PRICES, a few neatly furnished rooms, with or without board, with use of bath; very desirable location, at No. 818 Superior st. 7july6p

LOST—LADY'S GOLD HUNTING CASE watch, with small chain and charm attached. Finder will please return to No. 910 Washington street, and receive liberal reward. p

WANTED—TEN SALESMEN TO TRAVEL among the business men "exclusively" in Ohio; $30 a week easily made besides expenses. Call at once at 327 Superior street, up two flights. 7july6p

WANTED—100 LADIES TO CROCHET Fascinators at M. Rosenberg & Co.'s Knitting factory, 123 Summit street, upstairs. 7july3

WANTED—SITUATION BY A BOY 17 years old to work in store or hotel; has had experience in both, and also with delivery wagon; can furnish reference. Address T. E. P., Toledo Boys' Home. 188

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK. Mrs. Robert Cummings, 1505 Jefferson. 7july3

WANTED—WORK FOR THE SUMMER by a young man; no canvassing. Address I. 114, Bee office. 7july3

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at Put-in-Bay Island. I keep two. Mrs. A. G. Clark, Put-in-Bay. 188

WANTED—BARBER AT AIR LINE Junction. Wm. Griswold. 188

WANTED — SITUATION AS NURSE girl. Apply 437 Lafayette street. 188

WANTED—TENANT FOR FURnished flat for two months, or will rent for one year, or rent partly furnished; all conveniences, new flat and furnishings. G. G. Kelp, 45 St. Clair Bld. p

DR. KALKHOFF
Has the largest private practice in the United States

EUROPEAN SPECIALIST.
35 years' private practice and hospital experience in Europe and America. Dr. Kalkhoff is a member of the European Association of Medical and Surgical Specialists.

Stomach and Bowel Diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, etc., cured under a guarantee by Dr. Kalkhoff's original DIET CHARTS of what to eat and drink, and SPECIFIC VEGETABLE REMEDIES, to act in harmony with the food.

Throat, Lung and Nasal Diseases, such as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Deafness, etc., cured by an original system of INHALATION with compressed medicated gases for home or office treatment. Worst cases of Catarrh cured by this method in two to three months.

All Chronic and Desperate Diseases such as Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Headache, Fits, Sleeplessness, Brain and Nervous Exhaustion, Cancers, Tumors, Skin Diseases, Freckles, Pimples, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, etc.; also Heart, Liver, Kidney, Bladder and Female Diseases.

PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES,
cured under a guarantee and forfeit of $1000 for failure. Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Effects of Youthful indiscretions and Sexual Excesses, Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Loss of Memory and energy, Impotency, etc. quickly and permanently cured by an original and never failing treatment. Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Cures guaranteed when others have failed. Low charges, and consultation equally confidential. Office hours—9 to 12 a. m. 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays and holidays 9 to 12.

OUT OF TOWN PATIENTS
treated with unfailing success through correspondence. One visit desirable but not necessary. Write to A. F. Kalkhoff, M. D. Toledo, Ohio, for free Examination Blank,

The Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

TOLEDO, OHIO, JULY 7, 1892.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD address with $165 to take half interest and manage paying business. 622 Madison street, corner Erie. 7july3

WANTED—A GOOD, STEADY MAN at Schultz's dairy, 307 Manhattan road, near Lagrange street. Good wages to right man. 5july5

WANTED—PIANO PLAYER. APply or address 324 Water st., Toledo, O. 186

WANTED—BOY AT 1503 ADAMS ST.; one who can read and write. Call immediately. 187

WANTED—BARBER AT 1502 CHERRY street. 187

WANTED—MAN TO MANAGE BRANCH office; salary $750 per year and interest in business; $150 capital, and references. Address 42 Kanter Building, Detroit, Mich. 2july6p

WANTED—BOY, IN DRUG STORE; German, and about 16 years old. Call at 1132 Broadway. 6july3

BARBER WANTED—AT 1010 BROADway; steady job to right party. A. Krunn. 6july3

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN TO sell Baking Powder to the retail grocery trade. We put our goods up in Glass Rolling Pins. We pay $60 a month salary and expenses or 25 per cent. commission. We want men who are now on the road to carry as a sideline. Good opportunity for clerks and others who want to get on the road. Write for particulars, send stamp for reply. Chicago Baking Powder Co., 767 Van Buren St., Chicago. 20jun1mo-p

WANTED—SALESMEN, GENTLEMEN or ladies, for city trade; $3 to $5 per day. Ask for "Brewer," St. James Hotel, forenoons only. 1july6p

WANTED—HOOP COILERS. APPLY TO Hector Stave Co., Hector, Putnam Co., O. On New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. 29june6

WANTED—TWO GOOD PAINTERS AT 406 Floyd street. 183

WANTED—A SINGLE, MIDDLE AGED man to work around the house. 218 Superior street.

WANTED—FEW GOOD STONE CUTters. Apply Piggins & McIntosh, corner Clinton and Rivard streets, Detroit, Mich. 182

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BARBER. Enquire Frank Miller, No. 719 Monroe st.

WANTED—SALESMEN ON SALARY and expenses; special inducements. Brown Brothers Company, Nurserymen, Rochester, New York. 27may-fri&sat-1m

WANTED—BOY TO WORK IN BAKERY to learn trade. Thim Bros., 1208 Dorr st. 180

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—WHITE WOMAN TO COOK and do general housework for a family of four adults; pleasant home and fair wages. Address "Housekeeper," Box 481, Atlanta, Ga. 186

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. Mrs. J. L. Pease, 2712 Monroe street, 2nd west of Lawrence ave. 187

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family; good wages; immediately. Mrs. E. J. Wehrle, 2348 Franklin ave.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AND cook at Hotel Lalond, corner Lafayette and St. Clair. 187

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. 554 Dorr street. 187

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS SECOND girl, at 801 Madison street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A SCRUB GIRL at Hotel Madison. 186

WANTED—AT WYEK'S HOTEL, two girls; one dishwasher and one chambermaid. 186

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 431 13th street. 182

WANTED—A GIRL FOR SECOND work. Mrs. F. B. Dodge, 1130 Huron st. 2july3

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. D. W. Granger, No. 1027 Superior street. 2july-tf

LADIES AND GIRLS WANTED TO DO our new work for us at home; $3 to $8 per week easily made; no painting and canvassing; send self-addressed envelope. Echo Manufacturing Company, 4 Liberty Square, Boston, Mass. 2july1m-p

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of two. Apply 319 10th street.

WANTED—A WOMAN OR GIRL TO assist in general housework; permanent place and good wages to right party. Call or address 224 St. Clair street, upstairs. 181

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Enquire 131 17th street.

WANTED—AT THE NEW YORK HOUSE, two dining room girls. 30june3

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FROM THE country for general housework. Apply at 3336 Collingwood ave.

WANTED—AT HOTEL MADISON, A thoroughly experienced housekeeper; no other need apply. W. O. Field. 29june-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND CITY property at six, seven and eight per cent. S. G. Southard, Room 11, Gardner Place, corner Superior and Madison. 27feb1y

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, from one to ten years; interest payable annually, with privilege of paying any part or all of the principle at any time. For further information call on or address, L. Vanderburg, 37 Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, Ohio. 18apr3m-p

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT $25 to $500 on chattel mortgage, I will negotiate such loans on fair terms. M. O. Waggoner, office and residence, 613 Madison street. 24oct1yr

MONEY—TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison street. 17aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 2, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—PARTIES DESIRing to borrow money for building houses or other purposes, and can give good mortgage security, can be accommodated by The Mutual Aid Building & Loan Company. Inquire of A. J. J. Machen, Secretary, No. 310 Superior street. 26mar1m

MONEY TO LAON—IF YOU WANT money come direct to me. I will loan you money on household goods, pianos, organs, horses, etc., without removal, and on the most satisfactory terms. Partial payments received reducing cash pro rata. All business strictly confidential. C. R. Lee, 506 Cherry street. 3junelm

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A CHILD'S STRING OF GOLD beads, with gold charm attached in the shape of a heart. Finder please address O. B., this office. 5july3p

LOST—PUG DOG ABOUT 8 MONTHS old. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to 536 Vance street, between Collingwood and Lenk. 6july3p

LOST—A PUG DOG; ANSWERS TO the name of Patsie; a liberal reward if left at 714 Beach street, between Ontario and Erie. 5july3p

LOST—A LADY'S GOLD HUNTING CASE watch, with chain attached, made of silver coins. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to the police station. 30june6p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—MY PACING horse, Grover Cleveland, with fancy buggy, surrey, harness, whip, robes, etc.; no better road horse in Toledo; a lady can handle him in any place, and if you need speed you can have it just as well; will trade this horse for a good lot in some good location. Address 23 St. Clair street. 24june-tf

TO EXCHANGE—ONE-HORSE WAGON, end springs, square box, for a watch. Call at corner Heston and Wisconsin streets, soon. 6july2p

KO-AI CALLING FOR HER SHOE.

A Curious Chinese Legend About the Casting of a Big Bell.

When the bell tower of Pekin was built the Emperor Yung-lo, of the Ming dynasty, ordered a great mandarin, named Kuan-yu, to cast a bell big enough for such a noble edifice. Time after time Kuan-yu and the expert workmen in the country tried to cast a bell and failed; the casting was always honeycombed, and the emperor said if there was one more failure Kuan-yu's head should pay the forfeit for it. Now, Kuan-yu had a daughter, a beautiful girl of 16, named Ko-ai; she went to a certain astrologer and asked the cause of her father's failure. Some demon, she was informed, required the blood of a maiden to be mixed with the metal, and unless this was done the next casting would fail, like the previous ones.

Ko-ai got permission from her father to be present at the casting; and amid the dead silence which prevailed when the taps were drawn, and the molten stream poured down into the mould, a shriek was heard, and, crying out, "For my father!" Ko-ai threw herself into the seething metal. One of the workmen tried to seize her, but succeeded in getting hold only of a shoe. The father was taken home a raving madman, but the bell was perfect in make and tone, and, when struck, its sonorous boom is to this day followed by a low, wailing sound, like the cry of a woman in agony, and when people hear it, they say: "There's Ko-ai calling for her shoe!"—Pearson's Weekly.

To be free from sick headache, biliousness, constipation, etc., use Carter's Little Liver Pills. Strictly vegetable. They gently stimulate the liver and free the stomach from bile.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES; good business place; established trade; good reason for selling. Address I. 113, Bee office. 7july6p

FOR SALE—HORSE, PHAETON, and harness. Horse perfectly gentle and safe for lady to drive. Will be sold cheap. H. B. Sears, 1929 Parkwood avenue. 5july3p

FOR SALE—A RAMBLER SAFETY; party who owns it wishes to leave the city. Call at No. 38 Michigan street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, TWO-SEATED light wagon and harness. Inquire 642 Woodruff avenue, near Cherry street. 1july6p

FOR SALE—60 ACRES FINE DRY LAND joining homestead settlement, 1 1-2 miles from Trowbridge, about a mile from the new car shops, for sale reasonable, in one piece; 20 acres tile drained; the land joins Grand street and the Big Ditch, and is dry for making cellars; on one or several payments; 140 acres fine land 8 miles from Toledo, 1 1-2 from Curtice. A. Lietz, Toledo. 30june5p

FOR SALE—THE EXCELSIOR Home Laundry, doing a good business; want to sell on account of sickness. Call 1116 Adams street. 25jun-tf

FOR SALE—ELEGANT CABINET ORgan, contains four sets of reeds of 2 1-2 octaves each, Duplex coupler (up and down); can be bought for about half the regular price. Call or address "Organ," Bee office. 28june6

FOR SALE—50 BRUSSEL AND INgrain carpets; 50 mattresses; 50 wire springs; 10 folding beds; 100 oak tables, 22x36, 90c each. W. G. Alexander, 218 Water street. Phone 600. 28june6

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, LOT NO. 90, Robinwood. Enquire of B. F. Wade. 21june-tf

FOR SALE — MEAT MARKET — Good location, good business, good reasons for selling. No. 914 Washington st. 5july3p

FOR SALE—WE ARE NOW GRADING and sewering Carleton and Corbusier streets, in Goodman's extension of Corbusier's first addition. When completed will be some of the best residence property in the city; near the Belt and Monroe street railroads; none but first class buildings allowed on the tract. Enquire and get plats of J. A. Corbusier, 411 Madison street. 11junelm

FOR SALE—ONE NO. 9 RANGE AND refrigerator. Call at 38 Michigan street. 29june6p

BAKERY FOR SALE—CHEAP, IF taken at once; doing a good business and in a first-class location; a splendid chance for the right man. Call or address N. B., 3127 Monroe street. 5july3p

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—HANDSOME black walnut extension dining table; will seat 18. Address H. 16, Bee office. 15apr-tf

FARM LANDS, IMPROVED AND UNimproved, for sale in Hancock, Wood, Ottawa and Henry counties, Ohio, and Lenawee county, Michigan, in lots to suit, and at reasonable terms. The Dewey Stave Company, Room 48, St. Clair Building, Toledo, Ohio. 6apr1y

FOR SALE—100 ACRES, MONTGOMERY township, section 16, oil lands; also 120 acres, section 14. For sale or exchange for property in Toledo. This is first-class oil land. Address T. S. Carman, Bradner, O. 12apr2 1-2m-p

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAKE $10 AND AN OAK STREET CAR Friday and Saturday and go to special sale in Rose Hill Addition, from 3 to 8 p. m.

LADIES OR GENTLEMEN, DO YOU want to make money? Call at Room 9, 241 Summit street. 5july3p

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM BY young gentleman, in the neighborhood of Vermont avenue and Bancroft street, in private family; German protestant preferred. Address I. 112, Bee office. 5july3p

LOOK-A-HERE! WHAT DO YOU PAY rent for when you can buy a lot in Rose Hill Addition, Friday and Saturday, July 8 and 9, from $95 up?

WANTED—DELIVERY WAGON; MUST be good, and cheap. Address P. O. Box 503, city. p

TWO TRUNKS AND CONTENTS FOR E. George and 1 trunk for W. K. Korn will be sold to pay amount due on board and lodging unless claimants appear in 30 days. Thos. Lalond, prop. Hotel Lalond. 16junlmo

TO RENTERS—YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO miss the chance of buying a good lot in Rose Hill Addition, Friday and Saturday, July 8 and 9. Long time, small payment.

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS Insurance and real estate. Phone 1288, C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 8dec-tf

STATES & THOMAN, ARCHITECTS, Room 13, Adams Block, corner Adams and St. Clair streets. Plans and specifications and details furnished on short notice. june-29-to-jan-15-'93

ANY ONE HAVING MONEY TO LOAN on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison street. No charge for investment. 17augly

WATCH FOR TICKET TO ROSE HILL special sale, Friday and Saturday, July 8 and 9. Cheapest good lots in the city. Everybody take a ride.

THE GARDEN SPOT OF EAST TOLEDO is Rose Hill. Go to the special sale Friday and Saturday and buy yourself a lot.

HAVE YOU ANY MOLES?—DR. Gundy, Specialist, removes all face blemishes without pain; warranted to leave no scar. Send $1 for home treatment by mail. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Address Dr. J. C. Gundy, Bargar, Ohio. 21june3w-p

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT—At 932 Huron street, corner Lagrange. Terms reasonable. 5july6p

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, WITH closets and natural gas, for light housekeeping. 433 Eleventh street, near Adams. 6july2p

FOR RENT — HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms, with or without board. 331 Huron street, between Madison and Adams. 6july6p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping; both gases, hot and cold water and bath. Inquire 527 Locust street, 2 blocks from Summit. 1july6p

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR THE GREAT Democratic Campaign Book. Lives, Records and Biographies of all presidents. The only Encyclopedia of American Politics. History and Platforms of all parties. Will answer all political questions. Three large volumes in one, handsomely illustrated. Drop all else and send 35 cents for our magnificent Prospectus. This book sells at sight. Liberal terms. Beautifully illustrated, descriptive circular with full information free. Chas. L. Webster & Co., 67 Fifth ave., New York. 2july-21july

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—ROOMS AND BOARD FOR small family. Address W. D. Allison, Burnett House. 5july2p

What do we manufacture?

The most dainty designs in Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphires and other precious stones! The richest of Masonic, college and other society jewels, pendants, badges, rings, ect.

What are our facilities?

The largest manufactory between Buffalo and Chicago! The largest force of skilled designers, engravers and Jewelers! Every machine and tool necessary for executing large orders rapidly and economically!

WRIGHT KAY & COMPANY,

140 & 142 WOODWARD AVE.

Importers, Jewelers and Manufacturing Jewelers.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—FOUR-STORY BRICK, 80 x22 feet, with elevator, gases, etc., suitable for factory and heavy storage; Erie street, near Monroe. Apply J. T. Southard, 132 Summit street. 13feb-tf

FOR RENT—FIRST AND SECOND floor 439 Thirteenth, between Adams and Oak; bath room, hot and cold water. Inquire of M. Hauser, carpenter shop, 120 Huron, between Monroe and Jefferson. 2july6p

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURNISHED room; hot and cold water, bath, etc.; inquire at 917 Madison st; gentlemen only. jun15tf

FOR RENT—THREE ELEGANT ROOMS, just furnished new, with bath on same floor, and all modern improvements; rent very reasonable. 132 Michigan street, opposite Cyclorama; gentlemen preferred. 30june6p

FOR RENT—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM, first floor, with bay window, with privilege of getting breakfast on kitchen stove; also suite of three rooms for light housekeeping. 28 Ontario street, between Monroe and Washington. 28june6p

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room, with board, at 322 Huron street, between Adams and Madison; references required. 28june6p

FOR RENT—AT THE CORNER OF DEtroit avenue and Germania street, three nice store rooms; one suitable for meat market, another for grocery and the third for dry goods or boots and shoes; can be made into one store if desired; good location for general stock; fine plate glass fronts; stores new and in first class condition; large barn on the rear of lot. Inquire of owner, Isaac D. Smead, 129 Huron street. 28apr-tf

FOR RENT—TWO NICE ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, with gas; 10 minutes walk from postoffice. Call 1117 Washington street. 21nov-tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CHORE BOY around a store. Address Willie Cleuch, 519 Sandusky street, East Toledo. 183

WANTED—POSITION IN A NICE FAMfly as nurse girl; am 14 years old. Address Mary M., care Bee office. 182

WOULD LIKE SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper or nurse; experienced, and good references. Apply between 10 and 12 or 2 and 4 o'clock, 112 Illinois street. 187

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, JUST out, situation in a carriage and wagon repair shop, or as painters' help. Address J. H. P., 540 Erie street, city. 187

WANTED—WASHING TO DO BY THE day. Call or address 1233 Oakwood avenue. 182

WANTED—SITUATION TO DRIVE DElivery wagon, by a boy 17 years of age; willing to work; one who knows the streets. Address I. 106, Bee office. 182

WANTED—A POSITION BY A YOUNG man as nurse; can give good reference. Address I. 110, Bee office. 183

WANTED—POSITION AS HAIR DRESSers by two young ladies who are anxious to work; references if required. Address Box 159, Auburn, Ind. 179

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE HOUSE NO. 327 Columbia street; rent cheap to desirable tenant. Enquire on the premises or Room 34, Produce Exchange. 2july6p

FOR RENT—A NINE ROOM HOUSE ON Cherry street, between Yates and Noble streets. Enquire Phillip Bitz, 826 Cherry street. 30june6p

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE HOME, MODern improvements; location A 1—2127 Jefferson street, from May 1st or June 1st. A. A. Geroe & Son. 18apr-tf

FOR RENT—$25 PER MONTH EACH, two beautiful residences with all modern improvements, Nos. 1964 and 1966 Lower Superior street. Ira A. Richardson & Son. 11june-tf

FOR RENT — SUMMER COTTAGES— Furnished, at Huronia Beach. Address Marcus Young, Port Huron, Mich. 23maylm

DIED.

STEVENS—Wednesday, July 6, John N. Stevens.

Funeral from late residence, 913 Huron street, Friday, 3 p. m. Burial private. 6july2p

CITY NEWS.

Splendid line of jewelry at Judd's.

Contractors are pushing their work during the present fine weather.

The Twenty-fifth O. V. I. reunes at Genoa early in September.

The Central Traffic association meets at Put-in-Bay next Tuesday and Wednesday.

Travel eastward was never so brisk. The low railroad fare is what is bringing the business.

Farmers complain of shortage in harvest help, and this is more seriously felt because wheat is ready to cut.

Railway Clerks' association give an excursion next Monday evening for the benefit of a worthy brother's family.

Manager Brady contemplates making important improvements on the People's theater before the fall season opens.

Now is a good time to cut down Canada thistles and weeds. There is more than enough of them in many parts of the city.

The old mill on Summit street is being torn down for the purpose of allowing the construction of the big Baumgardner dry goods house.

Wood county republicans will nominate a ticket on August 16, by delegate convention, the old mass form being done away with.

Gold and silver watches at Judd's.

There is complaint from various quarters of the city relative to sneak thieves picking up articles left on porches and in front yards.

French clock repairing at M. Judd's.

With the close of the present week, Lucas county common pleas court judges will retire from the bench until the September term.

The Toledo Laundry Co. employs a large force of skilled help. Phone 438.

Odd Fellows' Orphans' home joint committees meet this evening at the temple to talk over the feasibility of securing the state institution.

W. G. Baldwin has been appointed a member of the committee on ritual at the Chillicothe convention of the sons of Veterans.

Nominations for the lieutenant-colonelcy of the Sixteenth regiment will be made at Memorial hall to-morrow afternoon. Election is booked for the 15th.

Two cases of diphtheria were reported from Toledo to the state board of health last week. There were 60 cases in the state, with seven deaths.

Secure a sound mind, which seldom goes without sound digestion, by using the genuine Angostura Bitters of Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. At all druggists.

Reduced railroad rates have been obtained for members of the Ohio Bar association who desire to attend the state convention at Put-in-Bay on the 13th inst.

Court Lucas held a well-attended meeting last night.

The Humane society will meet Tuesday evening, July 12.

The Union of Unions is meeting with Lincoln union, in Lincoln hall, on Broadway, this afternoon.

C. E. Browning, of Toledo, has been granted a patent on a fountain pen, and J. H. Taylor one on a washing machine.

Union meeting of Epworth league chapters at St. Paul's M. E. church next Wednesday evening.

Work on the Ottawa street portion of the street railway track tear-up is nearly completed.

Sheriff Tressel last night brought Mrs. Laura C. Cummings, an incurable, from the Toledo asylum. She will be taken to the county infirmary to-day.—Mansfield Shield.

The granite workers will hold their convention in the rooms of the Builders' Exchange next Tuesday and Wednesday, June 12 and 13.

Next month the Knights Templar will wend their way to Denver, to attend the triennial conclave. Toledo commandery has all arrangements perfected for a royal time.

Pimples removed by Heiskell's Ointment.

Delegates to the Master House Painters' convention were profuse in their expressions of delight for the treatment received at the hands of Toledoans during their stay.

Deputy Grand Patriarch Elmer Englehardt installed the following officers at the Odd Fellows' temple last evening: S. D. Priest, chief patriarch; E. Englehardt, high priest; Wm. Fraser, senior warden; Julius Geleerd, junior warden; Ruel Hawkins, guide; J. C. Meisener, first watch; S. A. Hunter, second watch; William Hislap, third watch; C. B. Gifford, fourth watch; C. Shay, first guard of tent; H. W. Arndt, second guard of tent; John Carney, outside sentinel; Chas. Salo, inside sentinel.

Secretary of State Poorman is preparing a circular which he will send to the secretaries of the various county executive committees, asking that nominations for supervisors of election be sent to him. So far but five county committees have availed themselves of the law, and unless the others do so by July 30 Col. Poorman will be relieved from the obligation of heeding the recommendations of the committee and will be free to appoint whomsoever he pleases. He prefers, however, that the committee submit names.

Mr. Adlai Stevenson has a namesake in Straitsville, N. C., who is well known in the scientific world as a botanist, mineralogist and archaeologist. He also possesses one of the finest private collections of Indian relics in the United States, and consequently in the world. This other Mr. Stevenson is a man of advanced years, with long silvery hair that falls to his shoulders, a benignant face and a bearing of great modesty.

It will be remembered that all soap applications, even the purest, should be entirely rinsed from the skin. Hospital nurses are trained to wash patients first in soap and water, then in clear, very hot water to take off the soap. It is recognized that boiling water is one of the excellent mild disinfectants.—New York Times.

Do You Want To Borrow Money?

The People's Savings, Loan & Building Co., at 239 Superior street, Toledo, can supply you with a large or small loan on real estate, on short notice, for any time from one to twelve years. We defy competition in making desirable loans, and for this reason we do not object to giving you the privilege of paying us back any part or all of our loan at any time if you think you can do better elsewhere. No commissions charged.

FIRST-CLASS EXCURSIONS

From Toledo to New York and Return.

For all regular trains on the 5th, 6th and 7th of July, agents of the Pennsylvania company will sell at a rate considerably less than the regular fare one way, first-class excursion tickets from Toledo to New York and return over the Pennsylvania Short Lines, good returning until September 15. Geo. A. Stockton, at Pennsylvania Passenger Station, will tell you all about it. Please address him.

MUST BE SOLD.

All of the horses at our stables corner Ashland avenue and Bancroft street, will be for sale on and after July 6.

THE CONSOLIDATED ST. RY. CO.

LADIES.

We have in stock bought of H. M. Chapman a large line of hand sewed shoes and Oxfords, from A to E last, that we will sell for less than first cost, for a few days only. Call and see before buying.

WACHTER & SCHNETZLER.

Money to Loan On Real Estate

In large or small amounts. Time from one to twelve years, and can pay all or any amount at any time.

The People's Savings, Loan & Building Co., 239 Superior st., Toledo, O.

GENTLEMEN!

Our $6.00 line of patent leathers will be closed out for a few days at $4.50. Congress, lace and bluchers, A to E last.

WACHTER & SCHNETZLER,

322 Monroe st., bet. Summit and St. Clair.

Ohio Central Lines to Findlay
Ohio Central Lines for Fostoria.
Ohio Central Lines for Columbus.
Ohio Central Lines for Athens.
Ohio Central Lines for Middleport
Ohio Central Lines for Charleston

Republican meeting, Memorial Hall ground, Friday evening, July 8.

N. B.—It will be a go this time.

W. I. SQUIRE,

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Visit L. H. Meinert's Ice Cream Parlors, corner Summit and Oak streets.

There is a certain standard of morality in advertising, just as there is in every other business, and those who aspire to make a lasting success in the commercial world ought to recognize the necessity of keeping clear of even the slightest suspicion of fraud in their announcements

DID YOU GET A SUIT?

We have sold a host of them, those TEN DOLLAR SUITS, during the past week and everybody who buys one admits that it's the best suit for the money it has ever been their good luck to buy. Rare bargains in Sawyer Cheviots, always staple and considered full value at $15, lots of 'em included in OUR $10 SALE. Fine Suits, these, at least we think so and our experience has not been limited. We offer you an outfit such as any gentleman may wear and feel well dressed in and at a price to please those to whom a dollar counts. All next week this sale will continue on the liberal lines now established and the values will be sustained.

THE : FINEST : SELECTION : IN : THE : CITY!

We have picked out hundreds of suits from our stock the past week that have been selling for $12 to $15 and marked them down to $10 so as to keep up a liberal assortment. You never saw goods of such value and merit; they cannot be equalled elsewhere for less than $15, perhaps $18. If you don't believe this statement come in and be convinced, buying is your option afterwards. We have convinced hundreds (that's a good many) during the process of this sale. . . . . .

And we can convince hundreds of more. During our 11 years in Toledo we have never had such large sales in the month of June as in the one just passed away.

ROSES AND BARGAINS! :-: FLOWERS AND $10 SUITS!

Suits of excellent material, made on honor, well trimmed, artistically cut, perfect fitting, bought for cash, the lowest cash price obtained, and then a neat discount rubbed off of that, and thus the lowest level of cost touched, and the highest summit of value attained at the same time. Much more might be said in rehearsing THIS TALE OF VALUE, but then one single, solitary $10 suit would out-talk, out-preach, out-write, out-class the most brilliant flight of rhetoric.

DO YOU WANT A SUIT?
DO YOU WANT A STYLISH SUIT?
DO YOU WANT A RARE VALUE?

DO YOU WANT A GOOD SUIT?
DO YOU WANT A DURABLE SUIT?
THE BEST VALUE IN THE CITY?

ONE OF OUR $10 SUITS WILL FILL THE BILL.

MOCKETT THE CLOTHIER

Atlantic Pants Co.

344 Summit St

We have a Cutter who does nothing but cut clothes for our heavy weight customers. Try him, ye heavy men and go on your way rejoicing.

..BUY.. THE GENDRON.

We are selling at about half the regular price at the factory.

Our Sales Rooms will be open every Saturday night until 9:30 to accommodate those that cannot call during the day.

518 Superior Street.

HOMESTEAD QUARRY

LIME CITY, OHIO.

Dimension Stone, Bridge, Store Building Stone, Rip Rap Stone, Preble Stone.

The finest Lime Stone in Northern Ohio. Stone of any dimensions cut to measure. Address the

Michigan Stone & Supply Co

AT LIME CITY, OHIO.

33 Congress St., West, DETROIT, MICH.

CUS. F. SMITH,
President and General Manager.

PLUMBERS.

J. M. GROENEWOLD

JOBBER OF

Supplies for Plumbers

Steam and Gas Fitters, Engine Builders & Brewers.

Iron Pipe, C. W. Tubing, Casing, Hydrants, Faucet Washers, Pumps, Hose, etc.

29 St. Clair Street

NEW YORK HOUSE

13 St. Clair Street,

MEALS 25c. LODGING 25c. THE ONLY 1! PER DAY HOUSE IN TOLEDO that is in direct connection with all Depots by the street Railways.

J. J. O'Gorman, Proprietor

EDISON APPARATUS

FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

Armatures Rewound and Repaired. Wiring a all kinds.

BAKER BROS., 369 South Erie St

Phone 388.

LADIES $500 REWARD

DR ANDERSON'S ENGLISH FEMALE REGULATING PILLS are the safest and most reliable. Give them a trial and be convinced. Sent by mail, postpaid, per box, $1.00, 3 boxes for $2.50.

MOKA MEDICINE CO., Toledo, O.

Also for sale by all druggists.

The Blade Printing & Paper Co

Printers, Book Makers, Electrotypers, Stationers, and dealers in and makers of Account Books.

126 and 128 St. Clair St., TOLEDO

The Mormon Elders' Book on Social Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. B. Crouch, 32 Grand St., New York

THE LYMAN!

The only Reliable Gasoline Stove manufactured.

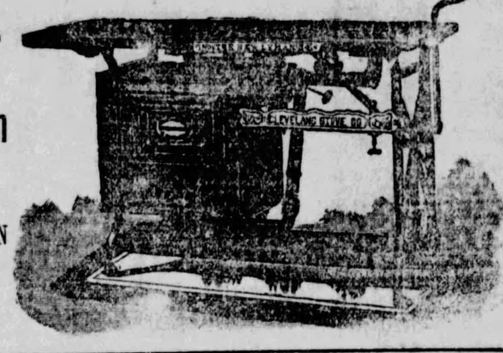
$3, $5, $7 and $18.

Call and See It.

E. A. Eversman

CORNER BROADWAY AND LOGAN STREETS.

Phone 572.



WE'RE ON TOP

IN THE

Carpet Business!

With the Newest Patterns while we also

LEAD THE PROCESSION!

In Draperies, Art Squares and Rugs.

V. B. SNYDER & SON

STERLING & CO.

The Only Exclusive Carpet and Curtain House in Toledo

EVERYTHING NEW

New Carpets! New Curtains! New Draperies!

New Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Mats, Rugs, Shades, Grill Work, &c.

Sterling & Co., 408-410 Summit St

A. R. SISSON, MANAGER.

225 AND 227 SUMMIT STREET.

HOT WEATHER LUXURIES!

J. MELVIN & CO.

—LARGE STOCK OF—

MID-SUMMER CLOTHING!

All Shades, All Styles, . . . and all prices. . . .

225-227 SUMMIT ST.

SEE THE BOYS SMILE

WHEN THEY SIZE UP THE NEW COLUMBIA PNEUMATIC.
YOU KNOW THEIR STANDARD.
HOW THEY GET THERE.
TO SEE IS TO BUY, SEE IT AT

EMIL GRAH'S.

FLY SCREEN

Our improved Wire Screens are far superior to all others in make and durability, and WE GUARANTEE THE PRICE. Do not fail to call before purchasing; it will pay you. Estimates free.

TOLEDO WIRE & IRON WORKS,
506 Summit St., Phone 927.

Steadman

COLLEGE

Corner Summit and Adams
Toledo, O.

PHONE 124

"Visited and attended various schools before entering yours, and know that Bookkeeping by Actual Business Practice from beginning is the only practical plan which will enable the student to do actual business work and not necessitate his having to work himself up.

A visit to our different departments will convince you that this is the school to attend. Circulars free.

G. F. BENZ, Penn. R. R. Co.,
A. H. STEADMAN, Prin.

Tri-State

BUSINESS COLLEGE

Melchior Bros., Cor. Madison and Summit

SHORTHAND.

As many students enrolled in this department of our school as in all the "departments" of some so-called business colleges. The reason is self-evident: J. W. Melchior's experience covers 8 years and Mrs. J. W. Melchior's 5 years, while teachers in other colleges have had no experience. Investigate Tri-State Business College.

THE UNION SAVINGS BANK

Interest paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent. Sells Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit. Municipal Bonds bought and sold. Money Loaned on First Mortgage.

James Secor, Pres. Leander Burdick, Cashier